THE WEATHER.

Fair today, colder in south portion; Wednesday fair.

# THE MORNING STAR

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## WILL CALL EXTRA SESSION APRIL 1ST

**President-Elect Decides on This Date for Convening Congress.**

### MANY BILLS WILL BE READY

**Date Receives General Approval in Congress—Decision Based on Letter From Democratic Leader Underwood.**

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 24.—President-elect Wilson announced today that the extra session of Congress would be convened on Tuesday, April 1st. The Governor declared he had arrived at this decision as a result of a letter received today from Representative Underwood.

"I have waited," said Mr. Wilson, "to learn just what the state of preparedness Congress was in for business for the new session."

The Governor said he had been corresponding with Mr. Underwood in this connection and had come to the conclusion that April 1st was the most feasible date. He intimated that the intervals between March 4th and April 1st might be devoted to caucuses and conferences. Two editors of a Wall Street newspaper called on the President-elect today and urged that financial questions receive his earliest consideration. On discussing his talk with them afterward, Mr. Wilson said: "Everybody is agreed that there should be currency reform as soon as possible."

**Tariff Measures Ready.**

Washington, Feb. 24.—The extra session of Congress which President-elect Wilson today announced would be called to meet April 1st, will find a number of tariff bills ready for its immediate consideration and other general policies mapped out for the new administration. The date received general approval in Congress.

The letter from Democratic Leader Underwood, upon which Mr. Wilson based his decision to convene the session April 1st, was sent after members of the Ways and Means Committee had agreed that it would be possible to perfect several of the tariff bills by that time. Members of the committee today predicted that these measures would consume less than a month in passing the House, and that there would be no marked division of opinion in the committee over the preparation of any of the bills.

The caucus of Democratic House members March 5th is expected to confirm, to serve again, all hold-over Democrats now on the Ways and Means Committee and to fill the Democratic vacancies by retirement of Senator-elect James and Representatives Randall, of Texas, and Brantley, of Georgia. The work thus far done by the committee will be reviewed by the new committee and the bills prepared in detail for submission to a full Democratic caucus immediately after Congress is convened.

An income tax bill is being prepared by Representative Hull, of Tennessee, and probably will be one of the early measures introduced in the House.

Whether currency legislation will be taken up remains a question upon which members of both houses are in doubt, but it is believed that President-elect Wilson and the Democratic managers of the new Congress will let it be known at the outset they want the currency problem taken up as soon as it is possible to agree upon a system of currency reform. If the committees that will work on the subject can perfect the new legislation before the extra session finishes with the tariff, it is expected it will be taken up at once. Impetus was given to the Senate re-organization fight today by the fixing of the opening date for the session. Senate Democrats prominent in the re-organization movement now are canvassing the situation with a view to calling a caucus within a short time to bring matters to a climax. The plan now outlined, to which it is claimed pledges of support have been obtained from more than a majority of Democrats in the next Senate, contemplates the selection of Senator Kern, of Indiana, as permanent chairman of the caucus, the distribution of important committee places equitably among Democrats, leaving the older Senators in control of the chairmanships to which seniority would entitle them and a change of the "conference committee" methods so that the leading members of committees shall not dominate the small conference committees that settle differences between the two houses.

**Wilson Wants a "Team"**

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 24.—President-elect Wilson revealed tonight the state of his mind with respect to the formation of his cabinet and recommendations for legislation at the extra session of Congress to be called April 1st. Announcement of the date of the extra session was made today.

"My thought of the personnel of the administration," explained the President-elect," is to get the best force, impetuous and snap into it, so that it will be a group of fellows that will do team work."

Mr. Wilson said that had not yet been able to complete his cabinet and that he realized the time was growing

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## SAYS PRISON RING DEALS IN PARDONS

**William F. Clark Makes a Bitter Attack on Matteawan Authorities**

### HARRY K. THAW WILL TESTIFY

**Will be Asked to Tell What He Knows in Regard to Recent Attempt to Procure His Release from State Asylum.**

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 24—Harry K. Thaw will be asked to tell Governor Sulzer's committee of inquiry what he knows about the most recent attempt to procure his release from Mattewan State Hospital for the Criminal Insane, where he has been confined for five years for the killing of Stanford White. This announcement by the committee today came after a bitter attack by William F. Clark, former secretary of the committee, upon what he termed "the social prison ring."

Clark, who has been accused of using Governor Sulzer's name without the executive authority in an attempt to bring about the release of Thaw, was permitted to take the stand.

Immediately he launched into an attack upon the prison authorities, including Col. Joseph F. Scott, superintendent of State prisons, and Dr. John W. Russell, superintendent of Matteawan. Dr. James V. May, chairman of the State hospital commission, also was connected with Clark's insinuations. Clark declared that in January information came to him that "the so-called prison ring," which he said was made up of Superintendent Scott and his "immediate underlings", was engaged in a conspiracy to involve the Governor so they "might be retained in their profitable business in brokerage pardons."

He declined to divulge from whom he had received his information, but requested that Thaw himself be questioned.

Accordingly the committee will have a hearing at Mattewan, probably on Thursday, to interrogate Thaw. He will be questioned regarding allegations that the Governor's name was used without authority and also concerning a charge made by Clark that Dr. Russell received $25,000 to bring about Thaw's release, $11,000 of which Clark says Dr. Russell returned.

The committee also plans to examine Thaw's bank accounts.

At today's hearing Col. Scott added his corroboration to that of Dr. May regarding Dr. Russell's assertions that Clark told Russell it "would be pleasing to Governor Sulzer" if Thaw were released. Dr. Russell also described his dealings with John N. Anhut, who, he said, offered him a $20,000 bribe.

The committee decided to summon Alfred Henry Lewis, a magazine writer, who recently visited Thaw; Augustus Roeder, who has been investigating reports that Clark had used the Governor's name without authorization and H. A. Hoffman, a "Poughkeepsie detective," said to be in "Thaw's employ."

Clifford L. Beare, who said he appeared as "Anhut's attorney," announced that Anhut would appear Wednesday when the inquiry will be resumed, and formally deny he had attempted to bribe Dr. Russell.

William F. Clark declared that Col. Joseph F. Scott, superintendent of State prisons and his "immediate underlings," including Dr. Russell, were engaged in a conspiracy to involve Governor Sulzer, "so that they might be retained in office to continue the profitable business in pardons which they had carried on under Governor Dix."

Governor Sulzer told me to go ahead and investigate," Clark continued.

"During my investigation I learned that in the early part of December Dr. Russell sent for Harry Thaw and asked him if he would like to get out. Dr. Russell said: 'You've been making mistakes in the way you have proceeded. Now I will suggest a lawyer for you, and I'll guarantee you'll be out of this place in a very short time.'

"Thaw, acting on the advice of Dr. Russell, handed an agent of Dr. Russell $25,000. Dr. Russell was to release Thaw during the latter part of December, but getting $25,000 seemed to be so easy he decided to make another touch, but a further amount was not forthcoming and Thaw was not liberated. Dr. Russell told Thaw he could not be released for at least six or eight months, and handed back $11,000 of the $25,000 they had originally received."

Clark testified that he received his information from "people intimate with Thaw."

"This fellow Thaw," volunteered Clark, "has been nothing but a human meal ticket for those people."

On the stand Dr. Russell branded as an absolute falsehood any assertion that he "ever received even so much as a penny of Thaw's money."

Col. Scott corroborated statements of Dr. Russell and Dr. May concerning the alleged attempt on Clark's part to bring about Thaw's release "because the Governor wanted it done."

## WILL HAVE TROOPS READY FOR WILSON

**Taft Orders Second Division of the Army to Assemble at Galveston**

### BRINGS NUMBER TO 10,000

**Mexicans in Matamoras Are Demanding Money of Americans—Troops May be Sent Across the Border—Situation.**

Washington, Feb. 24.—Military orders flew thick and fast today in redemption of President Taft's promise to have an army of 10,000 men assembled at Galveston, the most convenient port to Mexico, all equipped for foreign service and ready to execute any order that his successor might choose to issue upon the basis of conditions that will exist after March 4th.

These orders were supplementary to those which left the War Department last week and were calculated to insure assemblage of the Second division of the re-organized army at or in the neighborhood of Galveston.

The completion of the orders to move the entire Second division is intended as further warning to Mexico that there will be no departure from the established policy of preparedness during the remaining week of President Taft's administration.

All plans of the possible sending of troops into Mexico will continue with the same minuteness of detail which would characterize official orders had the present acute condition arisen in Mexico at any time earlier in the strife that has rent that republic since the first uprising against Porfirio Diaz more than two years ago. This course is based on the ground that any cessation in the closing days, or even hours of the Taft administration might be seized hold of by Mexican malcontents as an opportunity for a strike at Americans which could not be adequately overcome should officials here relax their vigilance.

So far the State Department has given little thought to the question of political recognition of the new government in Mexico, inclining to await further developments in the situation, and willing to regard it largely by the recommendations of Ambassador Wilson, whose course so far, under extremely difficult and delicate circumstances, has met with the unqualified approval of the department.

Maj. Gen. William H. Carter, who commands the Second division, was ordered today from Chicago to Galveston. This will be the second time that this officer has had the honor of commanding a complete division of troops within the limits of Texas, the first being in the case of the mobilization of 1911, when the Mexican trouble first became acute.

The Fifth brigade of this division already is moving to Galveston, as is the Fourth field artillery, composed of mountain batteries. The order issued today will set in motion the fourth brigade, the Sixth brigade and the Sixth cavalry.

Brig. Gen. Frederick A. Smith commanded the Fifth brigade, previously ordered to concentrate; Col. Edwin F. Glenn, of the 23rd infantry, will command the Fourth brigade in the illness of Brig. Gen. Ramsey D. Potts, and Col. Arthur Williams, of the 11th infantry, will command the Sixth brigade in place of Brig. Gen. Clarence Edwards, who is under orders for Philippine service. The War Department's estimate is that under these orders there will be concentrated at Galveston between 8,000 and 9,000 infantry, about 800 cavalry and about the same number of field artillery, or a total of nearly 10,000 men.

These troops are widely scattered throughout the Middle States and along the Mississippi river, from the Gulf to Canada. During the maneuvers of 1911 it required two weeks' time to get some of the soldiers to Texas, but it is believed this period can be cut in half at present. Even then the whole Second division will almost certainly be at Galveston or vicinity some time before water transportation can be provided.

The four army transports, all the government owns in Eastern waters, can only carry a brigade at most, and there are three brigades in this division. It will be necessary to charter from 10 to 15 merchant steamers of large size to accommodate the remaining two brigades. The quartermaster's department has a long list of available ships, but as it would cost on an average of $700 a day for each ship to keep ready for service, the War Department has avoided incurring any such large liability, so in all probability it will remain for the next administration to authorize this expenditure if it sees fit.

**Americans Held for Ransom.**

Austin, Texas, Feb. 24.—Governor O. B. Colquitt, at midnight ordered four companies of Texas State militia to proceed to Brownsville with all haste when it was reported to him that Americans had been arrested and held for ransom at the Mexican town of Matamoras, across the boundary from Brownsville, when they refused to contribute money to the officials in charge of Matamoras. The Governor also sent this message to Capt. Head, in

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## OFFICIAL INQUIRY TO BEGIN AT ONCE

**Will Likely Substantiate Government's Version of Madero's Death**

### TENSION IS NOW RELIEVED

**With the Passing of Madero There is a Marked Tendency on the Part of All Classes to Accept the New Order.**

U. S. AMBASSADOR'S VIEW

Mexico City, Feb. 24.—The American ambassador, Henry Lane Wilson, made the following statement tonight regarding the truth of the killing of Madero and Suarez:

"In the absence of other reliable information I am disposed to accept the government's version of the manner in which the ex-President and ex-Vice President lost their lives. Certainly the violent deaths of these persons were without government approval and if the deaths were the result of a plot, it was of restricted character and unknown to the higher officers of the government.

"Mexican public opinion has accepted this view of the affair and it is not at all excited. The present government appears to be revealing marked evidence of activity, firmness and prudence and adhesions to it, as far as I have been able to ascertain, is general throughout the republic, indicating the early re-establishment of peace."

Mexico City, Feb. 24.—A revulsion of sentiment has been caused by the death of Francisco Madero and Pino Suarez, but the great majority of the Mexican people merely shrug their shoulders.

It is likely that there are a few more chapters of tragedy still to be written. The bodies have been removed from the penitentiary, pending the transference of Madero's to the family home at San Pedro de Los Pinos, in the State of Coahuila, and that of Suarez to Yucatan, permission already having been granted.

One afternoon paper in Mexico City denies the stories of the attack on the Madero guard, alleging that the affair was carried out in accordance with pre-arranged plans, but the Mexican government appears honest in its endeavor to place the facts before the world by means of a judicial investigation. This investigation probably will not be concluded for several days.

Already the politicians are turning to the elections. It is said that General Feliz Diaz will have as his opponents in his candidacy for the Presidency Francisco DeLaBarra, the present Minister of Foreign Relations; Rodolfo Reyes, son of General Bernardo Reyes, who was killed in the first attack on the palace, and Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez. Friends have begun a campaign in behalf of these various candidates.

Holding the elections will depend

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## OUTLINES

The annual Rivers and Harbers bill, with several amendments, passed the Senate yesterday.

The stock distribution plan for dissolution of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific merger was criticised in arguments yesterday before the Federal judges who will pass on the scheme.

Orders were issued to additional troops yesterday to move to Galveston, Texas, and President Taft plans to have at least 10,000 men assembled there and ready to execute any order Wilson may issue.

Representative Justice, of Guilford, introduced a bill in the House yesterday designed to compel the railroads to adjust freight discrimination complained of or accept much lower rates on intra-State freights.

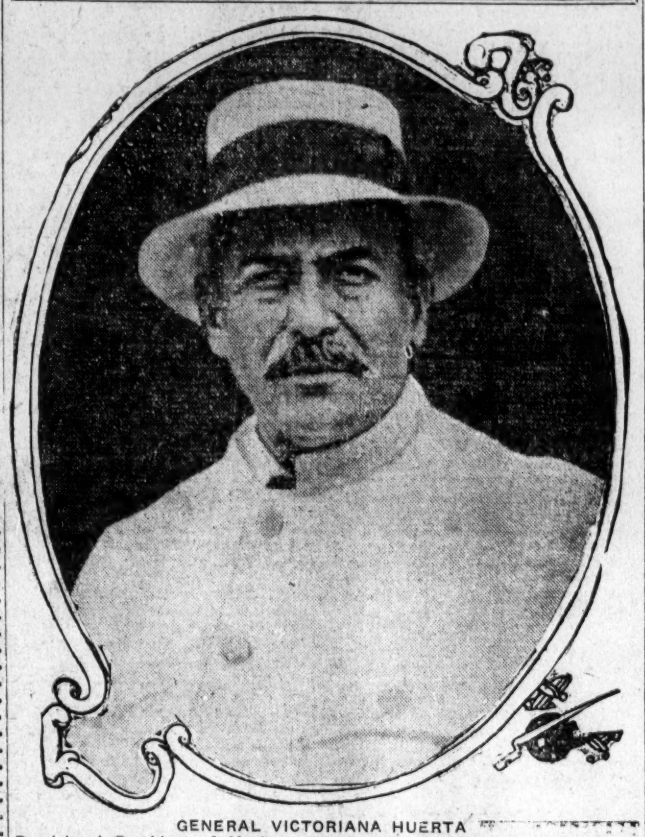
The official investigation into the killing of former President Madero and Vice President Suarez will begin at once. It is believed in Mexico City that it will substantiate the official versions of the occurrence.

After corresponding with Democratic Leader Underwood and ascertaining the preparedness of legislation to come before Congress, President-elect Wilson yesterday announced he would call the extra session April 1st.

Following a bitter attack on the New York prison authorities at Gov. Sulzer's committee's hearing yesterday, it was decided to summon Harry K. Thaw to tell what he knows about the recent attempt to secure his release from Mattewan.

New York markets: Money on call easier, 2 1-2 to 3 per cent; ruling rate 3; closing bid 2 1-4; offered at 2 3-4. Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 12.50. Flour about steady. Wheat steady; No. 2 red 1.10 and 1.12. Corn barely steady, 56 1-4. Turpentine quiet. Rosin steady.

*Holds the Upper Hand Now in Mexico.*



GENERAL VICTORIANA HUERTA

Provisional President of Mexico, who declares the killing of Madero and Suarez was due solely to unforseen circumstances.

## APPROPRIATION BILL PASSES

**Annual Rivers and Harbors Bill Passed by Senate After a Prolonged Fight—Taft Will Likely Veto It**

Washington, Feb. 24.—The annual Rivers and Harbors Appropriation bill was passed by the Senate today after a prolonged fight. Amendments added to the bill by the Senate brought predictions that the measure would be vetoed by the President because they were in direct opposition to his expressed policies. One of those amendments was the Connecticut River Dam bill which had been passed by the Senate a week ago. Senator Swanson, of Virginia, made the prediction that if this feature stayed in the bill the President would veto the measure.

The bill as reported to the Senate from the Commerce Committee carried an appropriation of $48,091,745, an increase of $7,218,787 over the amount authorized by the House. Several amendments adopted by the Senate increased this sum materially and these, together with the committee amendments, will be threshed out in conference with the House.

The bill of Senator Newlands, of Nevada, providing for the creation of a river regulation board to take over all river improvement work, was also adopted as an amendment, after it had once been ruled out on a point of order.

The bill as finally adopted, was attacked in bitter terms by Senators Burton and Owen. Senator Burton declared the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors and the Senate Committee on Commerce owe an apology to a multitude of people for the provision in the bill extending the jurisdiction of the Mississippi river commission.

He said this provision was the opening wedge for the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars annually and while there were some items that were worthy of adoption, there were many others that were not. Senator Owen said the measure had been drawn in a "haphazard manner" and that while he was in favor of improving the waterways of this country, he was opposed to "pork barrel" measures of this kind.

### COLLECTORS OF CUSTOMS.

**No Consolidations, Says Mr. Taft—Senator and Mrs. Overman.**

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 24.—The plan formulated by Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh to consolidate the various custom districts of the country will not be put into effect by President Taft. Senator Smith, of South Carolina, and a number of interested friends called on President Taft today, and the President stated that he would not sign the order to consolidate the customs collectors. MacVeagh's plan is to make one port of entry for each State and put all other collectors and deputies under one office. Had Mr. Taft approved the plan all collectors except Collector Keith, at Wilmington, would have been abolished. Mr. Taft said today he would leave the matter open for Mr. Wilson to act upon.

Senator and Mrs. Overman have been invited to lunch with President and Mrs. Wilson at the White House March 4th. Senator Overman is one of the Senators who has charge of the inaugural ceremonies at the Capitol.

J. M. Allen, of Louisburg, is here.

P. R. A.

## DISSOLUTION PLAN ATTACKED

**Proposed Stock Distribution of Harriman Merger Criticised in Arguments Before Federal Judges at St. Louis**

St. Louis, Mr., Feb. 24.—The stock distribution plan for dissolution of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific merger, which had been agreed upon by counsel for the Harriman lines and Attorney General Wickersham, was criticised here today in arguments before the Federal judges who must pass on the scheme before it can become effective.

The dissolution plan today was placed before the United States Court for the District of Utah, which for this particular purpose, was composed of circuit judges. The judges who heard the arguments and who now hold the outcome of the suit in their hands, were Walter H. Sanborn, of St. Paul; William C. Hook, of Leavenworth, Kas., and Walter I. Smith, of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

The plan argued today was agreed on as carrying out the dissolution decree of the Federal Supreme Court. The Supreme Court, after sustaining the decree of dissolution entered into the lower court, referred the case back to the court of original jurisdiction for enforcement.

Objection to the stock distribution plan was entered in the arguments today by F. W. M. Cutcheon, counsel for the Western Pacific Railway Company. As the Western Pacific was not a party to the original suit, its attorney was allowed to appear today only as a "friend."

The stock distribution plan to which exception was taken by Attorney Cutcheon contemplated that Southern Pacific holdings of Union Pacific shall be offered to the shareholders individually, of the two companies.

"This disposition of the stock," said Attorney Cutcheon, "is entirely unnecessary. The stock just as easily could be placed in the hands of a syndicate and sold to the public. Why was this apportionment of the Southern Pacific proposed? For the purpose of retaining for the Union Pacific some of its present advantages."

The clause in the dissolution plan providing for the exclusive use of the Benica cut-off, the short line between Oakland and Sacramento, Cal., by the Southern Pacific and the Union Pacific, also was denounced by Mr. Cutcheon.

Maxwell Ewarts, counsel for the Southern Pacific, in discussing this phase of the plan, said:

"The Southern Pacific is willing to grant to the Western Pacific whatever rights it now has over the Benica cut-off. These rights the Southern Pacific is willing to perpetuate."

The attorney for the Western Pacific condemned the plan for the exclusive use of the cut-off by the Union and Southern Pacific lines as "tendering opportunities for an evasion of the anti-trust law as completely as could be devised."

Under the dissolution plan, the cut-off, which now is the property of the Central Pacific, is to go into the hands of the Union Pacific and the contract by which the Central Pacific gives the Southern Pacific the right to use the cut-off is to be perpetuated.

Attorney General Wickersham, in explaining the plan to the judges, said he did not think there was danger of monopoly because there was no dominate personality like Harriman in the roads to bring it about. Besides, he said, the Sherman anti-trust law is equal to any emergency.

## RAILROAD RATES AGAIN DISCUSSED

**Representative Justice Introduces "Fighting Measure" in General Assembly.**

### WEBB-KENYON BILL IS DEBATED

**Proposal for Change of Pilotage System—In the General Assembly Yesterday—More Primary Bills Proposed.**

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 24.—Representative Justice, member of the Legislative Commission conferring with railroad officials relative to relieving North Carolina shippers from freight discriminations complained of compared with rates to Virginia cities, introduced in the General Assembly a bill today to prevent exorbitant charges by railroad companies on intra-State freight to be applied under certain circumstances, being a bill designed to compel the railroads to adjust freight discriminations complained of or accept much lower rates for intra-State freights.

The bill directs the Corporation Commission to forthwith readjust intra-State freight rates so that there shall be no higher charge for a short haul within the State than the published rate for longer haul over the same shorter haul route whether the longer haul be inter or intra-State. The introduction of this bill come on the eve of the second conference of railroad officials and Governor Craig and his Legislative Commission on the freight problem of Wednesday of this week and is evidently designed to be considered in connection with this conference. Mr. Justice declares his bill economically and legally correct and insists that his investigations as a special commissioner the past few weeks has revealed conditions adverse to North Carolina shippers wholly intolerable. In his statement to the House he cited the Cincinnati to Virginia cities discrimination in Southern Railway hauls via Paint Rock to Selma, 343 miles in North Carolina. Included in the figures was the 13 1-2 cent rate on grain, Cincinnati to Norfolk via Asheville and Selma compared with the 23 cent charge from Asheville to Selma for intra-State rates.

**Webb-Kenyon Bill.**

The House passed and then reconsidered the vote on a Senate resolution by Ward urging Taft not to veto the Webb-Kenyon bill. It had passed the Senate by a vote of 13 to 19 and had been rushed across to the House, where there was immediate passage and very soon thereafter a successful motion by Devin to reconsider the vote, this being carried 70 to 25. Then a fight began that still pended when recess was taken for the night session.

**Would Change Pilotage Law.**

Representative Mintz, of Wayne, a former Brunswick county man, offered in the House today a bill to amend the lower Cape Fear pilotage act that every one seems to agree has no show for serious consideration at this session. It has no support from either Representatives Bellamy or Kellum or Senator Bellamy.

It would amend the pilotage act so as to require vessels to accept the first pilot offering outside no matter what sort of craft he presents himself in and in cases where vessels come into Southport and then want a pilot up the river the same pilot must be used and after loading at Wilmington if the pilot presents himself, he must be used for the out trip. Also, it would debar from membership on the pilotage commission all persons interested in shipping of any sort.

Representative Bellamy, of Brunswick, says that there is no issue raised in the Mintz bill that deserves consideration that cannot be satisfactorily settled by the pilotage commission and he is decidedly opposed to the bill as are Representative Kellum and Senator Bellamy.

**Liquor Bill Again**

The House tonight passed a substitute for the Senate resolution asking President Taft to not veto the Webb-Kenyon bill, the substitute being by Murphy and merely expressing gratification that North Carolina Congressmen supported the bill and providing that a telegram to this effect be sent the President. Mr. Murphy declared that to call on Taft to not veto the bill would be rank presumption. The Murphy substitute was sent to the Senate and concurred in by that body.

**Member Assaulted**

Representative Long called the attention of the members of the House to the fact that in the early evening Representative S. J. Payne, of Currituck county, was assaulted by E. R. Johnson, a well-known merchant of that county, and his eye and nose much disfigured by a blow dealt him. He offered a resolution that Johnson be arrested by the Sergeant-at-Arms and brought before the bar of the House for punishment for wanton and malicious assault upon the gentleman from Currituck. It was explained that Mr. Payne had introduced a bill to increase the membership of the Currituck Board of Education from three to five and Johnson was here opposing the bill; that Johnson approached Mr.

Payne in the corridor of the capitol when a heated argument arose in which Johnson accused Payne of bad faith and misrepresenting his constituents and being really a Republican. Payne replied that 400 citizens were asking the change along with two of the three members of the present board. Johnson applied the "lie." Payne replied that he was not out calling people liars but that Johnson knew he was telling what was false, and turned away. As he did so Johnson struck him a glancing blow on the brow, eye and nose. This was the case as stated by Payne to friends.

Representative Long informed the House that Johnson was leaving on the 9:15 Norfolk Southern train for home, and the resolution passed directing the Speaker to issue his warrant and have Johnson taken in custoddy before he could get off on the train. It was then 9 o'clock. By 9:30 Johnson was brought into the hall and the resolution read to him. He made answer that he admitted the attack on Payne but denied the manner of assault or that it was wanton or malicious. Speaker Connor named a committee of three Representatives, Long, of Alamance; Doughton, of Allegheny, and Devin, of Granville, to investigate and report a searly as possible. The committee retired and the investigation began at once.

The investigation required a couple of hours. At 11 o'clock, the committee reported that they found the case to be not one showing contempt such as the House should take further notice of; that neither the House nor any committee was in session at the time of the assault; that hot and imprudent words had been passed by both men; that during the investigation Representative Payne and Mr. Johnson became reconciled, and that in the opinion of the committee no further action should be taken. The report of the committee was adopted and Speaker Connor announced that Mr. Johnson was discharged from further custody. He was a member of the Senate from Currituck county in 1909.

The House passed a great number of public local bills including: Authorize Charlotte to take stock in the Charlotte Fair Association. Make proceeds of the sale of the Goldsboro Light plant a permanent fund. Omnibus bill appointing surveyors in various counties. Amend charter of Howard Relief Club, of Wilmington.

Mr. McNair introduced bills out of order for a tax levy in Maxton and for bonded indebtedness by Maxton.

The House adjourned to 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

**House—48th Day.**

The House convened at 11 o'clock.

**Bills Introduced.**

Allred—Provide permanent records for all heirs of deceased persons in the State. Require better depot facilities at Selma; require railroad companies to provide telephone and telegraph lines along all roads.

Killian—Relief of Lincoln graded school district.

Majette—Improve public roads of Tyrrell.

Ross—Good road bonds for Randolph.

Sykes—Relative to jurors for recorder's court at Monroe.

Dillinger—Allow Bessemer City to issue bonds.

Britton—Fix salaries of officers in Bertie.

Rodman—Establish State-wide primary.

Witty—Provide better roads in Rockingham.

Miller—Change salaries of officers in Cleveland.

Murphy—Amend State pharmacy law.

Wallace—Amend charter of Beaufort.

Gatling—Provide Confederate monument in Gates.

Mull—Provide non-partisan board of education for Burke.

Bumgarner—Require notice to county commissioners before introduction of any bills affecting county lines.

Snell—Protect cattle owners in Washington.

Foy—Provide good roads for Pender.

Mintz—Amend Cape Fear pilotage law.

Justice—Prevent exorbitant inter-State freight charges by railroads to be applied in cases where the railroads persist in discriminations against North Carolina by applying lower intra-State rates.

Cappelle—Permit citizens of Nash to vote on removal of county seat to Rocky Mount.

**House Bills Passed Final Reading.**

Regulate pay of jurors and witnesses in Brunswick. Road bill for Iredell. Boad bonds for Granville. Permit Reidsville to borrow money. Maintain bridge in Hoke. Relative to commissioners of Brunswick. Tax dogs in Pamlico. Incorporate town of Simms, Wilson county. Amend charter of Richlands. Bond issue for Monroe. Incorporate Bakersville. Bond issue by Morning Star district, Mecklenburg, for schools. Goods roads for Yadkin. Amend charter of Cherryville. Amend charter of Rocky Mount. Amend charter of the Statesville Air Line Railroad. Bond issue by Brevard. Bond issue by Jonesboro. Good roads for Greenville township. Validate road bond issue for Island Creek township, Duplin county. Incorporate Rose Hill school district.

Senate bills passed the House and ordered enrolled: School bonds for Pineville district, Mecklenburg county. School bonds for Nashville school district. School bonds for Cary High School.

The House defeated 70 to 25 the bill to relieve Avery county from its proportion of the debt for the Mitchell county court house. There was a sharp fight over this bill led by Mr. Burleson, for Avery, on the ground that the obligation is unfair to the people of Avery, and by Buchanan, for Mitchell county, and contending that the people of Avery were attempting to break a solemn pledge.

The House took a recess to 8 o'clock, when the Senate resolution to petition Taft to not veto the Webb-Kenyon bill was taken up as unfinished business.

Representative Justice made a significant statement to the House in connection with his introduction of the bill to prevent exorbitant charges by railroads on intra-State freight, to be applied under certain circumstances. He said:

"My investigation as a member of the special committee appointed by the Governor has revealed a situation with respect to inter-State charges so eminently unjust that it is startling. The correcion of the abuse to which I refer will of itself more than justify all the effort that has been made by the General Assembly and His Excellency, the Governor, with the purpose of correcting the abuses practiced by the railroads in violation of the economic principles announced by this General Assembly that no greater charge should be made for the short haul freight than is made for the long haul where the freight is of a given kind and quantity and where the two hauls are in the same direction and where the short haul is included in the long haul.

"The bill which I introduce, is in my judgment, economically and legally correct. It deals with the purely intransit situation with respect to which this General Assembly has power to legislate.

"Freight passes through North Carolina on long inter-State hauls at charges which discriminate against the State and the inter-State charges over part of the distance that the inter-State freight passed are too exorbitant to be tolerated.

"This position has not been taken by men arbitrarily or without investigation, but is the result of thought and consideration as thorough as I am capable of giving the question, and if I were a member of the North Carolina Corporation Commission I could not do it more thoroughly than I have. This is not a bill introduced in a spirit of retaliation, but is the result of sound judgment after mature deliberation and is to correct what I regard as unjust, exorbitant inter-State charges under cirtain circumstances. It adopts an arbitrary rule for the determination of maximum rates, but the maximum rates proposed to be fixed by the bill are entirely adequate to the railroads for the services rendered.

Mr. Justice gave illustrations of the inter-State freight rate abuses he is endeavoring to correct in rates to Virginia cities from Cincinnati and to North Carolina points from Cincinnati to North Carolina points, the long hauls coming through this State.

**Senate—48th Day**

The Senate convened at 10 o'clock; prayer by Rabbi H. A. Merfeld, of Newbern.

**Bills Introduced**

Hobgood: Amending Revisal relative to gambling by extending to persons testifying immunity from punishment.

Phillips: Authorizing Davidson Commissioners to bring suit to abate a nuisance.

Little, of Wake: Amending charter of North Carolina Agricultural Society.

Little, of Anson: Providing police protection for Ansonville.

Hobgood (by request): Authorizing Guilford to sell Court House site and purchase another for erection of new Court House.

Studdart: Repealing Revisal relative to fishing in Dare.

Pharr: Permitting notaries public and other officers owning stock in building and loan associations to handle papers of the associations.

Hannah: Authorizing Waynesville to furnish water to Hazelwood.

Hannah: Amending Act of 1909 relative to boundaries of land belonging to Southern Assembly.

Nimocks: Authorizing Cross Creek fence Commissioners to pay to Cumberland commissioners any surplus funds on hand.

Allen: Re-chartering Hendersonville.

Hawes: Providing good roads for Pender.

Ward: Joint resolution requesting President of the United States not to veto the Webb-Kenyon bill.

Pharr: Authorizing Charlotte to issue school building bonds.

Pharr: Amending Act of 1911 as to drainage and for protection of health in Mecklenburg.

Pharr: Permitting Charlotte use of a fixed amount of its income for support of Charlotte public library.

Senate bills passed final reading: Legalizing road bond issue in Island Creek township, Duplin county; for additional support for Newbern schools and for bond issue for new building; for road bond election in Person; empowering Belmont to improve streets; Re-chartering Raleigh. Election on commission government; for road bond election in Edgecombe outside the road districts; amending charter of Snow Hill: amending charter of Marshall; authorizing bond issue for Gastonia; incorporating West Bladenboro. Bladen county; road bond issue for Carver's Creek township, Craven; incorporating Hiawassee Valley Railway; amending charter of Elizabethtown, Bladen county; bond issue for Mecklenburg for new jail, bridges and funding floating debt; for Rocky Mount school bond issue; for bonds for waterworks, electric lights and schools in Spencer; extending boundaries of the Southern Assembly.

House bills passed final reading: Amending Dutchman's Creek drainage law; bond issue for Kenly school district; amending charter of Gastonia; Road law for Henderson; changing school tax levy in certain districts of Scotland; special road tax in Mitchell; amending Transylvania road law; road law for Graham; protecting public roads of Lincoln; for working roads of Hertford; for good roads in Bensalem township, Moore county; amending drainage law in Lincoln; road law for Greene; to work all roads by taxation in Guilford; road bond issue in Hamilton township, Martin; for bridge over Mulberry Creek, Wilkes; road bond election in Beaufort; road law in Clay; amending Louisburg township road law; amending charter of Salisbury Railway; road law for Goose Neck township, Martin; road bond issue in Cheowa township, Graham; improve roads in Deep River township, Moore; road bond issue for No. 5 township, Cleveland; road law for Warren; special tax in Beaufort; amending charter of Mt. Gilead; bond issue for city of Washington; establishing water and fire systems in Greenville and to build town hall; establishing graded school in Littleton; for working roads in Granville; for building bridges in Haywood; improve roads in Greenwood township, Moore; amending Laurinburg school tax levy; incorporating Norlina; amending charter of Milton; for street bonds in Oxford; for street bonds in Graham; authorizing Mt. Airy to refund debt for water and lighting plants; authorizing Lenoir to borrow money on railroad stock for roads; road law for Ashe; road bonds for Gates; special tax for Laurinburg

(Continued on Page 3.)

## ..Theatrical..

Stamped with the approval of New York, Chicago and the larger cities of the country, "The Wall Street Girl" is again Blanche Ring's starring vehicle this season and this popular comedienne will be seen in this greatest of her successes at the Academy Thursday night, seats going on sale at Plummer's this morning and with the scale up to $2.

When it comes to singing songs there is only one Blanche Ring. In "The Wall Street Girl" there are fully a dozen tuneful numbers and half of them fall to Miss Ring; among them being "Deedle-Dum-Dee," "I Want a Regular Man", "I Should Have Been Born a Boy" and "Whistle It." Miss Ring has surrounded herself with a chorus of stunning girls who assist materially in making the songs worth while.

Margaret Mayo and Edgar Selwyn are the co-authors of "The Wall Street Girl", while Hapgood Burt is responsible for the lyrics. The music is by the late Karl Hoschna and various others. The piece is in three acts and irrespective of the music and songs would make a consistent and interesting play. James Greens, a Wall Street broker, disappointed in not having a son, brings up his daughter Jemima in mannish fashion. Her interest centers in a business career until she meets Dexter Barton from Nevada. Then she throws her masculine training to the winds and adopts all the fluffs and flounces so dear to the hearts of most women.

Barton has a gold mining proposition to sell and when this is turned down by Greene, Jemima takes a hand and buys a half interest. How the gold mine saves Greene from financial failure and how Jemima falls in love with her mining partner are cleverly worked out by the co-authors.

Featured with Miss Ring is Will Rogers, whose lariat throwing and quaint humor touched New York's and Chicago's funny bone. Among the other principals are Wm. P. Carleton, Paul Porter, Charles Winninger, Elmer Thompson, George Gaston, Kate Wingfield, Lillian Spencer and Alice Sullivan.

**"Princess Iris."**

Mildred and Rouclere, although giving their marvelous and fascinating performance in a comedy vein, really have all the skill of the Thibetan jugglers and Egyptian necromancers; in short, the performance is a combination of the subtle, mysticism of the Orient with the progress of the magical science of Occident. Crude art has been reduced by them to exact science, but there is no effort to impress their audience with heavy scientific teachings, but rather to give them an evening of delightful surprises. The play abounds with novel scenic and electrical effects, pleasing specialties and bewildering illusions all blended together to give three hours of merriment. It is a series of long loud laughs.

The company comprises many artists of note and the entire production has been selected with a liberal and careful hand.

Mildred and Rouclere and their merry company in "Princess Iris" is booked for an appearance here on Friday and Saturday nights, February 28 and March 1st, with a ladies' and children's matinee Saturday.

**Big Offering at Bijou.**

With a Kalem, a Selig and a Vitagraph, each the very latest make and guaranteed the best, the Bijou will indeed make a big and popular offering today in the way of moving pictures, but there will be other swell features, including brand new music and the Bijou's solid comforts. The Kalem is the best thing this noted company has ever turned out. It is "The Buckskin Coat", a powerful drama of frontier days, and it sets forth a gripping story of the pioneers' struggle against the Indians, with a renegade as the chief figure. It is intense and thrilling. It is really a great spectacular photoplay.

The Vitagraph is a superb one for laughs, the merry ha, ha, being served up in snappy fashion from start to finish. It deals with the doings of a newly-rich family, and it is called "Papa Puts One Over". Launched on the sea of society the newly rich bunch wants to get some famous jewels and two crooks try to dupe them, but papa is the goods and turns the tables. It is one of the merriest of all films, and is guaranteed as a big tonic for the blues.

The Selig is also of comedy nature, "Miss Aubry's Love Affair," and it is much of a novelty and a film that should not be missed. In fact, not a single feature of today's Bijou show should be missed, and always bear in mind that the Bijou is the bright and cozy spot, which fits any kind of weather, and is a joy forever. The admission, too, always remains tiny—5 cents afternoon or night.

**Boy Singer is a Wonder**

Harry Harris, the boy soprano of New York, as he is popularly heralded on the vaudeville programmes of the country, opened his engagement at the Grand Theatre yesterday and it is safe to say that no singer ever made a more palpable hit. His song yesterday proved the real sensation of the performance and today he is going to have another that will appeal strongly in the South. It is illustrated and is "Waiting for The Robert E. Lee." Mr. Harris should be heard by all lovers of good vocal music.

In addition to the song there will be four great pictures at The Grand today. Everyone is a feature and two of them are Seligs. One of them is "Poison Ivy" and it is the story of a tramp who gets into all sorts of difficulty with the poisonous weed. The other Selig is "The Clay Industry," a most interesting and helpful study in pottery. This is an educational film and should be seen to be appreciated. Then another strong picture is "Lady Peggy's Escape," a Kalem, that tells the story of marauding soldiers and a beautiful woman of the nobility. The film is one of great strength and strong dramatic action. Then in addition to these three there will be a fourth, just as good, just as interesting, but not announced.

**At the Boys' Brigade.**

The music lovers of Wilmington are manifesting keen interest in the coming of Myron W. Whitney, the great American operatic basso, who was formerly with Mme. Lillian Nordica as her supporting star in her tour of the world which embraced a period of four years and terminated last Spring. It will be remembered that when Mme. Nordica visited Wilmington last year Mr. Whitney was with her and his singing then made a profound impression upon his hearers, many of whom stated that they preferred his singing to that of the great artist, Nodica. His success during the present season has been phenomenal and complete for wherever he has appeared he has been requested to sign contracts for a return engagement. Miss Marguerite Valentine, the celebrated English pianist, who accompanied Mr. Whitney in the concert tour, is said, by musical authorities to be the greatest pianist heard in America this season. Her place on the programme is not simply accompanist, but is equal in every respect to that of Mr. Whitney himself so that those who love piano music when played by a real artist, will have ample opportunity to enjoy this splendid musician. After some corresponding the date for their appearance here has been set for Monday night, March 31st, which is a date which will not interfere with choirs, and is after Easter. Already over half of the tickets have been reserved and this has been without any active canvass. To secure tickets it is simply necessary to telephone to either Mr. Chas. Dushan or Mr. W. R. Dosher who will reserve tickets as wanted. These will be delivered at W. R. Dosher's on Saturday March 29th, at which time they may be paid for and seat selected without any additional charge.

The price of admission has been placed at the low figure of 75 cents, which is about half of the usual price. The tickets are going fast and those wishing them should not delay getting their names in and having their tickets reserved.

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London, Feb. 24.—Matt Wells, the English lightweight, defeated Hughie Mehegan, the Australian champion, tonight, in a 20-round fight at the National Sporting Club. Wells won on points.

## WILL CALL EXTRA SESSION APRIL 1ST

(Continued from Page One.)

short. The possibility was suggested to him that he might not have his cabinet chosen by March 4th, if he meets with declinations.

"I'll have it completed by then, of course," he ramarked quickly.

Mr. Wilson said that while Congress was not restricted to any specific recommendations he would wait to consult party leaders in Washington before determining finally what he would specially lay before Congress in his first message.

"I am thinking of a feasible method of currency reform," said Mr. Wilson, "and, of course, am studying the exact provisions that will go into the tariff revision."

The President-elect said that in his talk with Samuel Compers and Frank Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, earlier today, he had endorsed the principle of the bills providing citizenship for Porto Ricans.

He approved also the principle of the Workingmen's Compensation bill now pending.

With his inauguration only a week off, President-elect Wilson has not yet been able to make a final choice as to the personnel of his cabinet. The lines are admittedly drawn closer and the field is narrowing, but the status of the slate showed incompletion in some of the important posts. By the Governor's most intimate friends it is believed that William J. Bryan will be Secretary of State. It is known that Mr. Bryan and the President-elect are in frequent communication.

No definite announcements concerning the cabinet have come from Mr. Wilson and none will be made until the entire cabinet is selected.

One of the reasons for the President-elect's reticence, it has been explained, is that some men might find it difficult to accept and this might necessitate recasting the slate.

Twenty-Twentieth Century Smokes

of choicest and purest tobaccos—a quality "*distinctively individual.*"

The most popular cigarette before the public today.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15¢


**N. C. TROOPS TENDERED.**

**Adjutant General of National Guard Would Take Guard to Mexico.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 24.—The services of the North Carolina National Guard were tendered to the United States War Department today for service in Mexico, in the event of war, by Adjutant General Young. He requested that the North Carolina Guard be the first designated for this service.

It seems to be not generally thought here that President Taft will take any steps for war with Mexico so near the close of his administration, leaving the problem of dealing with the situation with President Wilson.


**Only One "BROMO QUININE"**

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

(Advertisement.)



# SAID AMERICA TO PARIS: "NO!"

**What About Your Spring Clothes**

Fetching, alluring, entrancing are the fashions this spring! The March Woman's Home Companion is full of them. Page after page glowing with colored pictures of gowns, suits, waists, hats, fabrics and trimmings. And this is only *part* of the March Woman's Home Companion. Get it to-day 15c

**Your Clothes are Telltales**

You would not think of wearing a sign "I am frivolous," or "I am careless," or "I have no judgment"—but that is what you do when you wear the wrong clothes at the wrong time. In dress, the time, the place and the girl must always be considered. Read "A Girl and Her Clothes" in the March Woman's Home Companion and find out what your clothes are saying about you. It's worth 15c

**New Ideas for Parties**

Delightfully novel and original are the parties planned for you in the March Woman's Home Companion. Two of them, at least, you'll want to carry out—"A March Winds Party" and "A Shamrock Party" on page 40. And there are dozens of other good-time ideas for all sorts of parties and entertainments! Get the March Woman's Home Companion to-day! It's full of surprises 15c

**Six Breezy Stories**

There is all the snap and zest and sparkle of a March day in the March Woman's Home Companion's stories. A ghost story; a gypsy story; a story of a girl who set about to reform her father—and then changed her mind; a delightful love story; a story about Olive Hobart, who could not get along with her family and yet dared to undertake "the married woman's trade."

Juliet Wilbor Tompkins, Mary Heaton Vorse and Josephine Daskam Bacon wrote some of these stories—so you know how good they are. Read them for 15c

**American women thought Paris had gone far enough. The glitter of American gold was too enticing to lose. So Paris back-tracked and the 1913 Spring Fashions will be**

Skirts . . . . Less Narrow
Sleeves . . . Fuller
Waist-line . Sensible
Curves . . . . Coming, in moderation

**"Better Babies"**

It isn't enough that you love your baby; make him a sturdy young animal. In Iowa they are judging the babies at the State Fair along with the cattle, corn, fruit and grain. Get the March Woman's Home Companion to-day and read about the movement for "Better Babies." Only one of the many good things you get for 15c

**A Picture for Framing**

You will want to frame the charming full-page picture "Snow White and Rose Red" that is given as part of the March Woman's Home Companion. It's one of a famous series of paintings by Jessie Willcox Smith, who so delightfully pictures child-life. This exquisite reproduction in all the rich colors of the original is yours for 15c

**Your Meals for March**

If any woman in the world knows more about cooking than any other, that woman is Fannie Merritt Farmer. There are days when you don't know just "what to have to eat." That's when you need Miss Farmer. She tells how to concoct delicious, tempting dishes, and gives scores of recipes, besides special menus for every meal in March—Merely a part of the big March Woman's Home Companion—yours for 15c

**What Does Easter Mean**

Exchanging eggs was a custom centuries ago in Russia; in Merrie Old England groups of women used to toss a man three times into the air. Dr. Washington Gladden interprets the observances of many nations in an Easter sermon which you may have, as well as everything else in the March Woman's Home Companion, for 15c

**Rescuing the Orphan Boy**

The Darling children took great joy in pestering the Orphan Boy, but Kewpies whisked them far away and made them work the live-long day. They found out just how Orphans feel—if you'd know more, read Rose O'Neil 15c

# WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

March Number now on Sale

These Wide-awake Dealers Sell it

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Gordon Bros . . . . . 17 Princess St. Rob't C. DeRosset . . . . 32 N. Front St. W. H. Moore . . . . . 14 Grace St.

# AFFAIRS AT STATE CAPITAL

**Several Charters Yesterday—Corporation Commission Investigating Freight Rates—The Complimentary Banquet**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 24.—The Bank of Fallston, Cleveland county, is chartered with $10,000 capital authorized and $5,000 subscribed by W. D. Lackey and others, for savings and general banking business.

Other charters are to the Elks' Home, Incorporated, Salisbury, capital $50,000 authorized and $3,000 subscribed by Norman, P. B. Beard, C. R. Probpst, J. M. Maupin and others for erecting a home for Elks' Lodge No. 699, Salisbury. The Diamond Bottling Co., $25,000 capital authorized and $3,000 subscribed by W. H. Calloway and others for bottling business at Concord.

Members of the Corporation Commission went today to Charlotte for a conference with shippers in gathering evidence to be used in prosecuting the suits the Commission has before the Inter-State Commerce Commission for relief from the discriminatory freight rates given North Carolina shippers compared with rates enjoyed by Virginia cities. Chairman Travis and Commissioner Pell and Secretary Maxwell went to Charlotte and Commissioner Lee remained here to look after office business.

The committee engineering the arrangements for the big dinner here Friday night by Democrats of the State in honor of United States Senator Simmons, Governor Craig and National Committeeman Josephus Daniels, want it understood that this dinner is open to any good Democrats of the State. They say it has been impossible to issue invitations to anything like all who should be included in the list and they want any Democrat of good standing who desires to attend to communicate at once with Mr. B. H. Griffin, Yarborough Hotel, and the arrangements can be readily made for them to attend. The attendance will be limited to the capacity of the banquet hall which is 350 people. Besides the toasts by the guests of honor, there will be responses by Francis D. Winston, on "The North Carolina Spirit; Col. P. M. Pearsall, on "Charles B. Aycock;" A. W. McLean, on "Our Senior Senator;" J. W. Pless, on "Hon. Locke Craig, Governor of North Carolina;" A. H. Eller, on "Mr. Josephus Daniels, National Committeeman;" Cameron Morrison, on "Democracy," and W. M. Bond, on "The Changes of a Decade."

## FROM PENDER'S CAPITAL.

**Much Building Going On—Prison Reform Work—Other Notes.**

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Burgaw, N. C., Feb. 24.—The prospect for considerable building in Burgaw during 1913 seems to be good. Dr. H. B. Thomas is having a lot of extensive improvements made to his dwelling, and when completed he will have one of the handsomest and most conveniently arranged homes in town; he contemplates spending $1,500 in improvements. Mrs. Crutchfield, daughter of Mr. J. T. Bland, will erect a nice dwelling on the lot at present occupied by Mr. Bland's office. Mr. W. D. Brown expects to build a handsome and up-to-date residence on the corner of Walker and Wilmington streets, near the court house. Mr. J. L. Harrell is building a six-room cottage for himself on Wright street, in the same block on which his father, Mr. C. Harrell, has recently put up a similar cottage occupied by himself. The street paving is still going on and the demand is increasing.

At the Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon the usual exercises were omitted, and the school was very much interested in a lecture given by Mr. George W. Crabtree, who is traveling in the interest of prison reform work, under the auspices of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian church. He visits prisons and prison camps, and holds religious services, at the same time noting the general conditions. He spoke of one camp in North Carolina where the men and women all slept in the same tent. Such a condition of affairs is hardly believable. He lectured again last night at the Presbyterian church to a good audience. He travels by private conveyance, having a covered wagon in which he cooks for himself, and also sleeps, when occasion demands. He carries a phonograph for the entertainment of prisoners in jails and camps. The work he is engaged in is a very worthy one, and must result in great good.

Mr. Gilbert Foard was a visitor here Monday in the interest of the Carolina Insurance Company.——Mr. James E. Henry, of the city of Long Creek, was here Monday.

The bill providing for an auditor for New Hanover county, published in Sunday's Star, is a good thing, and it ought to be extended to every county in the State, with modifications as to salary. Such an office would save the counties much more than his salary, if the duties of the office were discharged as laid down in the bill.

The revival at the Methodist church began last night, and will continue all this week.

## A. P. CALDWELL A CANDIDATE.

**Mayor of Lumberton in the Race to Succeed Himself This Year.**

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 24.—Mayor A. P. Caldwell says he is in the race to succeed himself for mayor for the ensuing year and we must say we would like very much to see him re-elected, as it has been Lumberton's custom to give our city fathers two terms. Mr. Caldwell has made us a good mayor and has given his entire time, and all complaints have been considered by him from all sources, and dealt with to the best of his ability. We feel that he has done the very best he could under the circumstances and with what he had to do it with. We think he is progressive and that he can do us more good the coming year than he has the past year. He would have done more had he the necessary means for doing it. CITIZEN.

Wilmington is one city where there is as much doing in the Summer as there is during her golden Winter.

# RAILROAD RATES AGAIN DISCUSSED

(Continued from Page 2.)

to refund floating debt; re-chartering Morganton.

**Ask President Not to Veto**

The joint resolution to send a wire to President Taft asking him not to veto the Webb-Kenyon bill struck a snag when put upon its readings. Several noes were heard upon second reading, and on final reading Senator Evans, of Pitt, opposed on the ground that he did not believe it wise for a Democratic Legislature to make any request of a Republican President, also that it was a very irregular proceeding to mix the different branches of government in that way.

Senator McLean thought politics ought not to be injected, and that the President might be very glad to hear from the North Carolina Legislature. Council supported the resolution, taking the position that the President might still be in doubt on the constitutional question. In reply to a question by Senator Wakefield, he said the Attorney General was sometimes in error. Replying to Senator Evans, he could not recall any precedent. Senator Peterson said the State had done all it could in calling upon the Representatives in Congress and in asking through the Council of State that the President do not veto. Senator Bellamy likewise thought all had been done that could be done. He opposed as a matter of principle and not as opposing the Webb-Kenyon bill. It might be a matter of law that would keep the President from signing.

Senator Gilliam suggested that those Senators who desired to petition might do so without legislative act. Senator Ward said the President had shown himself a great vetoer, and he thought this State's law-making body might ask for nothing to be done to hamper her laws.

Senator Jones, after lecturing Senator Wakefield for trying to call the previous question, offered an amendment requesting the President not to veto any bills until he has heard from the North Carolina Legislature, "and I think," he said, "there is just as much sense in that amendment as in the resolution itself." Senator Jones then moved to table. That shut off debate, and the motion on roll call vote was lost by 13 to 19. Senator Jones then withdrew his amendment and the resolution was adopted and ordered to the House by special messenger.

During the consideration of the anti-trust bill, which was the special order, but not reached until late in the day, the Senate took recess until 8 o'clock tonight, when the consideration of the trust bill will be resumed, after which the search and seizure act will be taken up.

**Senate—Night Session.**

The Senate passed the Justice anti-trust bill with several minor amendments. One amendment that came from the Senate committee strikes out the words: "As much as 50 per centum in quantity" irom sub-section of Section 5, so that it is made unlawful to buy or sell any article to injure or destroy.

Senator Bryant, who had feared that Section 10, inflicting a fine of not less than $1,000 upon any corporation refusing or neglecting to furnish the information required might hurt some of the small industries, he feeling sure that not one of the big corporations would be caught and believing that the amount of the fine should be left to the discretion of the court, yielded his objection on this point. However, he offered an amendment inserting the word "unlawfully" before the words "refusing or neglecting". This Senator Hobgood accepted.

The Weatherspoon search and seizure act as amended by the House was a special order, but went over until Thursday night.

A number of bills were passed including the following: Senate bill establishing standard uniform provisions for health and accident insurance policies. Senate resolution for the appointment of three business men by the Governor to investigate during the vacation the methods of employing State convicts and report to the next General Assembly the advisability of selling all or part of the State farms, with a view to using convicts on the public roads, the committee to serve without compensation save actual expenses. Amend charter of Asheville & East Tennessee Railway.

President Daughtridge named Senators Ward and Jones on the committee to investigate the sale of the Atlantic & Yadkin Valley Railroad.

## TOWN OF ROSEBORO.

**Thriving Place and Desirable Community for Residence.**

Roseboro, N. C., Feb. 24.—Your correspondent has just visited the town of Roseboro, on the A. & Y. railroad, 60 miles from Wilmington, and 23 miles from Fayetteville, and to his surprise he has seen no town in this section make better progress. Its people are the best and as evidence of that fact, she offers as many advantages as any town we know of. Good schools and churches are here. The Baptist people are erecting a nice brick edifice, which will cost several thousand dollars. Also several new brick store buildings are in course of erection, some of which are as large as in Wilmington. As to the surrounding country, it is fine for agricultural purposes. Everything that can be produced in this section can be grown as cheaply here as anywhere in Eastern Carolina, so to any one who wishes to buy a home in Roseboro or the surrounding country, it offers as many advantages as any section we know of. She has a strong bank and several mercantile establishments and many other advantages which are too numerous to mention. The health of the people in this section is as good as anywhere in Eastern Carolina, which means good water and many other things. E. C. WOOTEN.


***Try This Home-Made Cough Remedy***

**Costs Little, But Does the Work Quickly, or Money Refunded.**

Mix one pint of granulated sugar with ½ pint of warm water, and stir for 2 minutes. Put 2½ ounces of Pinex (fifty cents' worth) in a pint bottle; then add the Sugar Syrup. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

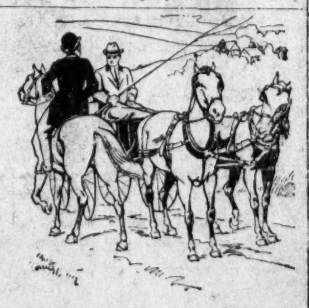
You will find that this simple remedy takes hold of a cough more quickly than anything else you ever used. Usually ends a deep seated cough inside of 24 hours. Splendid, too, for whooping cough, croup, chest pains, bronchitis and other throat troubles. It stimulates the appetite and is slightly laxative, which helps end a cough.

This recipe makes more and better cough syrup than you could buy ready made for $2.50. It keeps perfectly and tastes pleasantly.

Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, and is rich in guaiacol and all the natural pine elements which are so healing to the membranes. Other preparations will not work in this formula.

This plan of making cough syrup with Pinex and sugar syrup (or strained honey) has proven so popular throughout the United States and Canada that it is often imitated. But the old, successful formula has never been equaled.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

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with a wealthy acquaintance will keep our service as nearly as possible cause you no embarrassment if you are riding or driving a horse from our livery stable. We make it a point to up to the standard of a private stable. The result is that on the road you'll meet no one you need take off your hat to.


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our advertising money to the farmers. Help the farmers; all will be benefitted. Help them make this kind of advertising pay by buying drugs, toilet articles and drinks at

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**ACADEMY**

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 27TH.

Frederick McKoy presents

Comedienne who has set the Nation Singing,

BLANCHE RING

In her musical comedy success

"THE WALL STREET GIRL"

Brilliant Production

Blue Ribbon Chorus.

Scale of prices to $2. Seats now selling at Plummer's.

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# SAVED FROM OPERATIONS

**Two Women Tell How They Escaped the Surgeon's Knife by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**

Swarthmore, Penn. — "For fifteen years I suffered untold agony, and for one period of nearly two years I had hemorrhages and the doctors told me I would have to undergo an operation, but I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am in good health now. I am all over the Change of Life and cannot praise your Vegetable Compound too highly. Every woman should take it at that time. I recommend it to both old and young for female troubles." — Mrs. EMILY SUMMERGILL, Swarthmore, Pa.

Baltimore, Md. — "My troubles began with the loss of a child, and I had hemorrhages for four months. The doctors said an operation was necessary, but I dreaded it and decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The medicine has made me a well woman and I feel strong and do my own work."— Mrs. J. R. PICKING, 1220 Sargent St., Baltimore, Md.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, is it not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has the virtue to help these women it will help another woman who is suffering in a like manner?



**WESTERN UNION**

RECEIVERS NO. TIME FILED CHECK

**TELEGRAM**

THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

Any Bell Telephone will connect you with a Western Union Telegraph Office.

Call "Western Union"— *talk* your message over the telephone—it will be sent promptly. The telegram will be charged in your monthly telephone bill.

*There were ninety million Western Union Telegrams sent in 1912*

**THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY**



*DAVID'S*

# Have You Had Your Share?

OUR clearance sales are still in active operation; we're giving our customers a big share of profits on fine clothing, anxious to clean up all the Fall and Winter stocks before Spring goods come.

## Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes are too good a bargain at any time to be neglected; at such a time as this the prices we're making give you so much more for your money, you'd better give it your attention before the opportunity has passed.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| $35.00 Suits at .. | $29.83 | $21.00 Suits at .. | $18.65 |
| $30.00 Suits at .. | 24.65 | $20.00 Suits at .. | 17.83 |
| $27.50 Suits at .. | 22.49 | $19.00 Suits at .. | 16.55 |
| $25.00 Suits at .. | 20.79 | $18.00 Suits at .. | 14.95 |
| $23.50 Suits at .. | 19.87 | $16.50 Suits at .. | 13.39 |
| $22.50 Suits at .. | 19.23 | $15.00 Suits at .. | 12.45 |
| | | $10.50 Suits at .. | 8.39 |

WE ANNOUNCE the arrival of the NEW SPRING John B. Stetson Hats and MANHATTAN SHIRTS.

SPRING SUITS MADE TO ORDER BY SMITH, GRAY & CO. and HART SCHAFFNER & MARX. Prices, $15 up. We give you better STYLE, FIT and WORKMANSHIP at no greater cost.

**The A. David Company**



# The Independent Ice Co.

COLD STORAGE DEPARTMENT,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

¶Ready March 1st, and Now in the Market for 10,000 Crates Fresh Country Eggs.

¶Quote us Lowest Cash Prices on Delivery and Quantity.

Address all correspondence:

WM. E. SPRINGER,

Chairman, Cold Storage Department, Wilmington, N. C.



# Children's Shoes

We have the largest assortment we have ever carried.

Tan, Gun Metal, Patents, Canvass and White Nubuck in high and low cuts.

A pleasure to show you. "Save your cash checks." they are worth 5 per cent. to you.

A Free Shine Any Old Time

7 NORTH FRONT STREET

**Boylan & Hancock**

"The Store Ahead."


# ATLANTIC COAST LINE

**Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective January 5, 1913. Time Not Guaranteed.**

| DEPARTURES: | TO AND FROM | ARRIVALS: |
|---|---|---|
| N. 90, ! 3:40 A.M. | Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 13:20 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M. | No. 91, a 1:00 A. M. |
| No. 51, * 5:35 A. M. | Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars Between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M. | No. 50, *12:20 A. M. |
| No. 64, ! 5:50 A. M. | Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations. | No 65, ! 6:25 P. M. |
| No. 48, * 8:30 A. M. | Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York Trains with Pullman Service. | No. 49, * 6:15 P. M. |
| No. 53, * 8:45 A. M. | Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford | No. 52, * 8:05 P. M. |
| No. 55, * 3:15 P. M. | Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Columbia. | No. 54, * 1:40 P. M. |
| No. 62, * 3:25 P. M. | Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate Stations. | No. 63, *12:50 P.M. |
| N. 59, ! 6:30 P. M. | Fayetteville, Sanford and Intermediate Stations. | No. 60, !10:15 A. M. |
| No. 43, * 6:45 P. M. | Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington, and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman and Dining Car Service. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk. | No. 41, *10:00 A. M. |
| No. 57, ! 7:30 P. M. | Chadbourn, Conway and Intermediate Stations. | No.58, ! 8:15 A. M. |

* Daily. ! Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., can 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

## SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

**In Effect October 29, 1912.**

**Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.**

| EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Winter Park | EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for Wrightsville | EAST BOUND. Leave Wilmington for The Beach | WEST BOUND. Leave Winter Park for Wilmington | WEST BOUND. Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington | WEST BOUND. Leave The Beach for Wilmington |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| * 6:30 A. M. | * 6:30 A. M. | * 6:30 A. M. | * 6:27 A. M. | * 6:15 A. M. | ..... |
| 6:55 " " | 6:55 " " | ..... | 7:37 " " | 7:25 " " | ..... |
| ..... | ..... | ..... | * 8:07 " " | * 7:55 " " | * 7:45 " " |
| * 8:00 " " | * 8:00 " " | ..... | * 8:42 " " | * 8:30 " " | ..... |
| ! 8:00 " " | ! 8:00 " " | ! 8:00 " " | ! 9:07 " " | ! 8:53 " " | ! 8:45 " " |
| * 8:30 " " | * 8:30 " " | * 8:30 " " | ! 9:37 " " | ! 9:25 " " | * 9:15 " " |
| ! 9:30 " " | ! 9:30 " " | ..... | !10:12 " " | !10:00 " " | ..... |
| 10:00 " " | 10:00 " " | 10:00 " " | 11:07 " " | 10:55 " " | 10:45 " " |
| 11:30 " " | 11:30 " " | 11:30 " " | 12:37 P. M. | 12:25 P. M. | 12:15 P. M. |
| o 1:00 P. M. | o 1:00 P. M. | o 1:00 P. M. | 2:07 " " | 1:55 " " | 1:45 " " |
| 2:00 " " | 2:00 " " | ..... | * 2:42 " " | * 2:30 " " | ..... |
| x 2:30 " " | ..... | ..... | x 3:10 " " | ..... | ..... |
| 3:00 " " | 3:00 " " | 3:00 " " | x 3:45 " " | ..... | ..... |
| x 3:30 " " | ..... | ..... | 4:07 " " | 3:55 " " | 3:45 " " |
| x 4:00 " " | ..... | ..... | x 4:40 " " | ..... | ..... |
| 4:30 " " | 4:30 " " | 4:30 " " | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| x 5:00 " " | ..... | ..... | x 5:15 " " | ..... | ..... |
| ..... | ..... | ..... | 5:37 " " | 5:25 " " | 5:15 " " |
| 5:30 " " | 5:30 " " | ..... | 6:12 " " | 6:00 " " | ..... |
| 6:10 " " | 6:10 " " | ..... | 6:52 " " | 6:40 " " | ..... |
| 6:40 " " | 6:40 " " | 6:40 " " | 7:42 " " | 7:30 " " | 7:20 " " |
| 7:10 " " | 7:10 " " | ..... | 8:07 " " | 7:55 " " | ..... |
| 8:30 " " | 8:30 " " | 8:30 " " | 9:37 " " | 9:25 " " | 9:15 " " |
| 10:00 " " | 10:00 " " | ..... | 10:42 " " | 10:30 " " | ..... |
| 11:15 " " | 11:15 " " | ..... | 11:57 " " | 11:45 " " | ..... |

**Special for Saturdays and Sundays.**

Leave Wilmington every half hour from 2:00 until 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 until 5:45 P. M.

Cars marked (*) do not run on Sundays.
Cars marked (!) run Sundays only.
Cars marked (x) superceded by half-hour schedule Saturdays and Sundays.
Cars marked (o) leave at 1:10 P. M. Saturdays.

**Freight Schedule.**

Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ninth and Orange Streets 3:00 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:00 to 3:00 P. M.


**Clyde Steamship Company**

to

NEW YORK

and

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship "Navahoe," Fri., Feb. 14, 1913.
Steamship "Cherokee," Fri., Feb. 21, 1913.

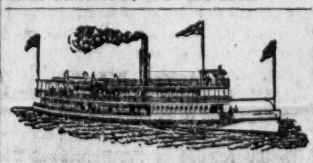
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship "Cherokee," Sat., Feb. 15, 1913.
Steamship "Navahoe," Sat., Feb. 22, 1913.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship "Navahoe," Mon., Feb. 17, 1913.
Steamship "Cherokee," Mon., Feb. 24, 1913.

Steamship "Cherokee" does not carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight, apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Sup't., Wilmington, N. C.
H. R. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
W. H. RAYMOND, V.-P and G. M.



HARPER LINE STEAMERS.

Steamer will leave Wilmington daily (except Sunday) for Southport and Fort Caswell 9:30 A. M. Leaves Southport 2:30 P. M.
se 8 tf.

**J. F. LEITNER**

ARCHITECT

27-28-29 Carroll Building

**BURETT H. STEPHENS**

ARCHITECT

38-39-40 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.



# SEABOARD

**Air Line Railway**

Schedule Effective January 5th, 1913.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

No. 45—5 A. M., arrive Hamlet, 9:05 A. M. Leave Hamlet, 9:25 A. M.; arrive Charlotte, 12:10 P. M. connects at Hamlet with trains Nos. 66 for Raleigh, Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North, and with No. 81, for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points South. At Monroe with train No. 53, for Atlanta.

DAILY SLEEPER ON NO. 45 TRAIN FOR CHARLOTTE. OPEN FOR OCCUPANCY AT 10 O'CLOCK P. M.

No. 39.—3:05 P. M., arrive Hamlet, 7:35 P. M.; leave Hamlet, 8:00 P. M.; arrive Charlotte, 11:30 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa. Also Norfolk, Richmond and All Points North. Pullman chair car between Wilmington and Charlotte.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

No. 40—12:30 P. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

No. 44—12:10 A. M. from Charlotte and intermediate points.

For further information, call on or telephone

CLAUDE MURRY, Union Ticket Agent. 'Phone: 1294.

F. A. PETTER, C. A., 'Phone 178, Orton Hotel.

JOS. R. COOKE, City Ticket Agent.

H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

**W. B. & S. R. R.**

Schedule in Effect Thursday, Sept. 8, 1912.

| P. M. | | A. M. |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 Lv | Wilmington | Ar. 8:15 |
| 4:05 " | Town Creek | " 7:20 |
| 4:20 " | Bolivia | " 7:05 |
| 4:55 Ar. | Southport | Lv. 6:30 |

Mixed train operated daily except Sunday Leaving Navasso at 8:30 A. M., arriving Southport 10:35 A. M. Leaving Southport 11:20 A. M., arriving Navassa, 1:15 P. M.

H. E. GOODWIN, Traffic Manager.

del-tf

**N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western**

Quickest and BestLine West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.

Schedule in Effect May 12, 1912.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Lv. Norfolk | 8:30 a.m. | 8:00 p.m |
| Lv. Petersburg | 11:00 a.m. | 10:40 p.m |
| Lv. Durham | 7:00 a.m. | 5:30 p.m |
| Lv. Lynchburg | 2:40 p.m. | 2:50 a.m |
| Ar. Cincinnati | 7:20 a.m. | 6:25 p.m |
| Ar. Columbus | 6:45 a.m. | 6:25 p.m |
| Ar. Chicago | 5:00 p.m. | 7:30 a.m |
| Ar. St. Louis | 6:33 p.m. | 8:30 a.m |

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city, or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates, or advertise anything foreign to their regular business, without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

Tuesday, February 25, 1913.

Every county in eastern North Carolina ought to organize a progressive union.

Mexican bands are still roving around and from now on it is expected that they will play Old Harry.

"It is said Wilson never forgets faces," says the Atlanta Constitution. Nevertheless, he also never makes any promises.

It is announced that Mary Garden is growing thinner. That will compel her to put on some clothes so people can't notice it.

The turpentine output of the world exceeds 25,000,000 gallons a year, the United States being the greatest producing country.

According to the law of gravitation "what goes up must come down," but it looks as if the high cost of living is an exception to the rule.

The Jacksonville Times-Union suggests a reunion of "the original Wilson man". Even late arrivals on the band-wagon would be there with sworn credentials.

If suffragettes all over the country are going to get the habit of hiking the hiker's hat will have to be included in the fashions. It will have to be shaped something like a Japanese umbrella.

Those who oppose the sale of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad by the State should get busy, for the chances are that it will be solid unless there is a mighty kick.—Durham Herald.

The sensible girl no longer boasts that she never cooked a meal in all her life. It is an acknowledgment that she knows nothing about what is now a branch of science. The Empress of Germany boasts that she is the best cook in the Kaiser's empire.

The future of commerce in the South ought to be reassuring since, the exports from this part of the country increased from $484,652,000 in 1900 to $769,679,000 in 1912. Including imports, the South more than doubled its commerce in twelve years.

Come, gentle Spring, with the scent of woodland flowers wafted on the breeze, Dump the icy Winter from your lap, for goodness gracious only knows, The distempered wretch has not done a thing but make us wheeze and sneeze—Go, thou Winter of our discontent, go wrapped in your Arctic snows, The only bouquet people have for you is the bloom they have upon their nose.

Assemblyman Meyer Greenberg, of the New York General Assembly, has resigned, because it was made plain by the decision of a court that he was counted in and his certificate of election was tainted with fraud. A re-examination of the ballots cast proved that he had been counted in by hascally election inspectors. If Greenberg's skirts are clean he ought to join the officials in putting his friends in the penitentiary.

The South Georgia people are going to celebrate an event every way worthy of it. The Andersonville-Thomasville chain of good roads, covering a stretch of 200 miles of fine highways, has been completed, and the people all along the line are enthusiastic over its immense benefits to several counties which joined in the enterprise. The Duplin Enterprise is everlastingly right when it declares that the proposed Wilmington-to-Goldsboro Highway must not be allowed to go to sleep.

## OPENING THE WAY TO A MARKET

The Savannah Morning News tells us that Liberty and Wayne counties are shoulder to shoulder in their purpose to construct an improved highway to make direct connection with Savannah. It is to be known as the Jesup-Savannah Highway. The News, in commending the enterprise, remarks:

"Liberty and Wayne counties are shoulder to shoulder in their work for a new and direct good road connection with Savannah, to be known as the Jesup-Savanah Highway. The section of it that will run through the undrained land bordering the Altamaha river presents a problem, but that the problem will be solved can not be doubted in view of the plans of the two counties. Wayne will aid Liberty in the work. That is the proper spirit. The two counties recognize that their interests in the building of the road are in common and so they are working as one for it."

The sections which are seeking an outlet to Savannah are farming communities, and any practical person can divide their purpose. They propose to provide the most economical way to reach a ready market for their products. What are their farming products worth without a market? They certainly are not worth much, if it severely taxes the farmers to get their products to market. If, however, it pays the farmers to haul their products to market over bad roads that cause loss of time and heavy repairs, it will pay them better to haul them more economically over good roads. They not only save time and repairs, but their greatest saving will result from their being enabled to haul larger loads with their teams. The farmer must always count the cost of his transportation to the markets, and if he can cut that cost to a minimum it will add to his profits on his farming operations. If, therefore, good roads enable farmers to save money, their farms will be more profitable. When farming becomes more profitable it increases land values and assures the prosperity of a community.

That is not all, however, for nothing so contributes to the betterment of rural life than good roads. The people secure better communication with their markets, their school houses, their churches, and with eachother. Rural neighbors very frequently need eachother in emergencies, so there is nothing that contributes more to the advantages of a community than good roads and telephones. Good roads will make the way for other advantages, not the least of which is that they pave the way for more settlers and build up more populous neighborhoods. However, the day for using arguments for good roads is about passed, for there isn't a farmer that would not pay more for land on a good road than he would for land in a community that has no outlet to a market or anywhere else. Consequently farmers are interested in good roads from an investment point in view, as thus emphasized by our esteemed Savannah contemporary:

"Farmers everywhere are recognizing the fact that good roads actually save them money. The proposed Jesup-Savannah Highway is not to be primarily an automobile road for the pleasure of a few. The plan to build it is a business one. It is not to be built merely to find a place to spend the money of the counties through which it passes. Bad roads handicap the farmers and every one else who is compelled to use them."

The fact is, rural communities are concerned in the construction of good roads for the same business reasons that isolated towns desire railroad connection with the outside world. When the eastern counties of North Carolina get connected up with a network of good roads this section will be the most attractive portion of the South for homeseekers. All its other advantages and adaptibilities will make it so.

## TREACHERY TRIUMPHS.

The expected happened on Sunday to Francisco I. Madero, deposed President of Mexico. He was shot to death, just as was his brother, Gustavo Madero, a few days ago. The brutal murder of his brother prepared us to believe that the betrayed President would have little chance of geting out of Mexico alive. His betrayal into the hands of General Felix Diaz, the 18th of February, was due to the treachery of those upon whom Madero depended to protect the government when the revolt in the capital resulted in the release of the imprisond Diaz who was to lead the most infamous attack ever made upon a helpless city.

The Maderos are the victims of a brand of treachery that will shock the world. We cannot fancy any peace in Mexico so long as the Maderos have friends to seek revenge upon those who betrayed him into the hands of his enemies to be shot to death under such pretexts as have been imposed upon the public. The story of the brutal slaughter of Gustavo Madero last week was ill disguised and the stories given out by the provisional government in the city of Mexico were believed nowhere. Neither will the world accept the government's version of the cruel assassination of the ill-fated President who little dreamed of the treachery with which he was surrounded by those he trusted.

The government at Washington feared such a horror as that which took place in the brutal shooting of the former President and Vice President on Sunday, for steps were taken last week to impress upon those in authority that this country would insist upon fair play for the deposed President. That action upon the part of President Taft and his cabinet reflected the profound sentiments of the American people without regard to party, and now that the revolting tragedy of Sunday has been enacted in the face of this Nation's protest, no respect can be entertained by a civilized people for the delinquent provisional government that had the power to protect those who were at its mercy.

This country deplores the savagery which has been displayed by the men who have overthrown Madero and his government. Summary reprisals and proscription have been the answer to the patience and forbearance of this country towards the Mexican belligerents. Its vigorous representations to Provisional President Huerta have been without effect, and there is little to expect of the new rulers of Mexico who have brought disgrace and mistrust upon their administration at the very beginning.

The last man in the world to countenance the slaying of the Maderos and the members of his government was Felix Diaz. Only a few months ago at Vera Cruz, Diaz was captured in an effort to overthrow the Madero government. Under the laws he was subject to summary execution, and it was in Madero's power to have had him shot in accordance with the sentence of a court martial. The Washington government appealed in behalf of Diaz, and Madero spared him only to give him the opportunity to lead a revolt that has shocked the civilized world.

Diaz was rescued from prison February 9th, and, by the 18th, he was in complete control of the government of Mexico through the treachery of Generals Blanquet and Huerta, commanders of the Federal troops. Diaz had the power to save Madero like Madero saved him, but he has permitted and probably instigated one of the most revolting crimes ever committed in the civilized world. Diaz's triumph is the triumph of treachery.

## COTTON EXPERIMENTS OF 1911.

A few days ago we referred to the organization of a cotton breeders' association by the farmers of Georgia. Their work will be along the line of that followed so successfully by the government experimenters in 1911 under the auspices of the United States Department of Agriculture. Recently the government gave out many interesting facts relative to the efforts to improve the several varieties of cotton grown in the South, with a view to ascertaining the variety best qualified to resist attack from the much dreaded boll weevil. Under the head of "Breeding New Varieties of American Upland Cotton," the report goes on to say:

"Several of the varieties that have been originated by this department and sent out through the office of Congressional seed distribution are gaining in popular appreciation and agricultural utility. The distribution of seed is being continued in order to permit more thorough testing and more general adoption of the varieties as far as they prove superior to other sorts.

"The Columbia cotton, an early long staple type originated several years ago in South Carolina by Dr. H. J. Webber, proves to be well adapted to large areas in the eastern part of the cotton belt. The advance of the boll weevil has reduced the production of long staple upland cotton in Mississippi and Louisiana, resulting in an acute demand for this type of fiber.

"The action of State quarantine laws against the importation of cotton from sections infested with the cotton boll weevil and the high prices realized by eastern growers of the Columbia variety have stimulated interest in this variety to the extent that all the available supplies of good seed have been exhausted for some time. Special efforts are being made to preserve the uniformity of this variety by growing new supplies of seed under conditions of isolation from other cotton and by more effective co-operation in the work of selection.

"The Lone Star variety, another selection from the Texas big-boll type, is receiving wide distribution in Texas and other weevil infested States and is giving satisfactory results. If adequate provision can be made for maintaining the uniformity of the stock by selection, the variety is likely to become as important as the now famous Triumph cotton, or perhaps even more so. The two varieties are quite similar, and under some conditions are not easily distinguishable. In other places the Lone Star shows distinct element of superiority in the larger bolls, longer lint and especially in the greater ability of the plants to maintain an erect position instead of becoming prostrate, as the Triumph cotton often does when it makes a luxuriant growth and fruits abundantly. The Lone Star has less tendency than the Triumph to shorten the lower fruiting branches.

The several varieties of cotton improved by the government have been tried in the Atlantic portion of the cotton belt. Some farmers have succeeded in breeding experiments along government lines and fine results have been secured. However, it depends upon the farmers to observe the precautions and keep up the several strains. It is an interesting process and is of incalculable importance to the cotton growing industry of the South. Every farmer can help if he will endeavor to do so.

## THE PILOTAGE MATTER

We sincerely hope the North Carolina General Assembly will tolerate no legislation disturbing the present very satisfactory system of pilotage on the lower Cape Fear river. It has been not so long ago that every session of the Legislature was burdened with a pilotage fight of some kind from Wilmington and Southport. The present act was finally passed and so far as we have ever been able to gather, it has worked most satisfactorily and advantageously to all concerned and to the twin ports of the Cape Fear. In these closing days of the session, there should be no patience with ill-considered legislation along this line, especially when there is no demand for it.

## AS TO ROBBERIES

Editor Star: I will appreciate it if you will give space in your valuable paper for the publication of a short letter to the City Council and citizens as well. The nuisance, to say nothing of the great danger imposed on the people of Wilmington by the frequent occurrence of burglary, is well-nigh unbearable and positively disgraceful to any highly-enlightened community. The nightly and also daily occurrence of housebreaking in this city, is a condition that no civilized community should tolerate and it can be greatly decreased, if not broken up. If the City Council will not become more interested in the matter, it is time the citizens do; for there is no more harrowing experience than to lie down to sleep at night and expect to be visited by a dangerous brute and then realize your expectations. The city should buy at least two well-trained bloodhounds. The negro who entered my residence Sunday morning could easily have been captured, as the dogs could have been on his trail in five or ten minutes. I appeal to the citizens of Wilmington; let's break the nuisance and danger up, and if the city will not buy the hounds, let the people buy them by private subscription and let us have the facilities for running down these disturbers of peace and safety. No one wishes to be arcused in the night or morning to contend single-handedly with a dangerous and most surely armed intruder, who has all the advantage.

The condition is disgraceful as well as alarming, and if the Council cannot or will not take steps immediately in the matter, I would like to be one of the people to take hold of the situation and try and devise some plan to protect ourselves. If necessary put more guards on for a while and require every street to be gone over.

W. H. JOHNSON.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

A Raleigh special to The Observer today gives details of the plan adopted by the legislative finance committee for raising an increased revenue by an entirely new assessment of taxable property. The plan will attract attention—and it will raise a cup-taking kick. There is no doubt at all that much additional revenue might be raised by a reassessment ordered for that purpose, but it might be disturbing to the business, commercial and political interests of the State. The opinion of The Observer is that a bond issue would be the better solution of the financial problem. It might be scarcely less popular than a reassessment, but one of the two means must be resorted to. The taxes of the State have been but recently assessed and it might be better to let the assessment stand for a season and meet the emergency by bonds. Any way one takes it, the Legislature is in for a "cussing."—Charlotte Observer.

The Chronicle hopes that the General Assembly will pass the Kellum road measure, which is modeled after the plan proposed and endorsed by the North Carolina Good Roads Association at its session here several months ago. This measure provides for State aid to counties in road construction by the issuance of $30,000 in bonds semi-annually for 41 years at 4 per cent, the proceeds from these bonds to be loaned to the counties, which will give as security their bonds at 5 per cent, the one per cent being put aside as a sinking fund to retire the bonds. The State is in better position to market bonds than are the counties, because it is financially stronger and for the further reason that a few large issues of bonds can be handled to much better advantage than many smaller issues. The State can get as much for four per cent bonds as the counties can get for five per cent and the difference will retire the bonds, so that the only cost of the roads built by this means would be the interest on the bonds until the sinking fund retires the bonds. The plan is an excellent one and after it is tried the next Legislature or the one following may find it feasible to largely increase the issues to the end that the counties or the State may improve their highway systems as rapidly as they desire.—Charlotte Observer.

## RESTORES PLEASING PLUMPNESS

**Samose Sold Under J. Hicks Bunting's "No Cure No Pay" Plan.**

There are a good many poeple in Wilmington who ardently wish they could find some way of getting fat and plump. While not ill, yet they are so thin and scrawny that their friends think they cannot be well. In nine cases out of ten this condition can be readily overcome by using the cambination of flesh-forming foods known as Samose. This little tablet taken three times a day with the food does wonders in building up good health and restoring the pleasing plumpness that is so desirable.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., is the agency for this preparation and sells it with the promise that if it does not do all that is claimed for it in making people gain in weight and in health, the money will be refunded.

You certainly can afford to try a 50c box on this plan, as Samose will cost you nothing unless it gives satisfaction. (advertisement.)

**Yes. They're Going Fast**

Before many days it will be eternally too late to get a Star Parcel Post Map. Clip the coupon elsewhere in today's paper.

Parcels Post Schedules

—WITH—

WILMINGTON ZONE MAP

For the Benefit of Our Friends and Patrons, this Bank is distributing FREE Upon Application PARCELS POST SCHEDULES showing Zones from Wilmington.

Apply in Person or by Mail.

The Southern National Bank

RESOURCES . . . . . $2,000,000.00

## FLUSHED CRAP SHOOTERS.

**Sheriff Returns From Red Springs With Five Negroes.**

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., Feb. 24.—Sheriff Lewis returned from Red Springs tonight to which place he was called this afternoon, bringing five negroes charged with gambling. Nine arrests were made, but four gave bond. The arrests were made Saturday night when officers raided a negro gambling den. When the officers appeared on the scene several negroes began shooting at them and then flew through the windows. While none of the officers were injured, three of them had hairbreadth escapes.

**Yes. They're Going Fast**

Before many days it will be eternally too late to get a Star Parcel Post Map. Clip the coupon elsewhere in today's paper.

DIDN'T THINK COULD LIVE

Mrs. Mitchell Was Given Up to Die—Health Had Been a Wreck for Years.

Morganton, N. C.—"My health had been a complete wreck for years," says Mrs. C. C. Mitchell, of this city.

"When I was only 16 years old, I commenced to suffer. I caught cold, and it went into a fever.

"I stayed in bad health, and though I used all kinds of medicine, I got no relief, until I tried Cardui, the woman's tonic.

"Cardui cured me. It is the best medicine I ever used. I cannot praise it enough.

"Then, some time ago, I was taken down again very bad. The doctors all said I could not live, and they gave me up. I used Cardui, and was greatly relieved. Now I am entirely well.

"Cardui is a good medicine, and worth its weight in gold! I will keep it in my home all the time, as I do not want to be without it."

If you are weak, worn-out, or suffer from any of the pains peculiar to women, such as headache, backache, pains in sides, or limbs, or any other symptoms of womanly trouble, you should begin taking Cardui, the woman's tonic, without delay.

It has benefitted more than a million women in the past half century, and it will help you, too.

Try Cardui.

N. B.—Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co.; Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper.

(Advertisement.)

N. M. Culbreth, M. D., D. D. S.
N. A. Culbreth, D. D. S.

DENTAL

JUST BRUSHING THE TEETH.
is not sufficient to keep them in good condition. No brush or tooth-cleansing preparation will remove the tartar that forms and destroys the enamel.

PREVENTION OF DECAY
is better than much dental work later on. Bring the children here occasionally and have us clean their teeth as brushes cannot do it.

Drs. Culbreth & Culbreth,
Front and Princess.

## STORES FOR RENT

The two stores in the Market on Front street will be rented at public auction, at 12 o'clock, noon, Monday, March 3rd, at the Market House.

JOS. D. SMITH,
Tues. Fri. Sun. Mayor.

My, Isn't That Fine Bread?

That's what everyone says of bread made from *Daniel Webster Flour.*

Made for people who want something better than the ordinary flour. Costs more per barrel, but cheapest in the end, because you can produce more and better bread from it. Delicious, palatable.

The supreme product of milling perfection.

Eagle Roller Mill Co., New Ulm, Minn.

DANIEL WEBSTER FLOUR

FOR SALE BY LEADING GROCERS.

THE CORBETT COMPANY, Distributing Agent.

The Casciquin Family Liniment

Aching joints; overworked muscles; bruises or contusions; stiff neck; migratory pains in limbs; sprains; aching feet or ankles; swellings; all such afflictions are promptly relieved by rubbing the affected part with Casciquin Family Liniment.

The various elements entering into this wonderful Liniment have been so wisely chosen, so accurately gauged, so skilfully mingled that a perfect "balance" between its several activities is obtained. Thus it stimulates the exterior blood vessels without super-irritation of the skin; it allays pain and tranquilizes agitated nerve centers without stupefying them and, being promptly absorbed, exercises a positive healing and restoring influence upon the muscular and cellular tissues.

Price by mail, postage paid, 25 cents per bottle.

We also manufacture the CASCIQUIN UNGUENT, a salve that will heal almost any kind of sore or erruption; and THE CASCIQUIN CURE FOR THE DRINK HABIT, each unrivalled in its own peculiar field of beneficent action.

Drop postal for free booklet relating the history of CASCIQUIN MALARIA REMEDY, a positive Specific for every form of Malarial Poisoning.

The Casciquin Chemical Co.

Lock Box S, Station B, WASHINGTON, D. C.

(Refer by permission to the First National Bank of Wilson, North Carolina.)

Your Bank Account

will help you to save money; will create the desire to accumulate for future needs; will stimulate your ambition; enable you to make investments; put system and order into your personal affairs—and what is more, it will help mould your Character; strengthen your Will and give you standing with merchants and other business men.

No man can afford to be without a Bank Account. It is the foundation of Success.

We shall be glad to have your account.

Four per cent compounded interest paid at the

Home Savings Bank

115 No. Front St. Orton Bldg.

We Have Recently Opened Up a Nice Line of

DINING :: ROOM :: FURNITURE

Sideboards, Buffets, China Closets, Tables, Chairs.

Let Us Show You.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

126—128 PRINCESS STREET.

# THE RECORDER'S COURT

**M. G. Gurganus and Wife Found Guilty of Retailing and Appealed, But Will Likely Serve Sentence. Negro Wife Beaters.**

Yesterday's Recorder's court was a long-drawn-out affair, lasting until after 1 o'clock. The biggest case was that against M. G. Gurganus and wife, charged with selling whiskey. They were convicted and the man sentenced to three months on the roads, and his wife to six months on the farm. Through their attorney, Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., they gave notice of appeal and bond was fixed at $250 in each case.

Later in the day they decided to withdraw their notice or appeal and serve their time. The direct evidence against them was furnished by Henry Smith and Thomas Jones, two colored men who were corroborated by Special Officer H. Mack Godwin and Plainclothesman Leon George. Smith testified that he bought a half pint in the Gurganus store, 11th and Campbell streets, Saturday morning, from Mrs. Gurganus, and two half pints Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Gurganus both testified that Smith had been in their store, that he had asked for whiskey, that he was told he could get it in Richmond, and that this was the extent of their conversation with him. They swore emphatically that they had not sold whiskey to Smith or any one else; and two negro women in the store at the time the alleged sale is said to have taken place, swore that Smith got no whiskey.

William J. Bellamy, Esq., appeared for the defense, and in his speech to the court, denounced the practice of paying $50 a month to negro detectives to go about and frame up deals like this against white people. He said it was prohibition fanaticism run to seed. Assistant City Attorney Peschau took Mr. Bellamy to task for what he termed his extreme statements and delivered a strong speech for conviction. The court thereupon announced the judgment and sentence.

Mr. and Mrs. Gurganus have a small grocery at 11th and Campbell. Mrs. Gurganus said she had been indicted once before on a similar charge, and admitted that she bought whiskey for her own use, sometimes in bottles, sometimes in jugs, that she used it externally and internally as a remedy for spells to which she was subject; and that she bought from the same whiskey house as that whose name appeared on the bottles alleged to have been purchased by Smith.

"Judge" Connor, colored, was held for assaulting his wife with a deadly weapon, shooting her in the "laig" Sunday afternoon, but he was discharged. It developed that Arthur Sutton, colored, was at the Connor home, drunk, and that when the "judge" came in and ordered him off, he declined to go. Connor got his gun and fired at him, but, his wife testified "the ball made a mistake and hit me." It was only a slight flesh wound.

Will Webb, charged with assault on his wife, Susan, got 12 months on the roads. It seems that they had separated and Sunday night they met on a street, and after "passing and repassing", the man slashed her across the hip and on one arm, so that she had to go to the hospital to be sewed up.

Louis Berry, another wife beater, was fined $25 and costs. He argued with his wife, Maggie, about not staying at home, and the evidence was that the argument was largely that of the fists. His wife didn't appear to prosecute him, although she swore out the warrant.

Still another colored husband, John Mack, was up for chastising his better half. He submitted and his wife pleaded for him, and he was let off with the costs, on promise of 12 months if he came up again on the same charge.

A fourth negro on the charge of whipping his wife was James Brown. An incident of the trouble was the shooting at Brown by his step-son, who was indignant. The step-son has vanished. Brown was fined $25 and the trimmings.

Two cases against Superintendent Jake James of the convict camp, charging drunkenness and shooting, were continued until March 1st, with R. A. Burnett, superintendent of roads, as surety on a $200 bond. B. Frank, the convict shot, was unable to attend court. The arrest was made by Officer H. G. Bullard.

James Teel, colored, held without bail on charge of burglary and assault, on Mildred Davis, will be tried in the morning, as will William Dry, charged with selling whiskey. He is out on $200 bond. Will Leak, arrested for selling whiskey, disorderly conduct and also held for nuisance, will be tried Friday, bond fixed at $250.

Other cases tried were: J. M. Batson and W. L. Tew, affray, half the costs for Batson, $5 fine and half the costs for Tew; Alex. Hanson, small negro boy, for disorderly conduct, $5 and costs; B. Lawhorn, colored, retailing, resisting an officer and carrying a gun, $25 for the gun, not guilty as to the other charges; Henrietta Hicks, vagrant, not guilty; D. G. Williams and L. H. Jones, colored, simple assault, submission, judgment suspended on payment of costs; Pearl Gilholm, colored, not guilty of retailing, held in sum of $50 on charge of larceny by trick, it being alleged that she took $1.50 of cash belonging to C. M. Littleton, to buy whiskey, and delivered neither whiskey nor cash. She said one Lister Manning got the money, and that he had "gone Souf"; Henry Willie, submitted to being drunk, his first offense, and was allowed to go on payment of costs. It is said that some associates gave him the whiskey and that it almost killed him, that he had no pulse during his resultant illness. Will Allen, colored, had to be awakened when his case was called and he proved too drunk to be tried. Charles Fisher paid $5 for celebrating. Lizzie Johnson, $5 for disorderly conduct. Will Legrade, vagrant, not guilty.

**Yes. They're Going Fast**

Before many days it will be eternally too late to get a Star Parcel Post Map. Clip the coupon elsewhere in today's paper.

# SCHEDULE FREE EXCURSIONS

**Time-Honored Annual Event of the Tidewater Power Company—Free Trip for All Sunday Schools to the Beach.**

In accordance with its custom, established years ago, the Tidewater Power Company will operate free excursions during May to all the Sunday Schools of the city and suburbs. This annual Spring outing is looked forward to with very pleasant anticipations by the members of the various Sunday Schools and it is always enjoyed to the uttermost. The kindness of the big corporation is appreciated by all, and the gentleman who has had charge of the excursions each year, Capt. M. J. Corbett, is a general favorite with the Sunday School children. He has personal supervision of the excursions and spares no pains to make them as enjoyable as possible.

The schedule for the excursions was given out yesterday and is printed below:

Thursday, May 1st, 10 A. M.—Salvation Army, 200 members, Adjutant Mataxas, superintendent.

Friday, May 2nd, 10 A. M.—Delgado Baptist Sunday School, 100 members, L. W. Moore, superintendent.

Friday, May 2nd, 10 A. M.—Delgado Presbyterian School, 110 members, S. J. Scroggins, superintendent.

Friday, May 2nd, 10 A. M.—Winter Park Baptist School, 90 members, C. S. Lewis, superintendent.

Friday, May 2nd, 10 A. M.—Winter Park Presbyterian School, 50 members, E. T. Huggins, superintendent.

Monday, May 5th, 3 P. M.—St. John's Episcopal school, 110 members, W. Catlett, superintendent.

Monday, May 5th, 3 P. M.—St. James' Episcopal School, 125 members, S. M. Boatwright, superintendent.

Wednesday, May 7th, 3:30 P. M.—Sunday School of the Church of the Good Shepherd, 500 members, E. J. Irving, superintendent.

Thursday, May 8th, 10 A. M.—Sixth Street Adventist School, 75 members, S. J. King, superintendent.

Friday, May 9th, (hour not selected)—Temple of Israel, Dr. Mendelsohn, superintendent.

Friday, May 9th, (hour not selected)—Immanuel Presbyterian School, 120 members, J. W. Little, superintendent.

Tuesday, May 13th, 10 A. M.—Trinity Methodist Sunday School, 150 members, John Beery, superintendent.

Tuesday, May 13th, 10 A. M.—Bladen Street Methodist School; 140 members, J. B. Taylor, superintendent.

Wednesday, May 14th, 10 A. M.—Wrightsville Baptist School, 100 members, Herbert Strickland, superintendent.

Wednesday, May 14th, 10 A. M.—Wrightsville Presbyterian School, 60 members, Dr. Thomas, superintendent.

Thursday, May 15th, 10 A. M.—First Baptist church Sunday School 150 members, Mr. Allen, superintendent.

Friday, May 16th, 3 P. M.—St. Matthew's Lutheran church School, 150 members, W. W. Koch, superintendent.

Friday, May 16th, 3 P. M.—St. Paul's Lutheran School, 245 members, Carl Polvogt, superintendent.

Monday, May 19th, 10 A. M.—Fifth Street Methodist school, 350 members, W. H. Schaefer, superintendent.

Wednesday, May 21st, 10 A. M.—Grace Methodist School, 400 members, M. F. Allen, superintendent.

Thursday, May 22nd, 10 A. M.—St. Mary's Catholic School, 140 members, Father Dennen, superintendent.

Friday, May 23rd, (hour not selected)—First Presbyterian School, 350 members, W. M. Cumming, superintendent.

Monday, May 26th, (hor not selected)—Christian Church School, 100 members, H. A. DeCover, superintendent

Tuesday, May 27th, 3 P. M.—Southside Baptist School, 300 members, J. H. Curtis, superintendent.

Tuesday, May 27th, 3 P. M.—Brooklyn Baptist School, 350 members, S. J. Garrison, superintendent.

Wednesday, May 28th, 3 P. M.—Christian Science School, 20 members, Miss Gardner, superintendent.

Wednesday, May 28th, (hour not selected)—Fourth Street Adventist Sunday School, 100 members, W. J. Reeves, superintendent.

Friday, May 30th, 10 A. M.—East Wilmington Sunday School, 50 members, E. Norfleet, superintendent.

Friday, May 30th, 10 A. M.—St. Andrew's Presbyterian School, 350 members, D. L. Latta, superintendent.

The East Wilmington School, it will be noted, goes with St. Andrew's School, and will board the train at 17th and Market streets. No stops on excursion trains after leaving Front and Princess, with the exception of stops made at Delgado and Winter Park on May 2nd and 17th and Market for Christian Science school.

## LAST CALL FOR PLAYGROUND.

**Saturday, March 1st Playground Goes Glimmering If—**

The option given by Mr. Thomas H. Wright, to the ladies of the city, on the property at Winoca Terrace, where it has been proposed to establish a recreation park and playground for all the children of Wilmington, expires next Saturday, March 1st. Unless the $10,000 required is raised by that time, the playground proposition goes glimmering down the misty aisles traveled by many a worthy cause which failed of public support. The sum on hand is $3,990, in round numbers. Small contributions come in daily, but the ladies have about given up hope. They will work the rest of the week, however, with zeal born of despair, and after that they will drop the playground for the time being. Mr. Wright offers the property provided he is paid $2,500 for improvements made, and provided $7,500 additional is raised to create the playground. His offer will expire the last day of this week.

There has been much difference of opinion about the location of the playground, and Mr. Wright has been misjudged by some; but, a lady pointed out yesterday, nobody else has offered a better or more attractive proposition than Mr. Wright, and they appreciate his offer, as they do the help that they have received up to this time. It is not impossible that the remainder of the sum be raised by Saturday, though it would appear improbable.

## THRIVING POULTRY FARM

**A Pioneer Effort in a Line of Work Full of Opportunity**

In a territory peculiarly favorable for the business, with the best market in the State close at hand, Mr. Adolph G. Ahrens has proven in his Pine Grove Poultry Farm that there is money in chickens and eggs both for commercial uses and for breeding purposes. While in a sense an experiment, in that little attention has yet been paid to the poultry industry in this section, Mr. Ahrens' undertaking has passed the experimental stage, and is now a paying business.

The farm is on the Federal Point road, a few miles south of the city and is 75 acres in extent. It is equipped with modern laying and breeding houses and runs, incubator cellar, brooders, colony houses and ample space for exercise and pasture. There are 180 specially selected hens in the 108-foot breeding house and its five pens; and 420 hens in the laying house. An average of 24 dozen eggs are gathered every day at this season. The eggs from the breeding house are being put in the incubators, while the others are sold to the James Walker Memorial Hospital and to drug stores where only the very freshest eggs are wanted.

The laying house is 180x20 feet, with numerous runs connected; and this Fall Mr. Ahrens will add to it a building 220x20 feet, all in one compartment, for he expects to hatch 5,000 chicks this season and hopes for at least 2,000 good layers next season.

Sunday is the day for the chicks to pip 800 eggs which have been in the incubators for the required length of time; and a new setting of 600 eggs was made last Sunday. There are five incubators in the cellar, with 2,000 capacity. Mr. Ahrens intends to put in another machine increasing the capacity of his hatching house to 6,000 eggs. Warm water is used to supply the 103 degrees of heat which it takes to hatch an egg.

The incubator cellar is of concrete, so that the temperature and humidity may be kept uniform. The building, the upper part of which is a feed store room, is 20x50. The brooder building, recently finished, is 30x50 feet and will take care of 2,000 biddies. New hovers, heated by warm water, have been placed, and to each brooder there is an inside run. Here the youngsters are kept until they find their legs and get husky enough to be turned into the colony houses and the larger runs. There are 20 of the colony houses, 6x8 feet.

Mr. Ahrens has nothing but White Leghorns on his place. He has found by amateur experience before he started his chicken farm, that this breed of fowl beats all the rest on eggs. This is his second season on the farm proposition. Prior to that he indulged his bent for chicken raising in a small way in the city. This season he will ship in special cartons through the parcel post, eggs for hatching; and by express will ship young chicks. But he intends to increase his stock of chickens to 5,000 for the next season. The White Leghorns, bunched in scores in the different houses, particularly the cocks, are a pretty sight, with their snow white feathers and big, blood-red combs.

Of the 75 acres of the farm, 35 are cleared and in use. There are 1,000 peach trees on the place which in another year will be bearing. Corn, sweet potatoes, and green feed crops are grown and this season five acres will be planted to watermelons. The yam patch of last season has furnished the farm with nine grey foxes, the last one being caught Saturday night. The foxes come to the patch to dig out the tubers overlooked last fall, and are caught in steel traps. Alive, they fetch $2 each; and their skins sell for $1.50. The live ones are shipped up State by dealers, to sportsmen who turn them loose for races later on.

The farm is equipped with its own water system from a deep well which furnishes excellent water. Latest ideas in everything are being carried out and the place should be of much interest to any one who has the knack of taking care of fowls. It should be an object lesson and the section needs one.

## RETURN FROM WYOMING

**Mr. B. F. King and Family to Live in Wilmington Again**

It has been a real pleasure for Wilmington people to welcome upon their return to this city, Mr. B. F. King and family, for the past year or longer residents of Wyoming. They return to Wilmington to live and they have been most cordially welcomed. Mr. King has not yet decided in what line of business he will engage, but he is assured, of course, of some advantageous connection, being a man of splendid ability and popular with everybody. Their friends will be glad to know that the family of Mr. King is in the best of health and are glad to be "at home" again.

## DEATH OF MRS. SALLIE M'CREE.

**Aged Widow of Dr. Jas. F. McRee Passes Away at Thomasville, Ga.**

Telegrams yesterday to relatives in this city announced the death of Mrs. Sallie McRee, widow of Dr. James F. McRee, whose home was Wilmington, at the home of her grandson, Mr. McRee Hatch. No details were given save that the interment would take place in Thomasville. Mrs. McRee was in her 87th year. She was a daughter of the late Mr. Robert H. Cowan, and an aunt of Mrs. Louis DeRossett, Mrs. Junius Davis and Mrs. W. G. Pulliam; and Sheriff S. P. Cowan, Mr. Robert H. Cowan and Mr. James H. Cowan, of Wilmington.

**Two Sermons by Dr. Gibbs**

The congregations at Grace and Fifth Street Methodist churches were very appreciative of the privilege of hearing Rev. Dr. J. T. Gibbs, presiding elder of the Washington district, Sunday morning and evening. In the morning he preached at Grace church, and in the evening at Fifth Street, being heard each time by large numbers. His appearance at Fifth Street was particularly interesting because of the fact that it was as pastor of that church that he began his ministry, 38 years ago.

**Four Pictures Today.**

Three of them are features and they will be seen by large audiences. Be sure to hear the Boy Singer of New York. (advertisemnt.)

# SUPT. JAMES SHOOTS CONVICT

**Head of Convict Camp Charged With Drunkenness and Shooting Negro "Trusty"—Will Have Hearing Saturday.**

Mr. Jake James, for the past several years superintendent of the county convict camp in East Wilmington, was before the Recorder yesterday morning on the charge of being drunk and of shooting inside the city limits a negro named "Boy" Frank, who was a "trusty" at the camp. Because the negro could not be present on account of his wound, the trial was set for Saturday, March 1st.

The hearing is expected to develop a story to the effect that James and Frank left the camp Sunday afternoon to hunt for a convict who had escaped, that they both got drunk, that James stationed the negro at a place and told him to stay there until he came back, and went searching alone; that when he returned the negro had left his post, and that when James found him again, the negro resisted going back to the camp, a fight ensued, following which Frank tried to run away, whereupon James brought his gun, a great big one, into play and emptied it at the fleeing darkey, hitting him one time. The ball passed through his leg just under the knee cap, and effectually prevented any more sprinting.

Policeman H. G. Bullard arrested both superintendent and convict and took them to headquarters in the wagon. Both were still very much under the influence of whiskey. Bond in the sum of $200 was required of James, and Mr. R. A. Burnett went surety for him. The negro was sent to the hospital, where his wound was dressed, and then he was sent to jail Sunday night, from which place he was removed to the convict camp.

There has been considerable discussion of the incident, and the superintendent has been criticised with gloves off. There is opinion that the incident will cost the superintendent his place, but the County Commissioners have said nothing officially as to what will be done. There has been complaint for some time about the lax regulations at the camp which permitted convicts to come into the city and spend nights, sometimes breaking the law and being arrested by the city officers.

The wounded man is getting along all right, for the wound is not such as to prove very serious, but it is painful and may give him a limp, being so near the knee joint.

## DR. M. LUTHER CANUP

**Succeeds Dr. F. B. Clausen at New York Church**

The following from the New York correspondence of the Raleigh News and Observer will be read with interest here:

"New York, Feb. 22.—One of the youngest clergymen in years and experience to be in charge of a large congregation in this city, is the Rev. M. Luther Canup, who was recently installed as pastor of the Evangelical Lutheran church of the Epiphany, on East One Hundred and Twenty-eighth street. He is a little more than 30 years old, and has been in the ministry six years. The church has a valuable and extensive property. Dr. Canup succeeds the Rev. F. B. Clausen, who resigned to accept a call to a large German-English church at Wilmington, N. C.

"Dr. Canup was called to the New York church from the Woman's Memorial church at High Point, N. C. He is a native North Carolinian, born in Salisbury, and his ancestors were among those Germans who migrated from Pennsylvania into the Piedmont section of North Carolina about the middle of the eighteenth century. Dr. Canup was educated in the local schools and prepared for college in a neighboring high school. He entered the sophomore class at Roanoke College, Salem, Va., in 1901, and was graduated with the A. B. degree in 1904, winning the college medal in oratory at that commencement. He studied theology at the Lutheran Theological Seminary in Philadelphia for three years, and was graduated from the seminary in 1907."

## MR. VIOLETT LAST SUNDAY.

**Was a Great Day for Evangelist and the Christian Church.**

All things combined to make Sunday a great day for Evangelist Violett and the Christian Church. The Sunday School was doubled, and a great audience greeted Mr. Violett to hear him on the theme, "Jesus in the Home," at 11 o'clock. More than 500 men gathered at the Bijou Theatre Sunday afternoon to hear him on "Brimstone Bargains," which was a powerful plea for manly living and a warning that sinful habits and practices are bad bargains which do not pay.

Sunday night another overflowing audience heard Mr. Violett in a great sermon on Jesus' prayer that all believers may be one. He strongly pleaded the necessity that Christians should unite on the great essentials taught in the Bible and he showed the waste and folly of our divisions.

A large congregation was at the Christian church last night to hear Mr. Violett preach on the subject, "What Must I Do to be Saved"? He preached a strong sermon and was heard with the greatest interest. Two persons were baptised at the services. Tonight the subject is, "Work of the Soul", and members of the congregation are requested to read the 16th chapter of Matthew.

## LATEST IN ROLLER SKATING

**Brooklyn Boys and Girls Train Dogs to Pull Them**

Wilmington skaters may get a tip from the roller skaters in Brooklyn, N. Y., where the boys and girls have trained their pugs and poodles and bull dogs and collies and terriers to pull them over the pavements. The first to adopt the idea was a boy who put shoulder harness on his dog and had his brother to stand a block away and call it. The dog carried him swiftly to his brother. Immediately others took up the idea, and, of course, a girl excels them all in "driving" on roller skates. One boy who owns a collie carried the idea still farther and simply straddled his dog, which carried him on the run.


If you want to amount to something
If you want to have something
SAVE SOMETHING!

We want to Help the Little Man of Today to be among the Big Men of Tomorrow!
If you Save Today you will Have Something for Tomorrow.
$1.00 or More opens an account with "The People's."

OLD AND STRONG.

The Peoples Savings Bank



Regular Interest Quarter
March 1st

Deposits made on or before Saturday, March 1st, will bear interest from that date, receiving credit in 3 months

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.

110 PRINCESS STREET.

"SAFETY AND SERVICE"


## PICTURE MAP OF COUNTY.

**Work of Art Prepared for Messrs. Pate and Loughlin.**

There was exhibited at the real estate office of the A. W. Pate Company yesterday a picture map of New Hanover county, featuring Wilmington, Carolina Beach, Fort Fisher, Southport and Smith's Island. It is in three colors and is the work of Mr. G. R. Richards, an artist of the firm of Barnes, Crosby Company, of Chicago, who has been in this section for several days. Mr. A. W. Pate and Mr. Joseph J. Loughlin have extensive holdings at Carolina Beach and it is their purpose to build and put in operation a railroad from Wilmington to the resort by the season of 1914. Whether the road will be operated by electricity or the cars will be propelled by gasoline has not yet been definitely determined. The main question that has been decided by Messrs. Pate & Loughlin is that they are going to develop Carolina Beach and have already begun to put some of their plans into execution.

The map which has been prepared by the artist will be used by the firm in an attractive booklet of Carolina Beach and section that will be issued within the next few weeks. The booklet itself is to be a work of art and will no doubt serve to attract considerable attention to this part of the country.

**Death of Mr. W. H. Williams**

Mr. W. H. Williams, after months of illness during which he suffered a great deal, died at his home in Northwest township, Brunswick county, Sunday night. Mrs. Williams and six children survive. The funeral services were held yesterday afternoon from the home by Rev. J. S. Crowley, of Wilmington, and interment was in the family cemetery. Mr. Williams had many friends in this city and in his own community and was highly esteemed by all who knew him.

## MR. REHDER LAID TO REST

**Last Tribute Paid to Splendid Old Citizen Sunday Afternoon**

Grieving loved ones and sorrowing friends paid their final tribute to all that was mortal of Mr. Henry Rehder, a most estimable citizen, Sunday afternoon at the services held from the home, thence from St. Paul's Lutheran church, to Oakdale, where interment was made. Rev. F. B. Clausen conducted the services. The floral tribute at the grave was very lovely and profuse. The honorary pallbearers were Messrs. L. Hanson, Clayton Giles, Sr., A. D. Wessell and William Niestlie; the active were Messrs. C. W. Polvogt, John Haar, H. L. Vollers, A. Alligood, F. P. Lamb and A. O. Osborne.

**Boy Singer of New York.**

He made a great hit at the Grand Theatre yesterday. Be sure you hear him today. (advertisement.)


THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY
"The Store That's Always Busy"

WE SUBMIT FASHION'S LATEST THOUGHT AND PLEASING STYLE IDEAS.

This announcement presents to you a quantity of rare values. It's news of interest to the "look-ahead" woman. It tells of the new Spring goods, which have just been received. Fashion's latest thought is grandly illustrated, the display is fascinating in every detail, all teeming with the latest and most pleasing style ideas.

AN EXPOSITION OF SPRING FASHIONS, SEASON 1913.

The New Tailored Costumes.

Our leadership in this department is even more pronounced in this early Spring display than ever before. The Costumes shown here are beyond question the most sensible and practical in design, as well as the richest and most effective in fabric and finish. The colors are just right—and the prices moderate.

SPRING STYLES TAILORED SUITS.

The charm of Spring attire has full expression in this early showing of Spring Tailored Suits. Superior quality and low price are together in this excellent collection. Prices range: $15.00, $18.00, $20.00 to $25.00.

EASTER WASH FABRICS.

An Advance Display of Gay Springtime Beauty!

Resplendent with the regal touch of the new season, these rarely fascinating new Wash Waist and Dress Materials will afford a delight for the eye as well as a treat to the purse, for THE VALUES ARE EXCEPTIONAL. See them before they are picked over, Monday is best.

36-inch wide colored Ratine Suiting, new shades, yard.....50c
27-inch wide colored Ratine Suitings, new shades, yard....25c
27-inch wide colored Linen Suitings, at yard .....25c
27-inch wide striped Voiles, very dainty, at, yard.....25c
36-inch colored Marquisettes, at, yard .....25c
27-inch wide striped Cotton Crepe Cloth, very pretty, yard .....12 1-2c

New, choice and low-priced, just in, such as Percales, Ginghams, Seersuckers, Chambray, Galateas, Etc., all in the washable colors and newest designs.

SPRINGWARD.

That's the impression you receive on entering this store. The dainty, delicate Spring merchandise that catches the eye in every section proves our preparedness for early Spring business. The following are prominent in the Dress Goods section:

SILKS.

A fine display of the new designs and most beautiful shadings for Spring season, 1913. Exceptional values at 43c, 50c, 59c, 69c, to $1.00 a yard.

36-inch Black Taffeta Silk, extra fine quality; Special this sale, yard . . . .66c
27-inch Colored Eolian Silks 50c quality; this sale, yd 25c
27-inch Colored Shantung Silks, 39c quality; this sale, yard . . . . . .19c
24-inch Colored Silk Crepes extra quality; this sale 43c
24-inch Fancy Silk Crepe Cloth, 50c quality; this sale, yard . . . . . .31c
27-inch Silk Stripe Tissues, 65c quality; this sale, yd 43c
21-inch Striped Messaline Silk; this sale, yard . .43c
27-inch Colored Japonika Foulards, 35c quality; this sale, yard . . . . .23c

KID GLOVE SPECIAL!

Our Regular $3.50 16-button Black and Tan Kid Gloves; this sale, price, pair . . . . . $2.00
Our Regular $3.00 12-button Black and Tan Kid Gloves; this sale, price, pair . . . . . $1.50

New, Genuine Money-Savers Placed on Sale Daily. Keep Your Eyes on Our Window Displays This Week for Extra Specials

# SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Miss Madita Elliott, of Baltimore, is the guest of her brother, Geo. B. Elliott, Esq.

* * *

Mrs. Harry G. Latimer, Jr., of Auburn, N. Y., and little son, Harry G. Latimer, 3rd, are here to visit Mrs. Latimer's mother, Mrs. George N. Harriss, Carolina Heights.

* * *

Mrs. Chalmers L. Glenn, of Winston-Salem, is visiting her granddaughter, Mrs. B. J. Willingham, 120 North Fourth street.

* * *

Miss Constance Brown, an attractive and charming young lady of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting Miss Lucille Polvogt, No. 410 South Front street.

* * *

Greenville, S. C., News: "Mrs. A. B. Wardlaw charmingly entertained at bridge Thursday afternoon in honor of Mrs. W. F. Robertson, who has recently moved here from Wilmington, N. C. The lovely home was tastefully decorated with red carnations and ferns. After several enthusiastic games a delicious salad course was served on the card tables."

* * *

Mr. J. H. Strauss, one of Wilmington's most venerable and highly esteemed German citizens, celebrated his 82nd birthday at his residence, No. 709 North Fourth street, yesterday. In spite of his age Mr. Strauss is hale and hearty and insisted that he felt almost as spry as when he was a lad of 18. His daughter, Miss Ida Strauss, was the hostess of the occasion and received the large number of guests who called to congratulate her father upon his ripe old age and to wish for him many more birthdays.

## PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. J. A. McGeachy returned to the city yesterday, after spending Sunday at St. Paul's.

—Mr. H. R. Allen, who has been making his home in Wilmington, left Sunday for Jacksonville, Fla., where he will be engaged in the timber business.

—Among those registered at The Orton Sunday were J. J. Adkins, Southport; L. J. Beard, Fayetteville; D. B. Archbell, Castle Haynes; F. L. Everett, Maxton.

—Among yesterday's guests at The Orton were Mrs. E. G. Mercer and children, Bolivia; J. E. Porter, Weldon; R. I. Hollis, Charlotte; E. J. Hill, Warsaw; Mrs. S. O. Middleton, Miss Effa Smith, Hallsville.

—Yesterday's arrivals at The Purcell Hotel included S. C. Gunter, Norfolk; H. T. Rogers, Newbern; E. W. Godwin, Point Caswell; Miss Mildred Moore, Atkinson; Miss Maggie B. Johnson, Ivanhoe; F. A. Wilson, J. J. Tew, Charlotte; J. I. Willbaits, J. Vollstalt, Chattanooga; D. H. Mantley, Richmond.

—Among the guests at The Southern Hotel yesterday were W. H. Jenkins, Richmond; A. E. Burton, H. L. Alderman, R. P. Tatum, Burgaw; R. D. Pritchard, Currie; W. J. Tode, C. E. Watts, E. H. Patterson, Southport; A. R. Sloan, Benford Sloan, Wallace; W. L. Gregg, Hamlet; C. F. Wright, Atlanta; G. W. Barnes, F. D. Howard, Waycross; R. M. Larkins, Bolton; R. H. Melvin, Hilton; H. T. Parrish, Florence, S. C.

## DEEDS FILED FOR RECORD

**Yesterday's List of Papers Transferring Real Estate**

Following are the deeds filed for record yesterday:

W. H. McEachern and wife to J. H. W. Bonitz and wife, for $9,400 and other considerations, lot on west side of Fifth street, 66 feet north of Nun, 66x165 feet in size.

Ellen Keene to Elene Margrethe Keene, for $10 and other considerations, block 9, Seaside Resort, Federal Point township.

J. VanB. Metts and wife to Anthony Larrington and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on north side of Dawson street, 197 feet west of Seventh, 33x99 feet in size.

Co-operative B. & L. Association, release to J. H. Gurganus and wife, for $1 and other considerations, lot on southwestern side of Parsley street, 150 feet southeast from Second, 30x75 feet in size.

Geo. C. Burgwin and others to H. P. Burgwin, for $1 and other considerations, purpart No. 7, in plan of partition of The Hermitage tract, Cape Fear township, containing 311.3 acres. Same parties to J. H. K. Burgwin and others, trustees, purpart No. 5, same tract, 280 acres. Same to A. P. Burgwin, for $1, purpart No. 3, same tract, 301.7 acres. Same to J. H. K. Burgwin, for $1, purpart No. 6, 308.6 acres; H. P. Burgwin and others to G. C. Burgwin, for $1, purpart No. 4, 306.8 acres less 29 3-4 acres; and 467.1 acres, less 5 acres. G. C. Burgwin and others to Sara O. B. Holland, for $1, purpart No. 2, 270 acres.

## CONVICTS MADE ILL BY FOOD?

**One Dies and the Other is Still in the Hospital**

Last night The Star picked up a rumor that about ten days ago two convicts, negroes, were taken seriously ill at the camp as a result of something they had eaten, and had been sent to the hospital. The story was to the effect that they had gotten hold of something of poisonous nature. Communication with the hospital developed nothing, but a guard at the East Wilmington camp said that two negroes, "Snowball" something and George Blue, had become ill about ten days ago, from what cause the guard didn't know, and had been sent to the hospital; that George Blue was dead and that "Snowball" was still sick at the hospital. This was all the information that could be gotten last night. If it is really a fact that the negroes were made ill by something they had eaten and that the death of one of them was a result of it, the facts will very likely be made known.

**Yes. They're Going Fast**

Before many days it will be eternally too late to get a Star Parcel Post Map. Clip the coupon elsewhere in today's paper.

## VOTE FOR TWO FOR MAYOR

**County Auditor Will Perform the Duties of County Treasurer**

In discussing the bill that has been introduced in the Legislature to amend the charter of the City of Wilmington so as to change the method of selecting the Mayor, Senator Bellamy said that he thought he would have incorporated in the bill a provision to the effect that in the primary each elector or voter could vote for two men for Mayor, this provision being the same as that for the primary for Councilmen. The bill at present does not provide for this. Senator Bellamy said that inasmuch as the citizens vote for two candidates for Councilmen in the primary he considers it only fair that they should be allowed to vote for two aspirants for mayoralty honors.

Senator Bellamy announced that at a conference he held with Representative Kellum; M. S. Willard, chairman Board of County Commissioners, and Mr. J. A. Orrell, county treasurer, it had been decided to change what is known as the "salary bill" so as to make the county auditor the treasurer instead of placing this duty upon the Sheriff, as is provided in the bill. There are many reasons why the change should be made as suggested. The books of the auditor will, of course, be audited by competent auditors designated by the Board of Commissioners. One of the main reasons why it was decided to make the auditor and treasurer one and the same person is that it will save a needless duplication of work. It is claimed that this arrangement will save money for the county.

## SPENDS NO CITY FUNDS

**Councilman B. C. Moore Pays Detectives from Private Money**

A number of times of late attorneys in defense of people charged with selling whiskey have severely criticised Councilman Bernice C. Moore for employing negro sleuths to get evidence against blind tigers, and quite frequently there has been denunciation of the expenditure of public money for these negroes, particularly when some white man was convicted on their evidence. Yesterday in the Gurganus trial William J. Bellamy, Esq., delived a pretty vigorous speech in the Recorder's court along this very line, and a Star representative asked Councilman Moore what about it. He smilingly said that he had not spent a cent of the city's funds for this sort of work, that he had paid the negro detectives out of his own private funds and out of funds his friends had subscribed for the work. All the public money he had received was $200 from the county, and that hadn't been spent.

There is not a little sentiment among people against the employment of these negroes to catch unwary tigers, especially white tigers, and it is not unfrequent to hear it charged that they "frame up" cases. On the other hand it is not to be denied that by means of this dusky bait, a number of large white fish have been hooked, and those who believe in rigid enforcement of prohibition laws say with a grin, that "no tiger ever felt the nippers draw with good opinion of the law."

## MR. T. A. GREEN TO BUILD

**Spartanburg Hotel Man Interested in Wilmington Addition**

(Charlotte Observer.)

Mr. T. A. Green, of Spartanburg, S. C., one of the best known and most experienced hotel men in the Carolinas, expects to leave soon for Wilmington, where he will enter at once upon the plans, already referred to, of erecting there an elegant hotel for the accommodation and convenience of the traveling public. This hotel will be built on the lot acquired some time ago on the corner across from the Sprunt cotton offices going uptown and will be equipped with all modern appliances. This corner has a frontage of about 99 feet with a depth of about 160 feet. The dwelling that now stands on it will be moved to the rear and will doubtless be occupied by Mr. Green and his family while the hotel is going up.

According to present plans the hotel will have between 125 and 150 rooms. All will be modernly arranged and designed and the equipment will be the very best that money can buy. Mr. Green is one of the most successful hotel men in the Carolinas and the fact that he will be actively in charge of his Wilmington property is a guarantee of its excellence.

## SPECIAL MEETING HELD.

**Council Continues Reading of Ordinances—Other Matters Up.**

With all the members in attendance except Councilman Perdew and with Mayor Smith presiding, City Council held a special meeting at 4 o'clock yesterday for the purpose of continuing the reading of the new city ordinances that are now being put in pamphlet form. After an hour had been spent in reading ordinances matters of minor nature came up and were disposed of. Permission was granted to Mr. W. D. MacMillan, the well known automobile man, to put a gasoline tank under the sidewalk in front of his garage on Second street, provided it meets with the approval of the chief of the fire department. Permission was also granted to Messrs. Howard & Wells, proprietors of the Bijou, to install a drinking fountain in front of their popular theatre on North Front street. Nothing but sanitary cups are to be used and the fountain is to be put in use this Summer. Several other matters came up, but they were of minor nature.

Washington, Feb. 24.—The new nickle of Indian head and Buffalo design will be put into general circulation on Saturday. Already the Treasury Department has received applications from banks for more than 2,000,000 of the new coins.

## DIED

POE—At his residence, 1114 Market street, Sunday evening, February 23rd, at 8 o'clock, JOHN WESLEY M'GEE POE (colored), aged 62 years. He leaves a wife, two daughters, one sister and two brothers to mourn their loss.

Funeral announcement later.

(Advertisement.)

## LOCAL DOTS.

—The schooner Bayard Hopkins, Capt. Harrison, cleared yesterday light for Bucksport, S. C.; vessel by Maffitt & Wood.

—Yesterday morning Mr. N. M. Martin received a wire announcing the critical illness of his mother at Petersburg, Va., and left immediately for her bedside.

—An orphan girl, who can ill afford the loss, had the misfortune to lose her purse on Front street yesterday. The finder will find phone number by which she can be communicated with in the Business Locals of today's Star.

—The schooner Granville R. Bacon, Capt. Coulburn, cleared yesterday for New York with cargo of 389,882 feet lumber. The cargo was exported by the Buel-Crocker Lumber Co., and Messrs. Maffitt & Wood are agents for the vessel.

—As previously stated in The Star, the County Commissioners are considering the matter of constructing concrete buildings for the main convict camp. If the buildings are constructed they will be put on the county home tract on the Castle Haynes road.

—Mr. T. W. Wood, a well known citizen, yesterday announced his candidacy for Councilman from the Second ward. Mr. Wood has had some experience in city affairs, having been a member of the Board of Aldermen some years ago, and doubtless will poll a large vote.

—Dunn Bros., who recently removed ilmington from Raleigh on account of this city being a splendid distributing point, have leased the building formerly occupied by the Cape Fear Machine Works, a part of the Worth property. The firm imports coffee and molasses and has already opened the Wilmington office.

—An item in The Star stating that several ladies were going to raise money to buy artificial limbs for Willie Taylor, the youth who lost both legs under a freight train at Hilton, inspired a contribution of $50 for the purpose, so a lady stated yesterday. They want $50 more and will raise it soon, as the youth, who is being cared for at the hospital, will be discharged soon.

—Sunday morning between 7:30 and 8 o'clock, a negro entered the residence of Mr. W. H. Johnson, on Chestnut street, between Fourth and Fifth, and going upstairs, stole a $5 bill from a bed room. Mr. Johnson was awakened by the negro, who was barefooted, running back down the stairs. He escaped and the police haven't been able to locate the unknown and very bold thief.

—Mr. W. D. Caldwell was awarded the contract for the erection of four cottages at Wrightsville Beach yesterday, by the Wrightsville Beach Suburban & Development Co. These are only the first of a large number of cottages to be built north of the Oceanic Hotel, and upon the completion of a given number of houses, the Tidewater Power Company will provide the extension with car service.

## FINE LECTURE ON TURKEY.

**Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster Interests Large Audience Sunday Night.**

A very large audience, deeply interested, heard and saw—for it was illustrated—Dr. J. H. Foster's lecture on the subject of Turkey, her past glory, her downfall and the cause of it. Sunday night in the First Baptist church. The lower floor, the galleries and standing room space were all occupied. Dr. Foster gave as the cause of Turkey's downfall Mohammedanism, and declared that her only hope was in Jesus Christ—in the Cross, not the Crescent. He spoke of polygamy as an evil out of which God was bringing good, in that the Young Turks, born in the harems of American and European mothers, had caught the regenerating ideas of Christian civilization and were working them out into reforms for which the country has been crying for generations. While he made no prophecies, Dr. Foster told a Star man last night that he believed the Turk would be driven from Europe this time, by the armies of the Balkan allies.

## DIED.

McREE—Sunday night in Thomasville, Ga., at the home of her grandson, J. McRee Hatch, MRS. SALLIE McREE, widow of the late Dr. James F. McRee. Funeral notice later.

(Advertisement.)

**Yes. They're Going Fast**

Before many days it will be eternally too late to get a Star Parcel Post Map. Clip the coupon elsewhere in today's paper.


# OVER HALF OF ALL SICKNESS CAUSED BY CLOGGED UP WEAKENED KIDNEYS

**Hundreds Are Suffering With Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It. Backache, Bladder Disorder and Rheumatism Are the Result.**

It is a well recognized fact among physicians today, that the greater part of all sickness can be avoided by keeping the kidneys working properly.

This is even more important than for the bowels to move regularly, because the kidneys and bladder are the filterers and sewers of the body. If you suffer with pains in the back or sides, bladder or urinary disorders, lumbago, rheumatism, dizziness, puffy swellings under the eyes or in the feet and ankles, nervousness, tired and worn-out feeling, or any of the many other symptoms of kidney trouble, don't neglect yourself another day and run the risk of serious complications. Secure an original package of Croxone, which costs but a trifle, take three doses a day, for a few days, and you will be surprised how entirely different you will feel.

Croxone cures the very worst cases because it removes the cause of such troubles. It soaks right in and cleans out the kidneys and makes them filter out all the poisonous waste matter and uric acid that lodges in the joints and muscles, causing rheumatism; soothes and heals the bladder and quickly effects a cure.

It is the most wonderful remedy ever made for the purpose. You will find it entirely different from anything you have ever used. There is nothing else on earth to compare with it. It matters not how old you are or how long you have suffered, the very principle of Croxone is such that it is practically impossible to take it into the human system without results.

You can secure an original package of Croxone from any first-class drug store. All druggists are authorized to personally return the purchase price if Croxone fails to give the desired results the very first time you use it.

(Advertisement.)


**Newspaper With Lincoln's Death**

Mr. E. H. Sneed, of the Southern Hotel, has a copy of The New York Herald of April 15th, 1865, containing the account of the assassination of President Abraham Lincoln, which occurred on the night of April 14th, in Ford's Theatre, Washington City. The old paper is also full of war news. It is not a reproduction, such as have been made, but a genuine copy of the paper of that date. From a newspaper standpoint, it is interesting with reference to the way they handled sensational news in those days. Instead of a headline across the page, with box car letters, the head over the story is single column, and the first line is simply, "Important." Mr. Sneed will put the paper in a frame of double glass, so that either side may be read and the sheet preserved.

Read Star Business Locals.


DEAR WIFE:—Yours received and am very glad to know that you gave the kittens away—they were a nuisance. I have a very good joke on you, or, maybe it is on me. In packing my grip the last time I was in, instead of putting my socks in, you put your stockings—four pair of 'em—but that's all right. By the way, and don't forget this, if you haven't a supply of Gowans' Preparation buy a bottle today. I see where Pneumonia is getting in its deadly work—and we must take no risk. You said last Winter you would never be without it, but I know women make mistakes and women for get. They are about the same as men, except they wear longer stockings. I am sending you a copy of a local paper printed here which tells where Gowans saved the life of a child suddenly stricken with Croup. Get a bottle today.

Devotedly,
JIM.

# Fine Opportunity for Investors

We will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at Roseboro, N. C., on Wednesday, the 26th of February, a new 14-room house, known as the R. P. Howell residence, of elegant design and finish, and lot on which the same is located, containing about one acre. We will also offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash 84 lots and about 20 acres of land in Roseboro. Persons from Wilmington and vicinity can reach sale by morning train over the A. & Y. Division of the A. C. L. Sale made for division, etc.

This February 24th, 1913.

H. S. AVERITT,
H. McD. ROBINSON,
Trustees.

Fayetteville, N. C.

# King's Windsor Wall Plaster

Cargo just arrived by Schooner "Thomas Moore."
Place your orders with us for prompt delivery.

**W. B. THORPE & CO.**

'Phone 789

# FREE Gifts for Every Housewife In This City

"Good-as-Cash" Coupons In Each Sack Which May Be Exchanged For Useful or Ornamental Premiums by Mailing Them to The Profit-Sharing Premium Co., Louisville, Ky.

## The "Always Reliable" Flour

If you want fluffy biscuits that are light and wholesome—cake that melts in your mouth and delicate tempting "good eatings" *you must use flour milled entirely from the highest grade of Winter wheat.* Now, Winter wheat is very high in price, while Spring wheat costs much less. Consequently there is a strong temptation for millers to mix Spring wheat with Winter wheat—and thereby gain an additional profit.

Look For Our Profit-Sharing Coupon

## Ballard's Obelisk Flour

is milled entirely of the best quality of Winter wheat.

Because it *always* gives the greatest satisfaction we say that *Obelisk* is the one "always reliable" flour. *The mill back of the flour—with more than 30 years reputation for quality and square dealing—insures "always reliable" flour and good treatment.*

## We Share Our Profits With YOU

Each sack of *Ballard's Obelisk Flour* contains one of our "good-as-cash" profit-sharing coupons which can be exchanged for Useful and Ornamental Articles of Value by mailing them to The Profit-Sharing Premium Co., at Louisville, Ky. *Each premium is sent freight PREPAID—so it costs you nothing.* Get a sack of *Obelisk*—be convinced that it ends bake-day troubles.

*Write for handsomely illustrated premium book and begin saving the profit-sharing coupons today.*

Ballard & Ballard Co., Inc., Louisville, Ky.

# "Pittsburgh Perfect"

The Adaptable Fence — For Poultry and Garden Use

Among the 145 styles and sizes of "Pittsburgh Perfect" Fence shown in our new catalogue, the fence user can now obtain fencing *perfectly suited* to his *particular* requirements. "Pittsburgh Perfect" is the most adaptable, portable, durable and resultful of all wire fences, and gives absolute satisfaction because, coupled with our ripened manufacturing experience, it is the culmination of close and exhaustive study and investigation of farmers' needs along lines of up-to-date poultry and agricultural methods and equipment.

Open Hearth Wire like old time iron wire is used exclusively in "Pittsburgh Perfect" Fence and is heavily galvanized with pure zinc. All line and stay wires are

**ELECTRICALLY WELDED**

at every contact point, which makes it unequaled for toughness, strength and economy in weight and price.

**Every Rod Guaranteed Perfect.**

THE NEW CATALOGUE contains valuable information about wire fencing, and illustrates styles and sizes adapted to every FIELD, FARM, RANCH, LAWN and POULTRY purpose.

**J. W. MURCHISON & CO.**

Wholesale Hardware. Wilmington, N. C.

# Shoe Prices Worth While

Any Lady can take her pick from any pair of

**SHOES**

in our store that sold for $4.00, at $3.45; $5.00 at $3.98; $3.50 at $2.69, and so on down the line. We could make a larger reduction by marking up the price and offering a supposed cut, but we do not do business that way.

Our special lot of 200 pairs odds and ends sold from $3.00 to $4.00,

**$1.98**

And we guarantee the above shoes. The biggest money's worth in town.

One lot Men's $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, narrow widths, sizes 5 to 6 and 8 to 11,

**SHOES**
**Only $1.98**

Men's $6.00 shoes at $4.98; $5.50 at $4.48; $5.00 at $3.98, and $4.50 at $3.48.

We do not want to carry over a single pair of these shoes; shown in patent, gun metal and tan.

These goods won't last long at prices quoted; don't wait until your size is sold.

No tickets given.

98c.

All Ladies' Felt Slippers,

**HEWLETT & PRICE**

No. 24 North Front St.

# A. D. BROWN

Beautiful and Stylish Collection of

**WOMEN'S COAT SUITS,**

for Spring, now being shown in a variety of materials and superior workmanship.

**WASH DRESSES**

for Women and Misses. We are showing them in Corduroy, Linen, Poplin and Ratine. Colors and White.

**CHILDREN'S DRESSES**

Lingerie Dresses for Children, age 6 to 14 years.

**MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.**

We are showing a large stock of Lovely Muslin Underwear for Women, Misses and Children.

# The Murchison National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $1,350,000.00
ASSETS : : : : : 7,000,000.00

Every possible facility furnished at all times to customers and depositors.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, V. President. M. F. ALLEN, Asst. Cashier.
J. W. YATES, V. President. W. S. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier.

# ENGINE GASOLINE

PERFECT FUEL FOR ALL GASOLINE ENGINES

MORE POWER
MORE RUNNING HOURS
FOR LESS MONEY

**DROP US A CARD** If you operate a Gasoline Engine and we will show you how to Save Money on your Fuel bill.

**CAPE FEAR OIL CO., Wilmington, N. C.**

Kerosene, Gasoline and Lubricating Oils.


February 25, 1913.

THE MORNING STAR
PARCEL POST MAP COUPON.

Clip six consecutively dated coupons, commencing with this, or any other, date, and bring to Star Office, with expense bonus of ..... **23c**

If sent by Mail.....Postage extra, 6 cents

# Financial and Commercial

## COTTON STEADY AND QUIET

**After a Steady Opening the Market Eased Off in the Late Trading. Close Was Steady and 3 to 4 Points Lower.**

New York, February 24.—After quite a steady opening today, the cotton market became comparatively quiet and eased off in the late trading, with the close steady, but from 3 to 14 points net lower. The market opened steady at an advance of 3 to 8 points, owing to the relative firmness of Liverpool over the local holiday, and a better view of the European political situation. Foreign houses were considerable buyers here, while there was also a fair local demand. Reports of a compress fire at Columbus, Ga., which was said to have destroyed 11,000 bales, may have encouraged some of the scattered buying, but the market found plenty of cotton offering around the initial prices, and as soon as Liverpool closed, support from arbitrage sources was withdrawn. Trading, consequently became less active and the market later developed an easier tone under liquidation by recent buyers, a renewal of pressure from Wall Street sources, and moderate selling by houses with Memphis or other Southern connections. Reports of a slack spot demand and uneasiness over the situation in Mexico added to the confidence of sellers and the close was at practically the low point of the day. Unsettled conditions in the stock market were supposed to be partly responsible for Wall Street offerings, while March was evidently influenced by scattering liquidation in advance of notices toward the end of the week, and the near months were relatively easy. At the close February was 14 points lower and other positions from 3 to 7 points below the closing figures of last Friday. Private cables attributed the relative firmness of Liverpool to continental buying and covering of near month shorts.

Spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 12.50; do. gulf, 12.75. Sales, 400 bales.

Futures closed steady.

| Month: | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan | 11.48 | ..... | ..... | 11.38 |
| Feb | ..... | ..... | ..... | 12.03 |
| Mar | 11.24 | 12.24 | 12.01 | 12.03 |
| Apr | ..... | ..... | ..... | 11.94 |
| May | 11.92 | 11.97 | 11.87 | 11.88 |
| June | 11.87 | ..... | ..... | 11.84 |
| July | 11.87 | 11.91 | 11.81 | 11.83 |
| Aug | 11.79 | 11.80 | 11.73 | 11.74 |
| Sept | 11.56 | 11.56 | 11.56 | 11.45 |
| Oct | 11.50 | 11.50 | 11.34 | 11.41 |
| Dec | 11.52 | 11.52 | 11.42 | 11.42 |

### THE PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 12⅛; net receipts, 6,433; gross receipts, 6,433; sales, 1,000; stock, 247,828; continent, 9,028; coastwise, 4,297.

New Orleans—Quiet, 12⅜; net receipts, 2,108; gross receipts, 2,108; sales, 895; stock, 109,354.

Mobile—Steady, 12⅛; net receipts, 708; gross receipts, 708; sales, 250; stock, 21,906; coastwise, 49.

Savannah—Quiet, 12¾; net receipts, 1,172; gross receipts, 1,172; sales, 100; stock, 96,469; constwise, 1,712.

Charleston—Quiet, 12¼; net receipts, 362; gross receipts, 362; stock, 20,601; coastwise, 005.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts, 200; gross receipts, 200; stock, 17,687.

Norfolk—Steady, 12⅝; net receipts, 710; gross receipts, 710; sales, 494; stock, 52,876; coastwise, 764.

Baltimore—Nominal, 12¾; stock, 7,510.

New York—Quiet, 12.50; gross receipts, 5,091; sales, 400; stock, 123,617; coastwise, 3,897.

Boston—Quiet, 12.50; stock, 14,646.

Philadelphia—Steady, 12.75; stock, 2,318.

Texas City—Net receipts, 811; gross receipts, 811; stock, 23,674.

Jacksonville—Stock, 1,711; constwise, 54.

Brunswick—Stock, 10,005.

Aransas Pass—Stock, 1,154.

Total today, at all ports—Net, 12,504; continent, 9,028; stock, 751,356.

Consolidated, at all ports—Net, 52,787; Great Britain, 11,733; France, 1,780; continent, 19,021; Japan, 24,564.

Total since Sept 1, at all ports—Net, 8,285,501; Great Britain, 2,871,637; France, 804,296; continent, 2,614,483; Japan, 221,094; Mexico, 4,700.

### INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Quiet, 12⅝; net receipts, 9,558; gross receipts, 9,558; shipments, 9,388; stock, 141,005.

Augusta (Two days)—Steady, 12¾; net receipts, 632; gross receipts, 1,310; shipments, 1,235; sales, 282; stock, 84,919.

Memphis—Quiet, 12⅝; net receipts, 1,807; gross receipts, 2,797; shipments, 4,073; sales, 2,250; stock, 14,952.

St. Louis (Two days)—Dull, 12⅝; net receipts, 24; gross receipts, 4,680; shipments, 4,817; stock, 28,829.

Cincinnati— (Two days)—Net receipts, 419; gross receipts, 419; shipments, 1,222; sales, 400; stock, 28,596.

Little Rock—Steady, 12¼; net receipts, 456; gross receipts, 456; shipments, 580; stock, 39,863.

Total today—Net receipts, 12,986; gross receipts, 19,220; shipments, 21,315; sales, 2,932; stock, 472,733.

### NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 24.—Flour—About steady.
Wheat—Steady. No. 2, red, 1.10@1.12.
Corn—Barely steady, 56¼.
Hides—Firm.
Petroleum—Steady.
Wool—Steady.
Rice—Steady.
Butter—Steady.
Cheese—Steady.
Sugar—Raw, steady; refined, quiet.
Coffee—Spot, easy; Rio, No. 7, 12½; Santos, No. 4, 14½; mild, dull; Cordova, 15@17, nominal.

Potatoes—Steady. Bermuda, new, barrel, 4.00@5.50; Florida, do., $2.00@$4.00; Virginia, late crop, $1.75@$1.87; Maine, per bag, $1.50; Long Island, per barrel, $2.50@$2.75; State in bulk, $2.00@$2.10; Western, per bag, $2.00; Jersey Sweets, 85c@$1.50

Cabbages—Steady. Danish seed, $7.00@$9.00; red, $13.00@$16.00.

Freights—Steady. Cotton to Liverpool, per 100 pounds, 30d. Grain to Liverpool, 3¼d; grain to London, 3½d.

Peanuts — Steady. Fancy hand-picked, Virginia, 5⅝@5¾; Virginia shelled, No. 1, and No. 2, 2¾@5½.

Cotton Seed Oil—Steady, the easier tendency in crude being offset by the strength in lard. Trading was quiet and of the professional sort. Closing prices were unchanged to 2 points higher. Prime crude, 5.13@5.20; do. Summer yellow, 6.28@6.45; February, 6.28; March and April, 6.30; May, 6.32; June, 6.35; July, 6.40; August, 6.43; September, 6.44. Prime Winter yellow, 6.45; do. Summer white, 6.30 bid.

### JURY STILL HUNG UP

**No Verdict Yet In John Huff Case at Asheville**

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 24.—At midnight tonight the jury in the case of the State against John Huff, a negro charged with the killing of Edward McConnell, a member of the local police force, on July 4th, 1911, had failed to reach a verdict after considering the case for 57 hours. Judge Steven C. Bragaw, the trial justice, called the jury into court this afternoon to tell it that further effort must be made to reach a verdict, in view of the expense already incurred by the State at this and previous trials. The foreman of the jury asked that certain portions of the evidence be read over, and after this was done, the jurors were again locked up.

Official figures show Africa led the world in the production of gold last year, with the United States second, Australia third and Mexico fourth.

## WHEAT MARKET MADE GAINS

**Surprise at Large Decrease in the Visible Supply Gave the Market a Lift—Corn Unchanged—Oats Advanced.**

Chicago, February 24.—Surprise at a large decrease in the visible supply gave the wheat market today a lift. Closing prices were firm, at ⅛@⅝ net advance. The outcome for corn was unchanged to ⅛@¼c. up, and for oats, a gain of a shade. Provisions finished dearer by 2½@12½@15c.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.03@1.08; No. 2, hard, 91@92; No. 1, Northern, 91@92; No. 2, do., 89½@90½; No. 2, Spring, 89½@93; Velvet chaff, 85@90⅝; durum, 87@92.

Corn—No. 2, 50; No. 2, white, and No. 2, yellow, 50@50⅛.

Oats—No. 2, 32½; No. 2, white, 34@35; standard, 33¼@33½.

Closing prices:

Wheat—May, 93¼; July, 91⅝; September, 90⅛.

Corn—May, 52½; July, 53⅝; September, 54⅝.

Oats—May, 34¼; July, 34⅝@34½; September, 34¼@34⅝.

Pork—May, 19.82½@19.85; July, 19.72½.

Lard—May, 10.55; July, 10.67½; September, 10.75.

Ribs—May, 10.52½; July, 10.52½; September, 10.57½.

## MARINE.

**Arrived.**

Str. Cherokee, 1,996 tons, Debrow, New York, C. J. Becker.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Chinquapin, J. W. Brooks.

**Cleared.**

Schr. Victor C. Records, 263 tons, Griffith, New York, Mafflitt & Wood (from Little River, S. C.).

Schr. Bayard Hopkins, 212 tons, Harrison, Bucksport, S. C., Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Granville R. Bacon, 339 tons, Coulburn, New York, Mafflitt & Wood.

**Exports—Domestic.**

New York—Schr. Granville R. Bacon, 389,882 feet lumber; cargo by Buel-Crocker Lumber Co.; vessel by Mafflitt & Wood.

New York—Schr. Victor C. Records, 283,000 feet lumber (from Little River, S. C.); cargo by Hammer Lumber Co.; vessel by Mafflitt & Wood.

### MARINE DIRECTORY.

**List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.**

**Steamers.**

Str. Hilding (Swd.), 1,291 tons, Heide & Co.

Str. Narva (Ger.), 1,334 tons, Heide & Co.

**Schooners.**

Schr. Benj. F. Poole, 1,099 tons, Williams, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn, Mafflitt & Wood.

Schr. Nellie W. Craig, 468 tons, Brand, Mafflitt & Wood.

### WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Dec. 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, 41¾.

ROSIN—Steady, $6.05 per barrel of 280 pounds.

TAR—Firm, $2.20.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm; $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.00 per barrel for dip; $4.00 per barrel for virgin.

Quotations same day last yea: Spirits turpentine, 46; rosin, 5.90; tar, 1.90; crude turpentine, 3.50 per barrel for hard, 4.50 for dip, 4.50 for virgin.

**Receipts.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits Turpentine | 11 |
| Rosin | 816 |
| Tar | 9 |
| Crude Turpentine | 3 |

Receipts same day last year, 11 casks spirits turpentine; 602 barrels rosin; 47 barrels tar; 21 barrels crude turpentine.

### COTTON MARKET.

Market— Nominal.
Same day last year, 10¼.
Receipts, 545; same day last year, 4,610 bales.
Total receipts since Sept. 1st, 311,895 bales.
Total receipts same time last year, 435,533 bales.

### PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 24.)

CORN—Firm, 85 to 90c. per bu.

POTATOES—Irish potatoes, 85c. to 90c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 00 to 75c.

PEAS—Dull. White, $2.10 to $2.50; cow peas, $1.50 to $1.60 per bu.

BEEF—Dressed, 8c.

PORK—9 to 10c.

WOOL—Burry, 10 to 14c. per lb.; free of burr, 20 to 22c. per lb.

HIDES—Green, 11c. per lb.; dry, 13@16 2-3c. per lb.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, old, 19@20c. per lb.; sides and shoulders, 13½@14c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 27@28c. per lb.

TALLOW—Firm, 4½@5c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, good demand. Grown, 45c.; Spring chickens, 18@35c. per head. Turkeys, on foot, dull, 15c.; dressed, 20c.

EGGS—Very dull, 19@20c.

### WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)
Wilmington, Feb. 22.

Market—Weaker.

North Carolinas—Farmers' stock prime hand-picked, 75c.; machine picked, 70c.

Spanish—Prime hand-picked, $1.20; machine-picked, $1.15.

Virginias—Prime hand-picked, 80c.; machine-picked, 80c.

### BY RIVER AND RAIL.

**Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at the Port of Wilmington.**

Wilmington, Feb. 24th, 1913.

Atlantic Coast Line—200 bales cotton; 11 casks spirits turpentine; 3 barrels tar.

Whitlock—16 barrels rosin.

Total—200 bales cotton; 11 casks spirits turpentine; 16 barrels rosin; 3 barrels tar.

### PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, McCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 21.—Market, quiet. Spanish—Farmers' Spanish, $1.30 per bu.; Jumbo Spanish, $1.25 per bu.; No. 1, shelled Spanish, 7½c. per lb.; No. 2, shelled Spanish, 5½c. per lb. Virginias—Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Fancy, 3½c to 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c.@3⅜c. per lb.; Prime, 3c. per lb.; Machine Picked, 2¾c.@3¼c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2c.@2½c. per lb.

### THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 24.—Money on call, easier at 2½@3¼; ruling rate, 3; closing bid, 2¼; offered at 2¾. Time loans, easier; sixty days, 4¼@4½ per cent.; ninety days, and six months, 4½@4⅝. Prime mercantile paper, 5 per cent. Sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8320 for sixty day bills, and at 4.8760 for demand. Commercial bills, 4.82¾. Bar silver, 61. Mexican dollars, 48½. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, heavy.

### DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, February 24.—Retailers are still buying novelty wash fabrics with considerable freedom. Wash goods are in good demand. Staple cotton goods are being bought from hand to mouth.

**Pale, Delicate Women and Girls.** The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.
(Advertisement.)

## STOCK MARKET BREAKS AGAIN

**Market Was Badly Upset During Morning Session—In Last Half Trading Was Quieter—Some Recovery Made.**

New York, February 24.—The action of the stock market today could not be explained as the result of alteration in conditions which determine speculative opinion. These conditions were little changed; in fact, some improvement might have been discerned had Wall Street been in a more cheerful frame of mind. But stocks again broke sharply, many important issues dropping to new low points. For a time during the morning quotations fell back at such a rapid rate that the market was badly upset. In the last half of the day trading was quieter, and some recovery was made, but fluctuations continued in a nervous, erratic manner.

The break began in Can, which gave way under a rapid fire from bear traders. Both the common and the preferred dropped about 6 points. Reading and Union Pacific also were heavily sold, the former losing 3¾. It is necessary to go back several years to duplicate low prices made by some stocks in the general decline which followed the slump in Can.

Northwestern sold at 1.83, the lowest since 1907; Southern Pacific at 98¾, the low point since 1908; Erie, at 26½, the first preferred at 42½, and Louisville and Nashville at 130⅝, touched the bottom figures since 1910.

The weakness among specialties which has been a recent feature of the market, was again apparent, such stocks as Rumely, Woolworth, Goodrich and Mexican Petroleum showing substantial losses. American Tobacco dropped 12 points.

The weakness of the market gave rise to various rumors, mainly concerning government proceedings against corporations, but none of them was substantiated. The decline served merely to illustrate the excess of bearishness in speculative opinion at present for today's selling appeared to be little more than a bear raid, the effect of which was augmented by the uncovering of some stop loss orders.

In another mood the Street might have derived some comfort from the more cheerful sentiment abroad, on expectations of peace in the Balkans. London bought 15,000 shares of stock.

Lehigh Valley's report of a $156,000 gain in net last month, a decrease in the number of idle freight cars, cheerful reports from Western traffic managers and the gain in surplus by the banks were developments which at other times might have been construed favorably.

The bond market continued to be heavy. Total sales, par value, $2,150,000. United States bonds, unchanged on call. Total sales of stocks today 462,400 shares.

### CLOSING STOCK LIST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amalgamated Copper | 66¼ |
| American Agricultural | 50⅝ |
| American Beet Sugar | 34¾ |
| American Can | 34½ |
| American Can, pfd | 118½ |
| American Car and Foundry | 49⅝ |
| American Cotton Oil | 48¾ |
| American Ice Securities | 22⅝ |
| American Linseed | 19¼ |
| American Locomotive | 35 |
| American Smelting and Ref | 67¼ |
| American Smelting and Ref., pfd | 103⅝ |
| American Sugar Refining | 115 |
| American Tel and Tel | 131¾ |
| American Tobacco | 237 |
| Anaconda Mining Co | 34⅜ |
| Atchison | 100⅝ |
| Atchison, pfd | 100 |
| Atlantic Coast Line | 123 |
| Baltimore and Ohio | 90⅜ |
| Bethlehem Steel | 35¼ |
| Brooklyn Rapid Transit | 87⅞ |
| Canadian Pacific | 231¼ |
| Central Leather | 26⅝ |
| Chesapeake and Ohio | 71¾ |
| Chicago Great Western | 14 |
| Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul | 107 |
| Chicago and North Western | 133 |
| Colorado Fuel and Iron | 32¼ |
| Consolidated Gas | 128 |
| Corn Products | 12⅞ |
| Delaware and Hudson | 160½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande | 19½ |
| Denver and Rio Grande, pfd | 55 |
| Distillers' Securities | 16¾ |
| Erie | 26⅞ |
| Erie, 1st pfd | 47⅛ |
| Erie, 2nd pfd | 33⅝ |
| General Electric | 136½ |
| Great Northern, pfd | 125½ |
| Great Northern Ore Ctfs | 34 |
| Illinois Central | 122 |
| Interborough-Met | 17⅛ |
| Interborough-Met., pfd | 57¾ |
| Inter Harvester | 107 |
| Inter-Marine, pfd | 17¾ |
| International Paper | 10½ |
| International Pump | 13 |
| Kansas City Southern | 24¾ |
| Laclede Gas | 90⅜ |
| Lehigh Valley | 154½ |
| Louisville and Nashville | 130½ |
| Minn., St. P. and Sault Ste Marie | 134½ |
| Missouri, Kansas and Texas | 25 |
| Missouri Pacific | 37 |
| National Biscuit | 111⅞ |
| National Lead | 48½ |
| Nat. Rys. of Mexico, 2nd pfd | 23¾ |
| New York Central | 105 |
| New York, Ont. and Western | 29½ |
| Norfolk and Western | 106⅜ |
| North American | 77½ |
| Northern Pacific | 115 |
| Pacific Mail | 25 |
| Pennsylvania | 118 |
| People's Gas | 109½ |
| Pittsburg, C. C. and St. Louis | 98⅜ |
| Pittsburg Coal | 19⅝ |
| Pressed Steel Car | 27¾ |
| Pullman Palace Car | 157 |
| Reading | 154½ |
| Republic Iron and Steel | 24⅜ |
| Republic Iron and Steel, pfd | 83 |
| Rock Island Co | 21⅝ |
| Rock Island Co., pfd | 37½ |
| St. Louis and San Fran., 2nd pfd | 24¾ |
| Seaboard Air Line | 18 |
| Seaboard Air Line, pfd | 44¼ |
| Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron | 38 |
| Southern Pacific | 90⅛ |
| Southern Railway | 25⅝ |
| Southern Railway, pfd | 78¾ |
| Tennessee Copper | 35⅞ |
| Texas and Pacific | 18 |
| Union Pacific | 154½ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 87 |
| United States Realty | 69 |
| United States Rubber | 50⅛ |
| United States Steel | 60⅝ |
| United States Steel, pfd | 107¾ |
| Utah Copper | 50½ |
| Virginia-Carolina Chemical | 31 |
| Wabash | 2⅞ |
| Wabash, pfd | 9¾ |
| Western Maryland | 41⅜ |
| Western Union | 67 |
| Westinghouse Electric | 68⅜ |
| Wheeling and Lake Erie | 5½ |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 24.—Spot cotton, moderate business done; prices, steady; American middling fair, 7.37; good middling, 7.03; middling, 6.81; low middling, 6.63; good ordinary, 6.29; ordinary, 5.95.

Sales, 8,000 bales, including 800 for speculation and export and included 7,600 American. Receipts, 7,000 bales, including 6,700 American.

Futures opened steady and closed steady. February, 5.64½; February and March, 6.54; March and April, 6.54; April and May, 6.53; May and June, 6.52½; June and July, 6.50½; July and August, 6.47; August and September, 6.38; September and October, 6.23½; October and November, 6.16½; November and December, 6.14; December and January, 6.13; January and February, 6.12.

### NAVAL STORES.

New York, February 24.—Turppentine, quiet. Machine barrels, 46¼.

Rosin—Steady; strained, common to good, 6.50 to 6.60.

Savannah, February 24.—Turpentine, firm, at 42¾; sales, 107; receipts, 235; shipments, 363; stocks, 18,828.

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 477; receipts, 1,616; shipments, 1,795; stocks, 124,726. Quote: A, B, 6.27½; C, D, 6.30; E, 6.42½; F, 6.45; G, 6.50; H, 6.60; I, 6.75; K, 6.90; M, 7.00; N, 7.05; W G, 7.10; W W, 7.15 to 7.30.

## THE WEATHER.

**United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.**

February 25, 1913.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 44 degrees; at 8 P. M., 48 degrees; maximum, 60 degrees; minimum, 32 degrees; mean, 51 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, 4.20.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 10.5 feet and falling.

**Weather Forecast.**

For North Carolina—Fair Tuesday; colder in south portion; Wednesday, fair.

**Port Calendar—February 25.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Sun rises | 6:46 A. M. |
| Sun sets | 6:05 P. M. |
| Day's length | 11 hrs. 19 min. |

**Tides.**

| | High water. A.M. | High water. P.M. | Low water. A.M. | Low water. P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wilmington | 1:04 | 1:24 | 8:22 | 8:34 |
| Southport | 11:10 | 11:32 | 5:10 | 5:24 |
| Masonboro Inlet | 10:41 | 11:13 | 4:41 | 4:55 |

**WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.**
February 24, 1913.

| STATIONS: | Weather at 8 P. M. | Temperature: Highest today. | Temperature: Lowest last night. | Rainfall, 24 hours ending, 8 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | clear | 54 | 24 | .0 |
| Asheville | cloudy | 44 | 34 | .0 |
| Atlanta | clear | 52 | 40 | .0 |
| Augusta | clear | 66 | 44 | .0 |
| Birmingham | clear | 48 | 38 | .0 |
| Boston | clear | 28 | 16 | .0 |
| Charleston | clear | 76 | 50 | .30 |
| Charlotte | pt cldy | 50 | 42 | .0 |
| Chicago | clear | 24 | 14 | .0 |
| Galveston | pt cldy | 78 | 48 | .0 |
| Jacksonville | clear | 74 | 55 | .0 |
| Memphis | clear | 36 | 30 | .0 |
| Mobile | clear | 64 | 54 | .0 |
| Montgomery | clear | 56 | 48 | .0 |
| New Orleans | clear | 62 | 54 | .0 |
| New York | clear | 34 | 16 | .0 |
| Oklahoma | clear | 36 | 18 | .0 |
| Pittsburg | snowing | 22 | 16 | .02 |
| Raleigh | clear | 46 | 34 | .0 |
| Savannah | clear | 72 | 52 | .0 |
| Shreveport | clear | 52 | 32 | .0 |
| St. Louis | pt cldy | 28 | 14 | .01 |
| Washington | pt cldy | 37 | 24 | .03 |

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

**Improvements to our Plant Made in 1913:**

1 60-inch Swing Latest Improved Wheel Lathe for turning Locomotive Tires, etc.

1 32-inch Swing Quick Change Screw Cutting Lathe.

1 Pair Alligator Shears. Cuts 30 cuts per minute.

1 Pair Angle Iron Cutters.

1 Pair Channel Iron Cutters.

1 Drag Cut Power Hack Saw.

1 Steam or Air Tire Machine for putting on and taking off Locomotive Tires.

1 Large Air Compressor for running High Speed Drills, Hammers, Clippers and Cutters.

1 Oxy-Acetylene Machine for Welding any Metals, broken parts of Cast Iron, Steel, Wrought Iron, Brass and Aluminum; also new process of making Castings, free of Sand and Blow Holes; also the improved **Herring Bone Grate Bars.** They create a natural up-draft that keeps them from burning out.

Why not send your Iron and Metal Work to US? We are the Iron Men. Call and see US work.

We buy Old Iron and Machinery.

**Wilmington Iron Works.**
Manufacturers & Dealers


**NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.**

In District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, at Wilmington, N. C.

United States of America, on relation of W. B. Thorpe and Company and other creditors of J. H. Brinson, ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

American Surety Company of New York ..... Defendant.

Whereas, the plaintiff above named has instituted an action in the above entitled Court against the above named defendant, to recover the sum due and owing to said plaintiff by J. H. Brinson, whereof the said defendant by proper bond became surety; Notice is hereby given to all creditors of the aforesaid J. H. Brinson, assured by the bond of the above named defendant, of the pendency of the above entitled action to the end that they may become parties thereto if they so desire.

Witness the Honorable H. G. Connor, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, at Wilmington, this the 24th day of February, A. D. 1913.

H. L. Grant, Clerk.
E. P. COLLIER, Deputy Clerk.
(SEAL.) fe25-3w


**FOR RENT**
**Store No. 18 Market Street**
Possession Given April 1st.
Apply To
**Sam'l Bear, Sr., Sons**
18 Market St.

'PHONE OR WRITE
**AHRENS**
About his S. C. White Leghorn Breeding Stock, Hatching Eggs and Baby Chicks.
Also dealer in Incubator and Poultry Supplies.
PINE GROVE POULTRY FARM.
ADOLPH G. AHRENS,
Proprietor.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
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**CREESE & CREESE.**
CHIROPRACTIC PHYSICIANS AND NERVE SPECIALISTS.
All forms of Disease successfully handled—90 per cent. relieved—by our method. Women's and Children's Diseases a Specialty
Consultation Free.
32-33 Garrell BLDG. 'PHONE 906.
RESIDENCE 'PHONE. . . 1981
ap 10-tf.

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**To Everybody**
We've got the location.
We've got the store.
We've got the goods.
We've got the service.
We've got the Prescriptionists—Registered nad Experienced.
We've got the drugs—pure and standard.
We've got the big, wide, middle, handsome entrance to the store, and we want all of our friends and customers to come therein, and when they can't call in, to 'phone us.
Use Rubright Liniment.
**J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY**
The Real Quality Drugstore


AT YOUR BEST
there is life—action—and a subtle play to your expression. These pleasing characteristics are caught by our fast lenses and reproduced in our portraits.
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'Phone 731. 507 Southern Bldg.

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PAINLESS DENTISTRY
NITROUS OXIDE GAS
Makes Dental work a pleasure. Absolutely no pain in filling teeth, or in Crown and Bridge work. Cleanest offices in the Carolinas. Graduate Nurse in attendance.
**DR. J. W. POWELL, Dentist**
Phone 1634. Garrell Building.

**Baby Chicks**
Hatching Eggs,
Baby Chicks,
$2.00 for 10;
$17.50 per 100.
Day-old Ducklings,
$2.50 for 10;
$22.50 per 100.
You can buy Baby Chicks cheaper than you can hatch them.
ORDER TODAY!
OCCONEECHEE FARM
HILLSBORO, N. C.

NOTICE
$25.00 Reward will be paid for evidence to convict any person or corporation who sets fire that burns any of my lands in this or any other county in this State. D. L. GORE,
120 N. Water Street, Wilmington, North Carolina.

ROBERT TUCKER, JR.
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
High Class Woodwork a Specialty.
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MADE BY H R Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK
ROOM 512. 'PHONE 813
**BLUE-PRINTS**
SOUTHERN BUILDING

**A Blow to High Prices**
Prices Crumble in Every Department at J. W. H. Fuchs' Department Store for the Entire Week.
It will be Worth Your Time to visit us and begin to make your Easter preparations. You will find the
LATEST STYLES IN NEW SPRING GOODS AT RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

15c white Lawn and checked Muslin ..... 10c
35c Foulards in dainty patterns ..... 19c
15c to 25c white Madras in mill end lengths, Special this week ..... 10c
50c Ravissante Dimities in dainty figures ..... 22c
35c Voile, with silk stripe only ..... 22c
15c Long Cloth ..... 10c
10c Figured Lawn ..... 5c

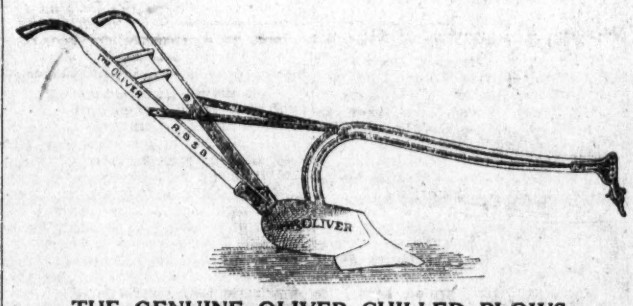
Ladies' and Misses' Spring Coat Suits in all the latest shades and styles in stock or made to your exact measure and a perfect fit guaranteed.
Our low prices on Men's and Boys' Clothing should appeal to every economical citizen. They are positively the lowest ever quoted in Wilmington.
A complete line of new Spring Footwear for Men, Women and Children. Specially priced for this week only.

**J. W. H. FUCHS**
DEPARTMENT STORE,
28 to 30 S. Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

**Prepared Roofings!**

"Amatite" Gravel Covered.
"Everlastic" Rubber Roofing; also full stock of "Tomb" Deadening Felt, Slaters' Felt, Sheathing Papers, Roofing Tin, Valley Tin.

**N. Jacobi Hardware Co.**
10 AND 12 SOUTH FRONT STREET.



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Don't let Anyone Make You Believe that Other Makes Are Just as Good.
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—Planet, Jr., Tools,
—Gem Guano Distributors.
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**Did You Ever?**
Give it a Thought that there are Some Clothes and Some Better Clothes? We handle the Better. All Fall and Winter Suits, Overcoats, and Pants of This Season's Styles.
**25% Off**
REGULAR PRICE.
Children's Felt Hats—One-Third Off.
**J. M. SOLKY & CO.**
ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS
'PHONE 617. MASONIC BLDG.

**SPRING MAID**
Be sure and hear the Spring Maid records before you see the show. If you can't see the show, 'phone us to send you the records of the songs. Then you can enjoy the show at home with your Victor.
**MAFFITT & WOOD**
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Phone No. 474. 16 and 18 North Water street.

# OFFICIAL INQUIRY TO BEGIN AT ONCE

(Continued from Page One.)

on the state of the country, but President Huerta insists upon a free choice of the people when peace is restored which will make this possible.

It is said that the new revolution attempted by Emilio and Raefoul Madero, brothers of the late President, is making little headway.

Mexico City, Feb. 24.—The official investigation into the death of Madero and Suarez on Saturday night, is to be begun at once, but the general belief prevails that it will substantiate the official versions of the occurrence.

The fact that the bodies of the two statesmen were recovered in the rear of the penitentiary was explained today by the statement that a second encounter occurred close to the building. It is said the automobiles ran along a side road and that Madero and Suarez jumped out and were running when they were caught between the fire of the guards and the attacking party, this accounting for the wounds being inflicted on them from different directions.

Provisional President Huerta and other authorities here are earnest in declarations that the government was acting in good faith and that the death of the prisoners was due solely to unforeseen circumstances.

With the passing of Francisco Madero the general opinion prevails that the tenseness of the situation has been relieved. There is a marked tendency on the part of all classes to accept the new order of things. From various parts of the country reports have been received telling of further adhesions to the new administration.

The morning newspapers heralded the new era and prophesy immediate peace and the early resumption of prosperous conditions. Gen. Huerta's government undoubtedly has, for the present at least, the upper hand in the country.

A committee of followers of Zapata arrived today to discuss arrangements to bring about peace in the South.

Reports from Oaxaca indicate the disaffected Indians there have been placated.

Juan Sanchez Azcona, Madero's private secretary, was released from prison today. Answering the offer made by Gen. Emiliano Zapata, the Southern rebel leader, that he would recognize the new government if its programme was along promised progressive lines, Gen. Huerta, the provisional President, today sent envoys with such assurances to the insurgent chiefs in the States of Mexico, Guerrero and Morelos.

Through his secretary, Gen. Huerta said the government would adopt such principles of the San Louis Potosi plan as revised in Tacabuca as were compatible.

Gen. Aeruelle Blanquet, military commander of the Federal district, probably will be appointed Governer of the State of Mexico. Gen. Joaquin Maas, it is understood, is slated for the Governorship of the State of Vera Cruz.

Boris Gorow, a naturalized American, was killed in an attack made by a force of rebels on a mine in the Ixatlan district of Tepec, February 20th. Ramon Gorzueta, a Spaniard, also was killed. Two American employes and one British workman are missing. They are Alfred Bromley, a British engineer, and David Sanda and Charles Budd. The houses and mills of the mining company were sacked.

"For all the victims," are the words which, on a field of black, will hang for three days across the Chamber of Deputies building in memory of all those who lost their lives in the revolutionary outbreak which began in 1910.

The memorial streamer is a compromise growing out of a resolution to have the sessions of the chamber suspend for nine days out of respect to Madero and Suarez. The resolution provoked a spirited discussion, but failed of adoption and a substitute measure providing for a memorial to all the victims was then passed with the understanding that it include a tribute of respect to the dead ex-President and ex-Vice President.

It was learned late tonight that the government has refused permission for the transfer of the bodies of Madero and Suarez, respectively, to Coquilla and Yucatan, giving as a reason that it does not desire to afford the people of these States an excuse for demonstrations.

The Legislature of the State of Morelos has appealed to the central government for troops declaring that Zapatista raids have been renewed there. The appeal said that on Sunday five haciendas were burned and that at the movement of the sending of the telegraphic request for aid another was burned about two miles from Curnavaca.

Opposition in the Chamber of Deputies to a resolution calling for an immediate holding of general elections resulted in an interpellation of the Minister of the Interior to confirm or refute the statement that the country is yet in a state of revolution.

Mexico will reply to the note sent the government by the State Department at Washington, September 15th, last, without delay and American claims for damages growing out of the revolution will receive prompt attention.

Incidentally several other matters pending between the two governments will not be permitted to drag as in the past, according to assurances given verbally to Ambassador Wilson today by President Huerta.

Unofficially, Mr. Wilson called the attention of the new President to various matters remaining unsettled between the two governments and urged that attention be given them, not necessarily in accordance with international law, but on the basis of the friendship existing between the two nations.

It will be remembered that last September the State Department at Washington forwarded a note to the Madero administration, the contents of which, while never made public, were generally understood to contain a sharp admonition to Mexico to give immediate attention to the demands of Americans for indemnity by reason of loss of life and property during the revolution. It also was alleged to contain a demand for adequate protection of American interests.

To this note no adequate reply ever was made, Mexico attempting to deny the truth of some of the allegations contained in it and to justify her past actions regarding others. This was followed by further representations from Washington, of which it was said that they "did not require an answer."

The matters which Mr. Wilson cited today and was assured would be given prompt attention, were the Colorado river controversy and the dispute over the Chamizal boundary tract at El Paso.

### Story of Madero's Murder

Mexico City, February 23.—Francisco I. Madero and Jose Pino Suarez are dead. In the midnight ride under guard from the National Palace to the penitentiary they were killed.

The circumstances surrounding the death of the deposed President and Vice President of the Republic are unknown, except as given in official accounts, which do not in all cases conform. The only witnesses were those actually concerned in the killing.

The Provisional President, Gen. Victoriano Huerta, says the killing of the two men was incidental to a fight between their guards and a party attempting to liberate them. The minister of foreign relations, Francisco DeLaBarra, adds that the prisoners attempted to escape. Neither makes a definite statement as to which side fired the fatal shots. It is not impossible that neither knows.

An official investigation has been ordered to determine the responsibility, and promises have been made that the guilty will be punished.

Not unnaturally, a great part of the public regards the official versions with doubt, having in mind the use for centuries of the notorious "Ley Fuga," the unwritten law which is invoked when the death of a prisoner is desired. After its application there is written on the records: "Prisoner shot trying to escape."

Senora Madero, widow of the ex-President, received the first definite information of his death from the Spanish minister, Senor Cologan y Cologan. She already had heard reports that something unusual and serious had happened but friends had endeavored up to that time to prevent her from learinng the whole truth.

Soon afterwards, accompanied by her brother, Jose Perez, and Mercedes Madero, a sister of Francisco, Senora Madero drove to the penitentiary but was refused permission to see the body of her husband. Senora Suarez also was denied admittance to the mortuary where physicians, in accordance with the law, were performing an autopsy.

In contrast to the widow, whose grief was of a pitiably silent character, expressed in sobs, Mercedes Madero, a beautiful young woman, educated in Paris, who has been a brilliant leader of society since the revolution of 1910, was dry-eyed and tigerish in her emotions. By the side of the two women whose husbands had been killed, the girl hurled accusations at the officers who barred the entrance.

"Cowards! Assassins!" she called them, her voice pitched high while the officers stared impassively.

"You! The men who fired on a defenceless man! You and your superior officers are traitors!"

No effort was made to remove the women, nor did the officers attempt to silence them. Senora Madero continued weeping and the girl did not cease her hysterical tirade until the arrival of the Spanish minister and the Japanese charge, who came to offer their services.

The minister spoke with the officers in charge, but was told that on account of the autopsy it would be impossible for any one to see the bodies. Later in the day, they said, the request would be complied with. The diplomats then conducted the women away from the penitentiary.

Madero's father and Rafael Hernandez, former minister of the interior, and other friends made efforts early in the day to recover the bodies, and it was said this afternoon that the American ambassador, Henry Lane Wilson, had interested himself and secured the promise of Minister DeLaBarra that the bodies should be delivered to their families for burial.

The tragedy occurred shortly after midnight. Madero and Suarez, who had been prisoners in the National Palace since their arrest on Tuesday last, were placed in an automobile, which was accompanied by another car and escorted by 100 rurales, under the orders of Commandant Francisco Cardenas and Col. Rafael Pimiento.

With instructions not to outdistance the escort, the cars moved slowly. No incident occurred until they had reached a point near the penitentiary, where, in an open place, the guards' attention was attracted, according to the official version, to a group of persons following. Shots were fired at the escort out of the darkness. The rurales closed in and ordered the prisoners out of the car.

Thirty of the guards surrounded the prisoners, while the remainder disposed themselves to resist an attack. About 50 men, some afoot and some mounted, threw themselves on the detachment guarding the cars and the exchange of shots lasted 20 minutes, when the attacking party fled. The dead bodies of Madero and Suarez were then found.

The body of Madero shows only one wound. A bullet entered the back of the head and emerged at the forehead. The body of Pino Suarez shows many wounds, entering from in front.

Of the male members of the Madero family only two now are in the capital. One is Francisco Madero, the father, who bitterly opposed his son's conducting a revolution in 1910 and rode across Northern Mexico in an effort to overtake and dissuade him. The other is Ernesto Madero, the former minister of finance, an uncle, though only one year older than the late President.

Gustavo Madero, a brother, was obliged to submit to the "fugitive law" the day after the deposition of the President and was shot down in the arsenal.

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London, Feb. 24.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says the Porte is secretly negotiating with Italy for the sale of the islands of Rhodes, Leros and Stampada for $16,000,000. The correspondent adds that Turkey's need of money has resulted in recent wholesale granting of concessions to foreigners for copper and mica mines and oil deposits in Asia Minor.

# WILL HAVE TROOPS READY FOR WILSON

(Continued from Page One.)

command of the Brownsville company of the Texas National Guard:

"Notify Mexican commander at Matamoras who is demanding money that if he harms a single Texan his life will be demanded as a forfeit."

### Texans Demand Action.

Austin, Texas, Feb. 24.—The Texas Legislature and Governor Colquitt today took up the Mexican situation. Senator Collins introduced a resolution that Texas go on record as demanding intervention.

Another resolution that the United States terminate "outrageous conditions existing in Mexico", but does not name the method for so doing. Neither has been acted upon.

A third resolution signed already by 30 members of the House is under preparation for introduction in that body demanding that the United States take some action.

The Governor is planning to send a special message to the Legislature on the Mexican situation. He will ask special appropriations to protect any expense he may incur in policing the border.

### Demand Intervention.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 24.—The lower House of the Kansas Legislature today passed a resolution declaring it looked with horror upon the murder of President Madero and his Vice President, and demanding that steps be taken by the United States to protect the lives of American citizens in Mexico.

### Intervention Favored.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 24.—A resolution declaring that Oklahoma favors intervention in Mexico was introduced today by Representative Rexroat, of Ardmore. The resolution was opposed and went over until tomorrow. It denounces the killing of Madero and Suarez as a disgrace to civilization and asks Congress to take steps to bring about peace in Mexico.

### Serious Clash May Result

Washington, Feb. 24.—A serious clash may result between Federal troops and the Texas National Guard at Brownsville, Texas, should the latter attempt to cross the Rio Grande to the relief of Americans alleged to be imperiled in Matamoras, Mexico.

When the War Department at midnight learned that Governor Colquitt had issued orders for four companies of Texas militiamen to proceed to Brownsville, orders were telegraphed at once to Brigadier General E. Z. Stover, in charge of the Federal troops on the border, to send to Brownsville immediately such a force as he "deemed necessary" and "under no circumstances to permit the crossing of the river except under the specific orders of the Secretary of War."

## ADAMSON BILL PASSED

### Senate Passes Measure Requiring Physical Valuation of Railroads

Washington, Feb. 24.—The Adamson bill requiring the Inter-State Commerce Commission to ascertain the actual value of the property of all railroads, telegraph and telephone companies and other common carriers passed the Senate tonight at the end of a short debate and with practically no opposition. Change made in the bill by the Senate from the form in which it passed the House will require a conference, but it is believed all differences will be adjusted and the bill be sent to the President before this session adjourned.

The valuation bill is designed to furnish a basis recognized by the courts for fixing equitable freight, passenger and public service charges. The proposed law would require that the Inter-State Commerce Commission determine the original cost of all common carriers' property up to the present time, the cost of reproduction, if they were to be built over again, the value of all properties held by them and the value of their intagible properties such as franchises, good will and "going value."


## Cure Malaria? Sure! It's Easy.

**Gets it Right Out of Your System. You Feel Better at Once and the Cure is Sure.**

You can drive the worst case of malaria right out of you with S. S. S.

It tingles your nerve centers, puts strength into your muscles, braces up your appetite and makes your blood fairly sparkle with new life. If you can hardly drag one foot after the other S. S. S. will soon put snap and vigor into your every movement. It is the most bracing medicine ever discovered.

You don't wait for results; you feel the effect right away, as S. S. S. is just as natural to the blood as that you should think or see or exercise any of the senses. Hundreds of people hereabouts know S. S. S. They have used it for years and all have marveled the way it cures malaria, knocks rheumatism, drives all forms of blood poison out of the system, cures eczema, sores, boils, scrofula, itching and all skin eruptions. You will find S. S. S. on sale at any drug store at $1.00 a bottle, and its absolute purity and freedom from all poisonous drugs is absolutely guaranteed. If there is anything peculiar about your case that you want to know more about write in confidence to Medical Department, The Swift Specific Co., 127 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. But do not neglect to get a bottle of S. S. S. to-day, sure, and cure that malaria.


## COURT IN COLUMBUS.

### Judge Ferguson is Presiding—New Court House—Other Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Feb. 24.—The regular February term of Superior Court for the trial of criminal and civil cases convened here today with Judge Garland S. Ferguson, of Waynesville, as presiding judge. There are a dozen jail cases, two of these being negroes who will be tried for rape. It is probable that court will be adjourned for one or two days in order to give those who are interested in securing a new court house an opportunity to go before the Senate committee at Raleigh.

The question of securing a new court house still continues to be the chief matter of discussion. The bill has already gone through the House and will come before the Senate this week. It is believed that this body will also vote favorably on this measure, and that a new building is a certainty.

Miss Elizabeth Baxley, who has for the last year been stenographer in the insurance office of her brother, Mr. William H. Baxley, has taken a position as stenographer in the office of Mr. John C. Drewry of Raleigh, and left today to take up her new duties. She is a very capable young woman, and has many friends here who regret to see her leave.

Judge Francis D. Winston, of Windsor, has accepted an invitation to deliver the commencement address at the commencement exercises of the Graded School, which will take place the latter part of May.

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Washington, Feb. 24.—The acceptance of a gift of 5,000 acres of land near Tullehoma, Tenn., for an army maneuver ground, was authorized today by the Senate Committee on Indian Affairs. The bill approved today had passed the House.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bijou—Motion Pictures.
H. L. Vollers—Seed Potatoes.
D. L. Gore Co.—Seed Potatoes.
American National Bank—Parents.
Culbreth & Culbreth—Brushing the Teeth.

### Business Locals.

Lost—Breastpin.
Lost—Coin Purse.
Wanted—Carpenters.
Wanted—Incubator.
Lost—Gold Spectacles.
C. N. Leonard—For Sale.
Wanted—Gentleman Boarder.
D. A. Williams—Upholstering.
Boys' Brigade—Myron Whitney.
For Rent—Unfurnished Rooms.
Palace Market—Florida Oranges.
Wilder & Metts—Carolina Heights.

# BUSINESS LOCALS

**Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, but a small charge for "strictly" Messenger Service calls will be made, or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams; bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union." But for advertisements, always call the Star office, No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.**

**LOST**—Brown leather coin purse, containing three $1.00 bills, one dime and one nickle, between Kress' and People's Supply Co. Loser an orphan, and can ill afford the loss. Finder will please 'phone 1031-J. fe25-1t

**CAROLINA HEIGHTS LOT**—Size, 40x100, on Nineteenth, between Market and Princess. If sold this week the price is $1,350. This is a real bargain. Call and ask us to show it to you. Wilder & Metts, Agents.

**MYRON F. WHITNEY**, American Operatic basso, formerly with Mme. Lillian Nordica and Miss Marguerite Valentine, celebrated English pianist. Boys' Brigade, Monday, March 31st. Tickets, 75c fe25-1m

**PRIVATE BOARD**—One gentleman can secure comfortable small room, with board, in private family. 'Phone 1960. fe25-1t*

**INCUBATOR** wanted. Second hand, stating capacity, make, how long in use Must be in good order. Address Box 618, City, stating capacity, make, how long in use, and price. fe25--1t*

**EXTRA FANCY** Florida oranges and grape fruit just received. Very best of season. We keep the best beef, veal, lamb, and pork, in the city. Nice celery, lettuce and tomatoes. Palace Market, 'Phone 72. fe25-tf

**FOR RENT** — Four nice unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping from March 1st. Electric lights, telephone, etc. Within one block car line. Apply 403 South Fifth street. fe25-1t*

**LOST**—One pair gold spectacles in case, between Seventh and Dock and Third and Ann streets. For reward, return to 124 Princess st. fe25-1t*

**WANTED AT ONCE**—Good carpenters at Armour's new building, on Water st. fe25-2t*

**FOR UPHOLSTERING**, repairing, painting, varnishing, packing furniture, overhauling and manufacturing mattresses, cushions, chair seating, carpet and matting work, see D. A. Williams, 803 N. Seventh street. fe25-1t*

**FOR SALE**—Several nicely located lots, in the growing town of Bolivia, and at reasonable prices. Now is the time to buy before they advance in price. Also have some timber for sale right near this place. Would be glad to see anyone interested in real estate. C. N. Leonard, Real Estate and Insurance, Bolivia, N. C. fe25-1t*

**FOR SALE**—One Jersey cow, 4 years old; also one Jersey heifer. E. D. Williams, East Wilmington. fe23-2t*

**THE PURCELL HOTEL** can accommodate a limited number of gentlemen roomers. Rates reasonable. fe23-7t

**FOR RENT**—Front room, southern exposure, privilege of bath. Apply 411 Walnut street. fe23-2t

**WANTED** — Second hand, good condition, Standard or New Home sewing machine. 'Phone 1026-W. fe23-1t*

**MEN** — We will teach you the barber trade quickly, cheaply, thoroughly, and furnish tools. Write for catalogue. Moler College, Atlanta, Ga. fe23-3t*

**FOR SALE** or Exchange. One 50 H.-P. boiler, practically new, in service 8 months; one 35 H. P. Liddell engine, as good as new. For sale at a bargain, or would exchange for a lighter outfit. W. T. Poindexter, Richardson, N. C. fe23-3t*

**TIMBER WANTED**—Owners of good-sized timber tracts in Eastern North Carolina will please address Box 623, Norfolk, Va., giving full particulars and price. fe20-6t*

**WANTED** — Contraltos for Episcopal church choir. Tuition in exchange for services. Write "Organist," care Star. fe23-7t

**THE PLACE** to get that nice, tender, juicy North Carolina beef is 705 Castle street. Free delivery any place in the city, Carolina Heights and Delgado. Special attention to 'phonce orders. 'Phone No. 1243. J. H. T. Craig & Co. fe18-6t*

**WE HAVE** it all for you today—Extra fancy beef, veal, lamb and pork. Nice grape fruit, lettuce, celery and cranberries. Fancy tomatoes, fresh bell peppers. Country butter, 25c lb.; Smithfield hams, Morning Joy coffee. Sweet apple cider. Palace Market; phone 72. fe22-tf

**WANTED**—Band sawyer; also head block setter. Write or wire at once, stating wages. Steady job and good location. Kingsdale Lumber Corporation, Lumberton, N. C. fe22-3t

**FOR RENT**—12 acres good trucking land on Masonboro macadam road and Hewlett Creek. Dwelling house and barn. See R. L. Williams, Cape Fear Club. fe22-4t*

**WANTED**—Good man to handle line of ciders and vinegars. Exclusive territory and high grade goods. Liberal commissions; weekly settlements. Exclusive or side line. References required. Redlands Mfg. Co., Richmond, Va. fe22-3t*

**WANTED**—Several job press feeders. None but competent feeders need apply. Wilmington Stamp & Printing Company. fe20-6t

**FOR SALE**—A station wagon in good condition. 'Phone 1285-J. fe21-4t*

**SEED POTATOES**—Irish Cobblers, Early Rose, Bliss, Triumph; also table potatoes, cabbage, apples, oranges, etc. R. B. Moore & Co., Wholesale Commission Merchants, 112 N. Water street. fe14-tf

**TIMBER FOR SALE** — 7,000,000 feet of long and short leaf pine and cypress. Address E. Sellers, Ivanhoe, N. C. fe15-10t*

**IF YOU WANT** to buy or hire horses or mules, one or carload, see us. Cash or on time with good security. Price and satisfaction guaranteed; 17th and Dock streets; phone 610-J. Kentucky Horse & Mule Co., y F. T. Mills, manager. fe16-tf

**WHEN IN NEED** of money, see Uncle Charles, 16 South Front street. All business strictly confidential. ja11-tf

**SWEET POTATO SLIPS**—I am headquarters for Early Big Stem Jersey plants. Now ready for shipment. Six other leading varieties. All guaranteed true to name and of the best quality. Special prices for all varieties on orders received before March 15th. Write at once for descriptive catalogue and prices. J. R. Davis, Bartow, Fla. fe16-13t*

**THE PHOTO SHOP**—"What it takes to make high class portraits; we've got it." Amateur films finished. Exterior views a specialty. Artistic baby pictures. fe18-1m

**THE GILBERT HOUSE**—Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all cars. Electric lights and hot water. Steam heat. Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Transient, $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Rates to regular and table boarders. de8-tf

# DIAMONDS

A SPECIALTY

## A. O. Schuster

JEWELER,
104 North Front St.

# Seed Potatoes

IRISH COBBLERS.
RED BLISS,
WHITE BLISS,
EARLY ROSE.

**Above Varieties now in our Warehouse. Send your orders for Prompt Shipment.**

## D. L. GORE COMPANY

**Wholesale Grocers and Importers.**
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Papa Puts One Over—Comic.
Miss Aubry's Love Affair—Comic.
The Buckskin Coat—Dramatic.

## BIJOU

TODAY.

# Parents, Attention!

No matter what heritage you leave—your child will some day be dependent on SELF.

If left with a fortune already earned, the habits formed in early years will determine how wisely that fortune will be spent or used.

The best object lesson your child can have in the care of money and its earning power is a savings account at this bank. A dollar will start it. We pay 4 per cent. interest on savings.

## The American National Bank

Wilmington, N. C.

E. H. Holmes. W. M. Atkinson. J. H. Holmes.

# Holmes & Atkinson

"Quality Grocers"

22 SOUTH FRONT STREET

**It is with a great deal of pleasure that we wish to announce the formation of this partnership. We are going to conduct a Modern Grocery Store, in which Quality, Cleanliness and Service will be our motto.**

E. H. HOLMES,
W. M. ATKINSON,
J. H. HOLMES.

# *Southern Shorthand and Business University*

**I. O. O. F. BUILDING, Corner Third and Princess Sts.**
**WILMINGTON, : : : : N. C.**

This school is a branch of the famous business schools of the South that bears its name—The Southern Shorthand & Business University (not "The Southern Commercial Schools.")

Every young man or young woman who attends this school will be assured of a thorough course of instruction in all commercial branches and a position at the completion of his or her course.

OUR TYPEWRITING DEPARTMENT is equipped with all new typewriters of the latest make.

**DAY AND NIGHT SESSIONS**
**INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION**

CALL AND SEE US, OR WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.

J. M. RESSLER, President. E. C. BOWERSOCK, Business Manager.

# Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

## Condensed Statement

FEB. 4th, 1913.

| RESOURCES: | | LIABILITIES: | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Loans | $ 874,734.48 | Capital Stock | $ 50,000.00 |
| Real Estate and Building Account | 85,179.38 | Surplus and Net Profits | 110,047.29 |
| Furniture and Fixtures | 100.00 | Accrued Interest Due | |
| Cash and Reserve | 83,063.81 | Depositors | 3,500.00 |
| | | Deposits | 879,530.38 |
| Total | $1,043,077.67 | Total | $1,043,077.67 |

C. N. EVANS, President.
MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.

# SEED POTATOES

Just received:
500 bags IRISH COBBLERS. Choice stock.
Write for Prices.

## H. L. VOLLERS

FOOT OF WALNUT STREET.

# MAINE GROWN POTATOES

176 bags Irish Cobblers.
142 bags White Bliss.
110 bags Early Rose.
890 bags Potato Guano.
180 bags White Oats.
176 bags Golden Oats.
277 bags Ship Stuff.
192 bags Wheat Bran.
372 bags Cotton Seed Meal.
290 bags Feed Meal.
160 bags C. S. Hulls.

## W. B. Cooper Co.

Wholesale Grocers,

# Seed Potatoes

300 sacks Irish Cobblers.
200 sacks Red Bliss.
50 sacks Early Rose.
50 bushels Yellow Onion sets.
10,000 sacks Guano, all grades.
1,000 boxes Damaged Job Tobacco.

Also carry a full line of other groceries, which will be sold on a close margin, and all orders will have careful and prompt attention.

## J. W. BROOKS

Wholesale Grocer,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

H. DeW. RAPALJE
CONSULTING ENGINEER.
Room 511 Southern Building.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

—W. H. JAMES—
Contractor and Builder
All Carpenter Work Done Satisfactorily.
Call 'Phone 1334.

SECOND SECTION

# THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 12

VOL. XCI—NO. 130. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 25, 1913. WHOLE NUMBER 13,256.

## NEW YORK'S GREATEST SCHOOL

### Model Institution in Gotham—Water Power Problem Knotty—Great Pageant Planned—"Suicide Hall" is No More

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Feb. 22.—The world's most up-to-date school is now a part of New York's educational system as a result of the opening here of the city's newest high school, which at the same time is one that in the opinion of famous educators marks the beginning of a new educational epoch.

This unique school will be larger than any except a few of the great universities, having accommodations for 5,900 pupils and 228 instructors. Its curriculum will include many branches of practical training on a scale not hitherto attempted. For example, there is a seven-room furnished apartment, in which the students of domestic science can struggle with the problems of housekeeping under actual conditions, and a model banking institution in which the future leaders of high finance can master its intricacies in a manner never before possible. Then there are the garment factory with many sewing rooms in which management and other details of the garment trade will be taught, a bookbinding plant in which pupils may take a complete course in this industry, a miniature "zoo" for the study of animal life, and a roof conservatory in which horticultural knowledge may be gained in regular classes. While vocational training is provided for in many ways hitherto unattempted, the care for the physical welfare and recreation of the students has been provided for along lines equally unique. For these purposes the new school contains a theatre with a seating capacity of 1,500 in which historic ability may be encouraged, basketball courts, gymnasiums in which particular attention will be paid to the physical deficiencies of the students together with their upbuilding, shower baths and a lunch room in which 700 pupils can eat at one time. As the most advanced of the newer education, particular attention will be paid to this most up-to-date school in the world, by means of which New York expects to establish a new standard of practical education.

* * *

As the result of a situation which is likely to attract more than ordinary attention before it is finally settled, New York is now extremely busy trying to find out what if any is her policy concerning her waterpower development. With the whole question of waterpowers throughout the country assuming greater importance this State has apparently no workable policy, two lawyers of National prominence having taken directly opposite views of the matter in connection with the situation which it is hoped will lead to the establishment of a fixed policy which will at least clear up the present muddle and make it possible for persons or companies wishing to develop waterpowers to do so with the knowledge that the State is acting in good faith. The case which has brought matters to a head is that of the Long Sault Development Company in the northern part of the State, to which a charter was granted in 1907, when Hughes was Governor. Since then the company has invested about $1,500,000 and planned to invest $50,000,000 more. With the incoming of the present administration at Albany, however, a bill was introduced to repeal the charter as being unconstitutional. The Attorney General is of the opinion that it is, while Henry Taft, a brother of the President, is just as certain that it is not, and there the matter stands for the present, at least. Meanwhile, the company having spent large sums of money in good faith faces a heavy loss if its charter is revoked. Of course, the matter will go to the courts and be watched with much interest not only because of its effect on the State's waterpower policy but also because it will demonstrate whether or not the State can issue such charters and then revoke them at will. Under such chaotic conditions capital is not likely to be attracted to the development of the State's waterpowers and for this reason, if no other, it is hoped that the present case will result in a fixed and dependable policy on the part of the State.

* * *

Provided plans mature as now expected, New York will see next Summer the greatest pageant in the history of the country, one undertaken on such an enormous scale as to make anything of the sort ever attempted seem insignificant by comparison. According to the present plans, this pageant of the world will be divided into five episodes, four of which will represent the four quarters of the earth. The North will be typified by American Indian and Esquimaux scenes, the South by African scenes, the East by India and the West by Hawaii, and there will also be a grand processional. The size of the undertaking is indicated by the fact that there will be more than 30,000 people in the combined exposition and dramatic performance and 8,000 performers on the stage. As is the case in most of New York's productions, this will be tried elsewhere before coming to this city, and no less a place than Chicago has been selected for its try out. Curiously enough New York with practically every kind of attraction yet invented knows little or nothing about pageants and the same thing is true of the whole country. In England on the other hand these spectacles are so numerous that a special profession of "pageant directors" has grown up, which is unknown in this country. However, it may be that this pageant will introduce this profession here, for instead of importing an English director the spectacle will be in the hands of an American, Percy J. Burrell, who as president of the New England Conservatory of Music alumni, has gained the knowledge which led to his selection as pageant master because of the effectiveness of conservatory methods in preparation for managerial jobs. At any rate New York is already interested in the possibility of seeing for the first time a real pageant of enormous proportions since anything really new is the one thing calculated to arouse the jaded amusement seeker here.

* * *

Restaurant owners received a rude blow here this week and owners of hats, overcoats and umbrellas long sought for protection through a decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court to the effect that in spite of any signs which they might display to the contrary restaurant owners are responsible for these garments when they belong to their customers. All over the country the practice has obtained for years in restaurants and safes of displaying signs to the effect that the management was not responsible for hats, overcoats and umbrellas, unless they were checked. For many decades the customer has patiently borne the burden thus imposed of keeping one eye on his garments and the other on his food. Now, however, as a result of this decision he can devote himself to his meal with the assurance that if at the end of his repast his coat and hat which he carefully placed upon a hook behind him are missing at the end, it is the restaurant owner and not himself who will have to do the worrying. As a result of this decision which was brought about through the suit of a man who did not believe in signs and sued a restaurant for the value of his hat and coat which were missing at the end of his meal, in spite of the warnings displayed disclaiming responsibility, it should now be possible to concentrate attention on a meal instead of dividing it between food and garments. Incidentally those persons who make a livelihood from the tips for checking coats, and hats in hotels and restaurants may find their income diminished as the patron's comfort is increased.

* * *

Through the death from tuberculosis of "Suicide Hall" McGurk, the Bowery has lost one of the most picturesque figures of its varied history. Even though he has not taken any active part in Bowery life for a decade or more, the man with the sinister sobriquet who was at one time a power, is still well remembered. As a keeper of cheap saloons and dives, McGurk gained his nickname from the appalling number of suicides which occurred in his places. As late as 1899 there were no less than 13 suicides or attempted suicides in "Suicide Hall" as one of his four places came to be called. "Suicide John" had many friends in the old days in spite of the disrepute of his places where knockout drops were administered to sailors or anyone else who looked to be worth robbing. He was often arrested but invariably the police in court forgot much of their evidence and he always escaped. Finally in 1902, then Acting Captain Churchill closed him up. It was said that McGurk had the backing of the Sullivans. Anway Churchill did not stay on the force long after he closed McGurk's. A t one time McGurk was credited with being worth $500,000 but all he owned at his death was a small equity in the property at 295 Bowery, the old "Suicide Hall."

—LONGACRE.

## PROSPEROUS RELIGIOUS BODY.

### Some Facts in Regard to Disciples of Christ Denomination.

One of the most vigorous and rapidly growing religious bodies in America is the "Christian Church", or Disciples of Christ. In about one hundred years this communion has come to number a million and a quarter in this country alone, and there are tens of thousands in other lands like England, Scotland, Scandinavia, Australia, Japan, China, India, Philippine Islands and Africa. The United States census reports show that this people ranks among the first in the percentage of growth. They have a large lumber of colleges, and these institutions are growing and prosperous. Their ministry numbers no less than 6,000, and some of the ablest preachers in America are to be found in their pulpits.

This religious body has placed before itself a great task. Its standards are high. They seek to restore the New Testament church in unity and ordinances, and teaching, and life and spirit. They have made a valuable contribution to the growing sentiment for Christian union, which is so rapidly spreading everywhere. They stand for civic ideals and place important emphasis upon real temperance reform. The late Rev. Sam P. Jones, the well known evangelist, said he never saw a preacher among this people that did not ring clear on the temperance question. Their membership includes a number of men in public life like Speaker Champ Clark, of Missouri; United States Senator Oliver, of Pennsylvania, and others. It will be remembered that President Garfield was a leading and active member in this body.

The Disciples of Christ are a strong and an aggressive missionary body, both home and foreign. Their strongest organization is probably the Foreign Christian Missionary Society, with headquarters in Cincinnati. This society conducts missions in foreign lands, Japan, China, India, Africa, etc. The membership in the foreign fields has about doubled in the past decade. The society supports 99 schools and colleges in the foreign fields, with 5,400 students. And, besides, it sustains 25 hospitals and as many medical missionaries, and last year 157,000 patients were treated. The income of this organization last year was over $400,000, and the amount aimed at this year is $500,000. The first Sunday in March is the day appointed for all the Christian churches to contribute to this world-wide enterprise. No doubt the churches in this community will contribute with their characteristic liberality. The rally of all these churches the first Sunday in March is an important event among the Disciples. A large number of new missionaries will be sent out to the fields this year.

The next International Convention will be held in Toronto, Ontario, October, 1913. The last convention was held in Louisville, Ky., October, 1912, and more than 5,000 were prseent.

## Y. W. C. A. TO MEET.

### Great Convention to be Held in Richmond, Va., in April.

Richmond, Va., is to have the honor this Spring of entertaining the fourth biennial convention of the National Young Women's Christian Association movement. From April 9th to 15th there will be gathered in that city over 1,000 representative women from all parts of the United States. In addition there will be honorary guests representing the National Association movement in many of the countries of Europe and Asia. This will be the largest gathering of women that the South has ever seen and will be the widest in its interest and influence.

Among well known people who will be there are Miss Grace Dodge, of New York City, president of the National Board; Mrs. Helen Gould Sheppard, who is a well known member of that board; Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, another member, and other women who are known for leadership in church, civic, and educational lines in every section of the country.

Headquarters of the convention will be at the Jefferson Hotel and the day sessions will be held at the old St. Peter's Episcopal church. This is entirely self-entertaining, even in its one social event, which will be a reception given by the National Board at the Jefferson one evening during the convention.

Some of the most interesting features will be an out-of-door pageant on Saturday afternoon, presented by Association girls and illustrative of association ideals and activities. Over 500 girls and young women from neighboring associations, both in cities and colleges, will take part in this pageant. It is under the direction of a committee of which Miss Gertrude McArthur, of New York, is chairman. She was also chairman of the great Missionary pageant committee in New York City a couple of years ago. Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Norfolk, Richmond, Lynchburg, city associations will be represented in this, and some of the largest student associations, such as Randolph-Macon Woman's College, Sweet Briar, Goucher, Hollins, etc.

On Saturday night there will be a large student mass meeting presided over by Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, who will speak on what membership in a student association means to the college girl. Miss Wilson was actively connected with the association at Goucher College, from which she was graduated in 1908, and has been prominent in volunteer work in association lines since her graduation.

Some of the speakers for the convention will be: President James G. K. McClure, D. D., LL.D., McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago; Rev. Cornelius Woelfwin, pastor Fifth Avenue Baptist church, New York City; Dr. Graham Taylor, of Chicago; Mrs. Robert E. Speer, of New York City; Miss Ruth Rouse, of England; Mrs. Wallace Radcliffe, of Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Raymond Robbins, of Chicago; Hon. J. D. Eggleston, of Virginia.

There will be important business sessions of the convention, which are in themselves of great educational value, as well as inspirational.

## FOR WASHINGTON BARBER

### Democrat Who Made Vow During Bryan's Campaign

(Washington Post.)

For some Washington barber, yet to be selected, it will be a great day—inauguration day. Because E. F. Boxwell, more familiarly known in his home town of Holisington Kans., as "Buddy" Boxwell, is coming to the Capital City. Yes sir; coming all the way here to have his hair cut.

But the cutting of the Boxwell suit of hair will be a function. "Tis said, and upon no less authority than Representative George A. Neeley, of whom Mr. Boxwell is a constituent, that scissors have not defiled this hair for lo, these seventeen years. It is long and silken and glossy, and reaches down the back of its owner 44 inches actual measurement. In Holsington there is many a Woman who would give a great deal for Mr. Boxwell's hair.

The story runs like this. In 1896 William J. Bryan, popularly known as the boy orator of the Platte, was Democracy's candidate for the Presidency. Mr. Boxwell was and is still a Democrat and an ardent admirer of the Nebraskan. His faith was great that Bryan would win. He vowed that if the battle of Democracy was lost in that election, he would never have his hair cut until a Democrat was sworn in as the head of the nation.

He kept the vow. Now he has written to Representative Neeley that he will come to Washington early in March.

"Secure for me a seat on the inaugural stand," he wrote to Neeley, "I want to see Gov. Wilson lift his right hand and take the oath of office. Then me for a barber shop."

Mr. Boxwell is said to be one of the handsomest men in Kansas. He is a German, is wealthy, and weighs upwards of 300 pounds, including hair.

In the meantime, barbers of the city are in a state of expectancy—qui vive, as it were, whatever that may mean.

Those who have heard of the proposed visit of the Kansan are besieging Representative Neeley for the contract. It has been even offered by some to "trim" Mr. Boxwell without charge merely for the advertising it will afford.

## J. P. CALDWELL BROKE THE BONDS

(From Charity and Children.)

A great forward step has been taken within the past 20 years in the tone and temper of our daily papers. The time was when the greatness of a paper was measured by its hidebound partisianship. It was considered the proper thing in the offices of the leading papers to suppress every thing that would help the other side even if the truth had to be sacrificed to do it; and to publish nothing, however meretorious, if it did not coincide with the personal views of the editor and his blind partisan following. A great man arose among us—the greatest editor who ever lived and labored in North Carolina—and he shattered the traditions of the elders and set journalism free from its galling bondage. That man was J. P. Caldwell—Heaven bless his memory! He had his faults, but he was the biggest and brainiest newspaper man of his time. He amazed the world by admitting into the columns of the Charlotte Observer any view of any question, political, social or religious, provided always that it was couched in courteous language and was not offensive to the proprieties of life. At first Mr. Caldwell was regarded with suspicion and suffered the unjust criticism of men unworthy to stoop down and tie his shoes, but he lived to see his cause completely triumph and no paper before or since wielded half the influence of the Observer when he was at its head, and in the prime of his power.

To which the Statesville Landmark properly adds:

That is a simple statement of a fact. Caldwell led the fight and broke the bonds and it is due to the fight he made, in which he was unjustly assailed and his motives impugned, that the newspapers in North Carolina today enjoy a liberty of opinion and freedom of expression that was unknown and would not have been tolerated 20 years ago. The only real newspaper is the one that prints the news, is candid, honest and fair; that tells the truth regardless of consequences; that was the journalism Caldwell taught. Charity and Children is wrong, however, in limiting the change to the daily papers. It is apparent in all papers. The hidebound partisans are now few and far between.

## MAINTENANCE OF ROADS.

### Subject Given Much Thought and Consideration by the Department.

The present year promises to be the greatest in the history of the movement for the improvement of the public roads of the United States, according to the reports received from all parts of the country by Secretary Wilson, of the United States Department of Agriculture. A joint committee of Congress is engaged in an investigation of the feasibility of Federal aid in the construction, improvement, and maintenance of public highways, and a number of the State legislatures now in session are considering good road legislation. In connection with the general impetus that the good road movement has recently had in all parts of the country, the Director of the Office of Public Roads says:

"Too much stress can not be laid upon the importance of maintenance in connection with the work of improving the roads. The people in nearly all the States are filled with enthusiasm for road improvement and are spending enormous sums of money in the construction of superb roads, and yet almost without exception they are making little provision to care for the roads after they are built. This is true not only in the various counties, but under many of our State highway departments.

"To maintain the roads in good condition year after year requires a considerable annual outlay, but this outlay is infinitely less than the loss which must fall upon the people eventually if they allow their roads to go to utter ruin. The thing for all advocates of good roads to do is to urge continuous, systematic maintenance and the setting aside every year of an amount per mile estimated by the engineer in charge to be sufficient for the proper maintenance of the road—a course which must make for economy and efficiency."

## TRAVELING LIBRARIES.

### What Traveling Libraries Are—For Whom Intended, Etc.

Traveling libraries are small collections of books which are sent by the State from one community to another. Each library contains from 50 to 60 popular and interesting books of fiction, history, travel, biography, science and literature for adults and children.

Traveling libraries are intended for farming communities; for villages too small to support public libraries; for schools which have only a few books; and for very small libraries which have not sufficient funds for buying new books.

The libraries are packed in suitable boxes and shipped by freight, transportation charges being paid by the borrowers. When the people of one locality have read the volume in a given library, it is returned to the Library Commission, where it is checked up, a record of the circulation of the books made, necessary repairing and binding done, and then it is sent to another community.

The first libraries were sent out by New York State in 1893, and now traveling library systems are in active operation in at least 30 States of the Union. The plan is so practical and economical that it has met with wonderful success, but especially in Vermont, Oregon, Kansas, Kentucky, Virginia, and other States having a large rural population.

The Legislature of 1909 created a Library Commission and empowered it to operate a system of traveling libraries. But no appropriation was made for buying books. Hence to put such a system into active operation in North Carolina it is only necessary to secure sufficient funds to equip and maintain the libraries. Will you not help to establish a State Circulating Library with branches in every nook and corner of our State where the people desire to read good books?

1. You can agitate the question among your friends and neighbors and in your clubs.

2. You can write your representatives in the Legislature.

3. If you belong to the Farmers' Union you can bring it to the attention of your educational and legislative committees.

## KEEPS THE TAFT COOK.

### Mrs. Wilson Retains Housekeeper, Who is Famed for Cuisine.

Whatever change in National policy Woodrow Wilson may introduce, when he becomes President, there will be no change in the diet at the White House, for the same housekeeper has been retained by Mrs. Wilson, who so efficiently presided for Mrs. Taft.

She is Mrs. J. A. Jaffray, a Canadian woman of unusual culinary talents and of extraordinary managerial ability. It has been the despair of Washington caterers during Taft's regime that none of the large state dinners required their aid. Mrs. Taft merely looked over the menus that Mrs. Jaffray proposed, made what changes she desired and told how many guests were expected. Mrs. Jaffrey did the rest, and she did it so well that the White House gastronomy became famed at home and abroad. Millionaires who paid $10,000 a year for chefs confessed they could not match the White House cookery, and diplomats from the courts of Europe, where the arts of the chef de cuisine have been developed by centuries of epicurism, wondered.

## SCHOOL CLOSED AT OAK GROVE?

### Successful Session With Miss Edith Dobson as Teacher

(Special Star Correspondence).

Oak Grove, N. C., Feb. 24.—The annual term of public school which was successfully taught at Oak Grove by Miss Edith Dobson, of Atkinson, N. C., came to a close on February 20th, 1913.

Miss Dobson took a great interest in the school as a teacher, and thus advanced and promoted the educational cause in this section.

All of the patrons are well pelased with the method in which she taught the school.

We cannot find words sufficient to express the love and gratitude which her pupils had for her, as mere words are incompetent so doing.

We do sincerely regret that Miss Dobson is now going to leave this vicinity, and we hope that we can secure her to teach the next term of our school.

### Yes. They're Going Fast

Before many days it will be eternally too late to get a Star Parcel Post Map. Clip the coupon elsewhere in today's paper.

## NEWS AND EVENTS IN WILSON

### High School Debate—Inter-Society Oratorial Contest—Constable Killed—Cold Storage Plant —Other Items

(Special Star Correspondence).

Wilson, N. C., Feb. 24.—The Wilson-Greenville section of the triangular debate between Wilson, Greenville and Kinston, was an event of considerable interest. The auditorium of the Wilson graded school was crowded when Superintendent C. L. Coon opened the exercises.

The subject of the discussion was "Woman Suffrage," and Wilson High School had the affirmative side of the question, with Messrs. W. C. Gorham, Jr., and Leon Daniel as their representatives. The negative was discussed by Messrs. Milton Pugh and Robert Humber, of the Greenville High School. The judges were 30 minutes making their decision and announced in favor of the negative.

D. S. Farmer, a colored tobacco farmer of Taylor's township, brought an exceptionally well-advanced tobacco plant to Wilson Saturday. The plant had six leaves and is well developed. Farmer said that he planted his bed in December and has kept it covered since. It is unusual for the plants to be ready to set out before April and the growth of these plants is due to the open Winter.

The annual Inter-Society Oratorical Contest of the literary societies of the Atlantic Christian College was a most interesting event. The large auditorium was decorated with the colors of the two societies and the seating capacity was taxed with friends of the institution which is so successfully meeting the demands of this section.

The representatives of the Hesperian Society were Messrs. J. B. Swain and J. M. Waters. Mr. Swain discussed "Success in the Efficiency of Self-education." The subject of Mr. Waters' oration was "An Ideal Hero." The Alethian Society was represented by Messrs. W. A. Marlowe and Hayes Farish. The subject of the oration of Mr. Marlowe was "The Possibilities of the South," and Mr. Farish took as his subject "Watchman, What of the Night?"

All of the orations were above the average and evoked much favorable comment. The judges, Messrs. John Woodard, Frank Hassell and T. W. Chambliss, awarded the medal to Mr. W. A. Marlowe. The announcement of the award was the signal for an ovation on the part of the Alethian Society.

The Atlantic Christian College, under the leadership of Dr. Caldwell, the president, and a well-equipped corps of teachers, is advancing steadily and the crying need at this time is more room for students.

W. J. Moore has installed a cold storage plant and it is attracting considerable attention. Mr. Moore uses

(Continued on Page 10.)


# Many Are Delighted!

With The Star's Parcel Post Maps

A GENTLEMAN WRITING FROM WHITEVILLE SAYS:

"I thank you very much for the Parcel Post Map you sent me, and I find it of great use to me.

"I saved its cost on one transaction. I ordered a pair of shoes from a Wilmington firm. Heretofore, I have had such packages sent by express, paying about 35 cents charges on a pair of shoes. In this instance, I found that a two-pound package from Wilmington would cost me just 10 cents, saving at least 25 cents by the Parcel Post Map."

ANOTHER ONE, FROM BOLTON, N. C., WRITES:

"I received the Parcel Post Map, and was very well pleased with it. Two of my friends who saw it want me to ask if they can get one without the coupons by paying 30 cents additional for the six papers. Kindly advise by return mail, as they are very anxious to get them."

Only A Few More Are Left

**We cannot guarantee that you will get one, unless you start clipping coupons Today. If you start today and bring in your coupons next Monday, we will save one for you. Or, you can get the back issues at this office, if you wish to get the Map now.**

**(COUPON ELSEWHERE IN THIS PAPER.)**

# NEWS AND EVENTS IN WILSON

(Continued from Page 9.)

electric power and says the cost of refrigeration in his establishment is less than ten per cent of the former expense when he used ice. This is the first plant of this character installed here. The contents of his refrigerator are kept frozen and the plant is only running about 30 minutes a week.

One of the old-time blockaders, Henry Barnes, was held by United States Commissioner Boykin to the next grand jury. Barnes seems to be unable to keep out of the clutches of the law. For 15 years he has been almost continually in trouble but so far has evaded punishment. Stills supposed to have been his property have been cut up in various sections of the county as many as six times but he immediately finds another location. This time the officers think that they have him with the goods. The last still was located in Spring Hill township. He was unable to give bond and is in jail.

The Board of County Commissioners is completing three miles of sand-clay road running toward Elm City. The work is being done by the county convicts and County Chairman Walter Woodward is giving considerable personal attention to the work and is studying the road question. He is testing the sand-clay proposition and expects to succeed in giving this county a system of roads that will be permanent and will require a minimum amount for upkeep.

The news of the suicide of Mr. George Perry, a respected citizen of Nash county, reached here yesterday. For several months Mr. Perry has been in poor health and for several days prior to his death wandered in the woods. It was reported that he was mentally unbalanced and shot himself while in that condition. He leaves a wife and one child.

The remains of Mr. Grover Bachelor, of Nash county, were brought back from Richmond where he died in the hospital as the result of the pistol wound inflicted by Clay Strickland. The shooting took place last Monday and Mr. Bachelor was taken to Richmond in the hope of saving his life. Strickland has made his escape. Both men are well-known in the Sandy Creek section of Nash county. Mr. Bachelor was one of the county constables and Strickland was employed on the county road force.

Reports from Elm City, a village in this county, tell of a bloody duel between Bud Gaston and his nephew, Amos Gaston. The trouble started over a bottle of "blind tiger" liquor which the elder Gaston claims that his nephew took from his trunk. In the mix-up that followed Amos Gaston shot his uncle and was in turn badly cut by the older man. After a trial before the mayor at Elm City, Bud Gaston was sent to jail to await the action of the next grand jury.

Rev. Richard Bagby, of the Wilson Christian church, has announced that a series of revival meetings will be held in his church beginning with Sunday March 9th.

The four churches of Wilson, representing the Baptist, Methodist, Presbyterian and Christian denominations, have completed a religious census of Wilson, following out plans made by Rev. T. W. Chambliss, of the Baptist church. The work of making the canvass was done by representatives of the four churches and the tabulated results will be used in a Sunday school and evangelical campaign.

## BASKET WILLOW CULTURE.

### Experiments in Virginia With View of Starting a New Industry.

The Department of Agriculture is getting ready to fill requests for the basket willow cuttings grown last year on its experimental farm at Arlington, Va. Distribution of these cuttings takes place early in March each Spring, to farmers and others who wish to make trials of basket willow on lands too wet for other crops.

From 50 to 100 cuttings are given each person. The distribution is not a mere giving away of Government material to persons who desire to get something free; because it is required that each recipient of cuttings shall make a report of the treatment given and the results obtained. Several select varieties are included in each set that is distributed, and the aim is to secure information as to the best variety for each locality, since no one kind can be relied upon to yield maximum results over a wide range of territory. In the basket willow investigations carried on at the Arlington Farm, Arlington, Va., and at Ames, Iowa, by the Forest Service, particular attention has been given to the development of American species for basket making purpose.

The European species now commonly used have never proved themselves entirely adapted to American conditions and are as a rule less thrifty than the native species. At present there is at Arlington a willow garden containing nearly 500 lots gathered from all parts of the country and representing practically every species and variety found in the United States and Canada. A system of selection which has been carried on for several years is already indicating which strains show the best basket willow characteristics for American conditions.

## WANT NORTH CAROLINIAN

### For Vacant Place on Inter-State Commerce Commission

(Charlotte Observer.)

There is a manifest desire among those who are interested in freight rate adjustments in this State to have a North Carolinian appointed on the Inter-State Commerce Commission to succeed Mr. E. E. Clark, whose term of office soon expires. Within the past few days there have come requests from various interests outside of the State to the Charlotte Shippers and Manufacturers' Association endorsing the retiring member, Mr. Clark, and also Mr. R. Hudson Bun, chairman of the Florida Railroad Commission. The name of Chief Justice Walter Clark, of Raleigh, has been State.

are pleasing, but the continuous mileage is what the farmer as well as the motorist desires. I believe that a consensus of opinion would be that our highways present a problem difficult of solution. The legitimate demand of automobile traffic must be met. Stretches of road here and there

## CORN SHOW, CATTLE AND TICKS

Editor The Star: The National Corn Exposition at Columbia, S. C., was more than a mere corn show. The exhibits and demonstrations of various State Agricultural College and Experiment stations, and of the United States Department of Agriculture showed in a forceful manner the various lines of agricultural experimentation and investigations being carried on by the government and the different States. Each exhibit was in charge of an expert who explained in detail to the farmers and showed how the results of all this work may be applied to their own farm conditions.

Conservation of the forests and the evil results of its neglect, country life and rural school problems were treated both through exhibits and by speakers of National reputation.

The insects destructive to various plants and the poisonous mosquito were shown that the farmers might know them and what the proper remedies are to destroy them.

Could our law-makers at Raleigh have seen the demonstration of the results of the fever tick among cattle, not one would hesitate to vote for State-wide stock law. To say that a three-year-old steer weighed less than half, by 100 pounds, than a steer two years and six months old, the runt being raised among ticks on the open range, and the other where stock law obtains, does not impress one near so much as actually seeing the two animals side by side, as I did.

Some of our progressive politicians must have died since the election or else they failed to be elected. It is passing strange how some men can go around before an election and promise with tears in their voice as well as in their eyes, to do all those things for the people that will make for a greater State and a more prosperous people; and then after election, when it comes to a show down, manage to be absent. How such men can have any self-respect and the respect of their fellow citizens is another strange thing.

The farmers who oppose State-wide stock law are perfectly honest in their belief that it would really work a hardship and in a few cases I admit it might; but how much better it would be for the whole people and for even the few on whom it would fall most heavily, after the law had been tried.

Over in Pender county, for instance, they have all those fine grazing lands of which "A Reader" wrote recently; yet not one of all those fine cows on that land can be driven into Wilmington and sold, if beef were selling at 10 cents on the hoof. A Pender farmer cannot expect great profits from his cattle, and the public is still not getting meat. Now, if Pender had stock law, the tick could soon be eradicated, and the farmers would have steers weighing from 1,200 to 1,500 pounds at three years, instead of 600 to 700. They could get better prices for they would have a market.

Yet many farmers are not going to be convinced until they have tried the law and then they would not change back to open-range conditions for all the razor-backs in any county. As I see it, this is no longer a local question, but a State and National matter. The consumer must continue to complain of high-priced meat until we have better conditions for stock raising. Some may think I am not talking much about the National Corn Exposition in this article, but the fact is that the most striking feature of the exposition for me was the demonstration of the ravages of the tick and the absolute necessity of eradicating it before we can ever do much raising livestock. One of the most impressive exhibits was a picture of a dead North Carolina razor-back hog with two buzzards standing over him, gulping down cholera germs to spread broadcast over the county. J. P. HERRING.

Wilmington Route 2, N. C., Feb. 22nd, 1913.

## YEAR'S AUTO TOLL

### Over Two Hundred Fatalities in the Streets of New York

The annual report of the National Highways Protective Society, just published, shows that 103 children were killed by automobiles last year in New York city, of whom a large percentage met their death while roller skating.

The total number of automobile fatalities in the city for the year was 211. Horse-drawn vehicles killed 177 persons, of whom 85 were children.

Commenting upon these figures, Melvin T. Pender, chairman of the Legislative Committee of the New York State Automobile Association, says:

"It will be noted that almost as many deaths were caused by horse-drawn vehicles as by automobiles. This is very remarkable when you consider the far greater number of automobiles in the city, especially on the central thoroughfares and in the residence districts where children are at play.

"Still more remarkable is the situation in view of the fact that the horse-driven vehicle is comparatively a slow-moving one. The automobile, fast-driven and greater by thousands in number is not, according to this report, markedly more dangerous. If speed is the great automobile fault, as some emphatically assert, then the automobile should appear may times, rather than only 17 per cent. more dangerous.

"The fact of the matter is that the automobile while faster driven is more carefully driven, more quickly controllable, and is equipped by the law with a warning signal.

"The drunken or reckless driver of either vechicle is equally dangerous and equally a public enemy. But I think you will find that among motorists a far greater proportion than among horse-drivers have their vehicles always under good control and absolutely subordinated to traffic conditions.

"Even so, however, the number of automobile fatalities is shockingly great. It should and can be reduced.

One way is to secure still more careful driving through a more rigid examination for licenses. Equal, if not greater in importance, is the necessity of an adequate warning signal, one that roller-skating children will always hear and obey in time. The law should compel the proper use of such a signal."

See Map Coupon on Page Six.

## OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE

### Webb Liquor Bill—Vick to Deliver Address—Baseball

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Oak Ridge, N. C., Feb. 24.—The faculty of Oak Ridge Institute have memoralized the President of the United States asking him to sign the Webb bill pertaining to the shipment of intoxicating liquors into this State. They have set forth the fact in their memorial that it is now possible for a dealer from any point without the State to ship liquor upon order to a minor of any age, a thing which is made criminal in almost every State in the Union for a liquor dealer to do. It is probable that there is no institution for young men and boys in the State of North Carolina where instances could not be given where liquor has been shipped by express from places as far as Dayton, Ohio, and elsewhere, to minors of 15 or 17 years of age, and that not in single drinks, but by the gallon.

Mr. Walker W. Vick, of New York, has accepted the invitation of the Alumni Association to deliver the alumni address at the coming commencement, May 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Holt, of Lorton, Va., near Mt. Vernon, have been visiting Professors Holt for several days. Mr. Holt was a former teacher here for five years after his graduation at the University of North Carolina, after which he spent 18 years in the Navy Department at Washington.

Mrs. Flora Holt, of Clio, S. C., who has also been visiting here, left for

The following is the schedule, as far as at present arranged, for the Oak Ridge baseball club for this season:

March 13th—Mars Hill College, at Oak Ridge.

March 14th—University of North Carolina, at Chapel Hill.

March 15th—Mebane, at Burlington.

March 19th—Atlantic Christian College, at Oak Ridge.

March 22nd—Liberty-Piedmont Institute, at Oak Ridge.

March 24th—Trinity Park School, at Burlington.

March 28th—Davidson College, at Davidson.

March 29th—St. Mary's College, at Belmont.

March 31st—University of South Carolina, at Columbia, S. C.

April 1st—University of South Carolina, at Columbia, S. C.

April 5th—Weaversville College, at Oak Ridge.

April 9th or 10—Richmond College, at Oak Ridge.

April 12th—Winston League club, at Winston.

April 14th and 15th—V. P. I., at Blacksburg, Va.

April 16th—Randolph-Macon, at Bedford City.

## Y. M. C. A. AT GOLDSBORO.

### Organized With Temporary Officers Sunday—Social Club.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Feb. 24.—Sunday afternoon a large number of citizens of Goldsboro met in the Presbyterian church and organized a Y. M. C. A. Temporary officers were elected, and quarters have been secured for a while in the old Public Comfort rooms. Rev. V. G. Smith, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, was elected president; Mr. Gurney Hood, secretary, and Mr. S. F. Teague was elected treasurer. A committee was appointed to draw up by-laws. A campaign was started today for members, a committee of 20 being appointed for this purpose. The town has been divided into four parts, and at the end of the week the committee hopes to have seen every man in the city.

The best people of the city are back of the movement and there is no doubt but that we shall have a large and prosperous association in Goldsboro. The plan is to start on a small scale at first, and go into large quarters as soon as possible.

There seems to be a universal movement for some kind of a social club, or association in Goldsboro, for last week the Junior Order arranged to fix up a reading and game rooms in their hall, and the same week the First Baptist Baracas planned to start a similar club in their church. However, all these organizations have abandoned their plans and have united to make the Y. M. C. A. a success, and a permanent institution in Goldsboro.

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## DEBATE AT RED SPRINGS.

### Young Ladies of Southern Presbyterian College Hold Contest.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Red Springs, N. C., Feb. 24.—Saturday night in the college auditorium, representatives of the Epsilon Chi Society debated the query: "Resolved, That the present child labor law of North Carolina is detrimental to the best interests of the State." Miss Mabel Currie, president of the society, acted as chairman, and Miss Elizabeth Vardell as secretary. The violin quartette rendered Schubert's March Militaire, and a quartette gave the society song. The decision of the judges was in favor of the affirmative.

The affirmative, upheld by Misses Lydia Wilson, Margaret Dixon and Ethel Cobb, attacked the present child labor law on the ground that it is so loose and ineffective that it fails to reach the needs of the children. Miss Wilson first outlined the question at issue, stated the grounds of the affirmative's contention, and gave the points an effective child labor law should incorporate. Miss Dixon, second speaker on the affirmative, took up the present child labor law, analyzed it clause by clause, and pointed out its inherent weaknesses. She declared that any law which invited offenders, provided for no enforcement and placed a premium on deceit, must of necessity be detrimental to the best interest of the State. Miss Ethel Cobb closed the argument for the affirmative by comparing the present law with a model law. She pointed out the defects in the present law, applying the remedy, and drew the conclusion that the present law with its many defects, is, in comparison with a model law, detrimental to the best interests of the State.

The negative, represented by Misses Maud McRae, Norma Bell and Gretta Smith, based their contention on the ground that the present law accomplished some good. Miss McRae gave a general statement of child labor, showing its evils and the harm it would do the State. Miss Bell followed with an analysis of the present law, stressing its good points and admitting that it has some defects. She declared that the present law is a link in the chain, that it is the best we have been able to get which would be equally fair to both employer and child. Miss Gretta Smith closed for the negative, by applying the test of efficiency—"what have been the results of the present law?" She showed the many good results that have come to the children of the State through the operation of the law, and drew the conclusion that the present law was not detrimental to the best interests of the State.

The rejoinders were spirited in the matching and clashing of intellects. The young ladies showed in all their speeches a thorough analytical and comprehensive knowledge of the subject under discussion.

## ADVERSE REPORT MADE.

### U. S. Engineer Not Favorable to Goose Creek Improvement.

A circular issued from the office of Maj. H. W. Stickles, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., this city, states that the report submitted by the district engineer officer on the proposed improvement of the inland waterway from Pamlico river through Goose creek to Jones Bay, Pamlico county, is unfavorable. The grounds for the adverse report are given as follows:

"The probable benefits, suitable for consideration, to be derived from the improvement may be summarized as providing a direct channel between Pamlico and Neuse rivers, with considerable shortening of distances; probable reduction of freight rates; increased safety of navigation; development of commerce. While the commerce which would be routed through, to or from the canal has a valuation of nearly, if not quite, one-half million dollars annually; and while the benefits as stated are reasonably certain; a study indicates that to secure even a six foot channel, the first cost and the annual maintenance would be so high as to be out of reasonable proportion to the benefits to be received."

The circular calls attention to the fact that any interested party has the privilege of appealing from this conclusion to the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors, Southern Building, Washington, D. C., and any communications giving argument for the necessity and value of the proposed improvements should be sent to that body within four weeks from February 18th. Further information can be obtained from Major Stickles' office, this city.

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See Map Coupon on Page Six.


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VIA A. C. L. R. R.

FARES: The Round Trip Fare from Wilmington will be $12.55, with correspondingly low fares from other points.

DATES OF SALE: February 28, March 1, 2 and 3 for trains scheduled to reach Washington, D. C., before noon of March 4, 1913.

FINAL LIMIT: Tickets will be limited to reach original starting point returning before midnight of March 10, 1913, with privilege of extension to reach original starting point returning before midnight of April 10, 1913, by deposit of ticket with Joseph Richardson, Special Agent, Terminal Station, Washington, D. C., not later than midnight of March 8, 1913, and upon payment of fee of $1.00 at time of deposit.

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T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traffic Manager.

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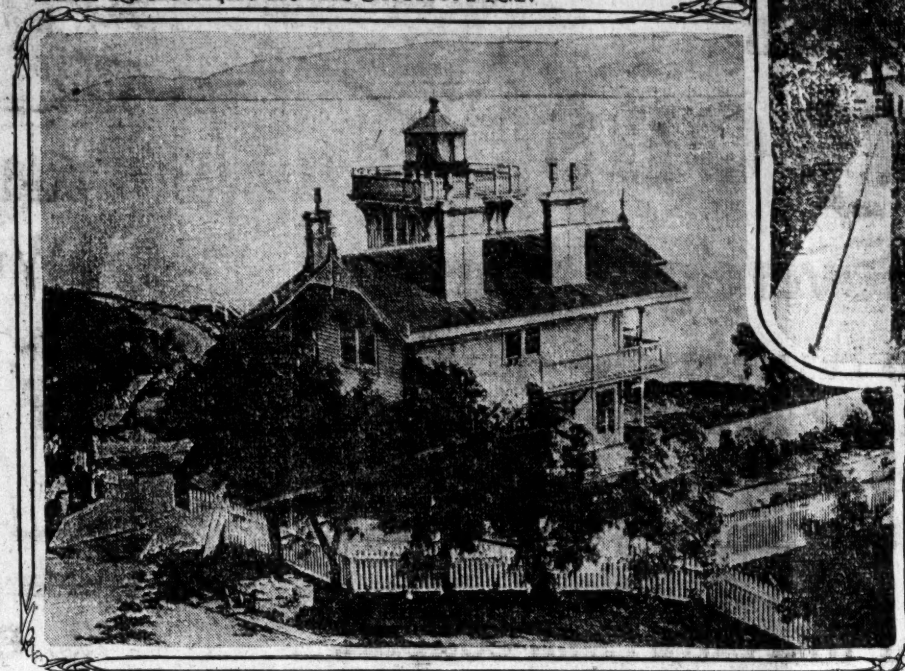
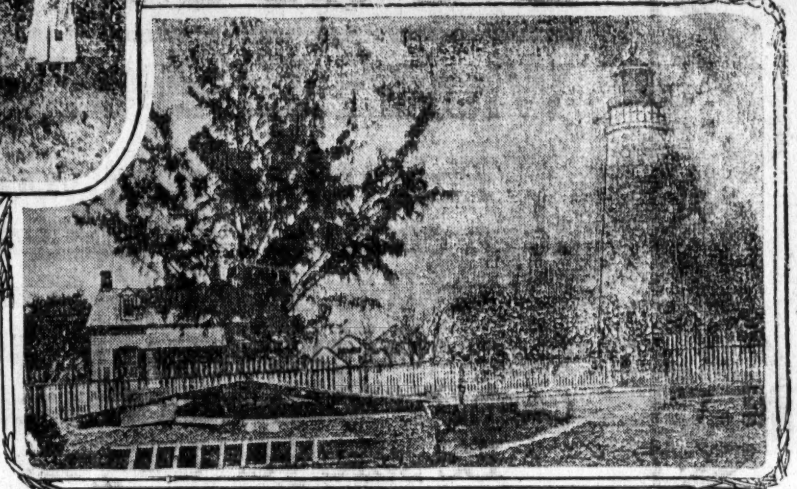


TURKEY POINT LIGHT STATION MD



MARE ISLAND LIGHT STATION CALIFORNIA

KEY WEST LIGHT STATION FLORIDA

Special Correspondence

ON the rolls of the lighthouse service of the United States appear the names of twenty-seven woman keepers, all of them of beacons that warn seafaring men of dangerous rocks and reefs, shoals and bars, upon which the bones of good ships would bleach were the guiding lights or the deep-toned fog-bells untended for a night. Some day a writer will arise who will tell to the world, in fitting words, the story of these women. Day after day, night after night, in sunshine and in blinding fog, they do the work of strong men, for the merest pittance of a man's wage.

### On All Our Coasts.

And when the tale is written the world will know that the race of Grace Darlings is not yet extinct—that on our own coasts, beside the reefs of our own shores, along the stretches of our great lakes and up and down the waters of our mighty rivers, our own Grace Darlings live today, humble, modest, patient, toiling women, whose duty it is to guard the sailor from the hidden, lurking dangers that beset his path, and who count the saving of half a score of human lives only as a part of the day's work.

It was in 1838 that the world was thrilled by the story of how Grace Darling, the twenty-three-year-old daughter of the keeper of a lighthouse on one of the lonely Farne islands, off the coast of England, had rescued nine persons from the wreck of the steamer Forfarshire.

She had been left alone at the lighthouse while her father, too ill to attend the light, was helpless to go to the aid of those on board the ill-fated steamer. In a boat which she rowed herself, Grace Darling pulled out to the wreck and, with only the assistance of cool members of the Forfarshire's crew, took off the nine persons and carried them safely to shore.

### Prototypes Live Today.

For this action Grace Darling was made a popular heroine in England. A popular subscription was taken up, and the sum of more than $3,500 was raised, which was presented to the young woman who had unhesitatingly ventured her life in the effort to save others.

Grace Darling died October 20, 1842, being then only twenty-seven years old. Her deed, that wild day when the Forfarshire, one of the oldest types of steam vessels, broke to pieces on the rocks of the Farne island, has been made the subject of song and story, and great artists have found inspiration for masterpieces in the daring of this simple English girl.

Though the original Grace Darling has long been dead, her prototypes live today, and more than one of them is in the service of the United States bureau of lighthouses.

Along the New England seaboard, where

"The breaking waves roll high
On a stern and rock-bound coast."

blaze the lights that are tended by these woman keepers of Uncle Sam's beacons. Where the treacherous reefs and spits lie in wait to trap the navigators of Chesapeake bay you may find the Grace Darlings of today. Down among the palmetto-clad keys of the Florida coast they tend the lamps that burn in the tall white towers. And from California's southernmost point to the far northwest, along Puget sound, their lights and the signals they watch show the mariner where danger bares its fangs of black rock, masked by the writhing white spume and the foaming breakers. You may find woman tenders of lights along the Ohio and the Mississippi, and some of the loneliest stations along the shores of the great lakes are tended by them.

What tales of heroism these simple, modest women could tell if they would! Of standing for a day and a night, swinging a heavy hammer, ceaselessly, measuredly striking the notes on the big booming bell to warn vessels off the reefs that were hidden by fog. Of saving struggling, drowning men, not once or twice, but more than a dozen times, by sheer pluck and unaided daring, that wrung from Congress unqualified praise and the medals—trumpery bits of bronze—that were prized more highly than would have been the adequate wage a penurious government ever denied. Of days of labor stern enough to daunt strong men, followed by nights of ceaseless, unwearied vigil, while wild winds roared about the rocking tower and the thunder of the waves drowned even thought itself. What tales they could tell, these women, if they would! But the stories are still untold, locked within the bosoms of those who have lived them, and only hinted at in the formal reports that contain the history of the government's lighthouse service.

### Her Dreadful Vigil.

Today there are twenty-seven of these women on the pay roll of the service. Were brave and loyal Ida Lewis alive today the roll would number twenty-eight. Of all the woman keepers of the lights she was the most conspicuous, and her death, which occurred a little more than a year ago, removed from the service a woman whose claim to the title "heroine" was established by her record of thirteen lives saved—thirteen men rescued from drowning at sea. Ida Lewis tended a light near Newport, R. I., and at the time of her death, when she was in her sixty-ninth year, she was the possessor of several congressional medals which at one time and another were voted to her in recognition of her brave deeds.

At the other side of the continent is another heroine of the lighthouse service who is still living and who still tends her beacon in San Francisco bay. The Angels Island light station is in the direct path of the larger part of the navigation in the bay, and its tender is Mrs. Juliet E. Nichols, widow of Henry E. Nichols, U. S. N., inspector of lighthouses.

Besides taking care of the lantern in the top of the tower Mrs. Nichols attends a fog signal—a big, deep-toned bell, which during foggy weather is struck a double blow by a hammer operated by machinery. During two heavy fogs in July, 1906, Mrs. Nichols spent twenty hours and thirty-five minutes out of the twenty-four hours striking this bell by hand because the machinery had gone wrong and would not work.

She began at 8:30 o'clock one morning, ceasely swinging the hammer and sounding the double note of the bell, stopping not a moment for rest or for sleep nor even for food until about 5 o'clock the following morning. One whole day and night doing the work that the rebellious machinery refused to do! The second day after this Mrs. Nichols stood beside the bell from darkness until daylight striking the signal with a hand hammer. But her report to the lighthouse service does not tell of her weary hours, sleepless, unresting, famished, during which the signals were sounded.

### A Modest Report.

It was all in the day's work, and the files of the service show only this:

"I have the honor to report that the machinery of the fog signal, Gamewell No. 3, was disabled July 2, 1906, at 8:20 a.m. Telegrams were sent immediately to the lighthouse inspector and the lighthouse engineer for assistance. Mr. Burt came July 3, at 10 o'clock a.m., and made slight repairs. Meanwhile I had struck the bell by hand for twenty hours and thirty-five minutes, until the fog lifted.

"On the night of July 3, 1906, the machinery worked badly, striking irregularly. On the Fourth of July the machinery went to pieces, the great tension bar broke in two, and I could not disconnect the hammer to strike by hand. I stood all night on the platform outside and struck the bell with a nail hammer with all my might. The fog was dense, with heavy mist, almost rain. The machinist from the office of the lighthouse engineer has just replaced the tension bar. Respectfully,

"JULIA E. NICHOLS, Keeper."

In California is another woman keeper of one of these beacons of the sea, whose mother preceded her, she, in turn, taking the place vacated by her husband on his death. This is Mrs. Caroline Morse, keeper of the Santa Barbara light station. Her father, Horace F. Williams, was keeper of the light from 1856 to 1895. Then her mother, Mrs. Julia F. Williams, was appointed, and in the forty years during which she tended the light she left the lighthouse only twice, according to the records of the service.

Mrs. Williams lived in the Santa Barbara lighthouse forty-nine years—nine years with her husband and forty years with only her children. And every night of those forty years she climbed the iron steps leading up the inside of the tower to the great lantern, 178 feet above the ground, and lighted and tended the lamp. Every one of those nights the lamp was trimmed at midnight, or changed with her own hands for a fresh one, and every morning, as the sun gilded the mountain tops to the east, her hands extinguished the light and drew the curtain over the lens.

### Only One Wreck.

In all those years the light never failed once, not even for an hour, and in all that time but one wreck occurred at the point guarded by the giant eye in the lighthouse tower. That was on a beautiful moonlight night in summer, when a careless skipper allowed his vessel, the Pride of the Sea, to drift upon the rocks and reefs near the shore. When Mrs. Williams died, in 1905, her daughter, Mrs. Caroline Morse, a widow, was appointed to succeed her.

That the life stories of these heroines of Uncle Sam's beacon lights are not unmixed with pathos is shown by the fact that almost all of the woman lighthouse keepers have succeeded husbands who either lost their lives in the lighthouse service or who died while occupying the post of keeper of some lighthouse. An instance:

Commander Charles J. McDougal, U. S. N., in charge of the California lighthouse district, left the lighthouse tender Manzanita, anchored off the light station at Cape Mendocino, in a surf boat with eight members of his crew, for the purpose of inspecting the station and paying off the keepers. Keepers of lighthouses are paid only every three months, and always in gold, and Commander McDougal had with him in a money belt buckled about his waist the money with which to pay off a number of keepers, the sum being approximately $7,000.

As the boat approached the shore it was struck by a huge breaker and overturned. The eight members of the boat's crew saved themselves, and Commander McDougal might have been rescued had he been willing to unbuckle from his waist the belt containing the government's gold that was to pay the wages of the lighthouse keepers. But he refused to lose the gold. When within sixty feet of the shore he was dragged beneath the surface, never to rise.

This occurred March 28, 1881, and soon thereafter his widow was appointed to take charge of the light station at Mare Island, Cal., a post which she still holds. Mrs. McDougal has charge of a light station and fog bell which is run every ten seconds, by machinery, during foggy weather, and her salary is $800 a year. She is one of the best paid of all the woman keepers of lighthouses, and her salary is as large as any and much larger than that of most.

These woman guardians of the lights are not paid princely wages. The pay of some is as little as $96 a year, and none draws more than $800 per annum, to which, in most cases, is added the government per diem of 30 cents for subsistence or rations. This 30 cents is paid to the keepers either in cash or in rations, the cost of which is deducted from the 30 cents a day. The pay of the actual keepers of lighthouses ranges from $510 to $800 per annum; assistant keepers are paid from $480 to $800 per annum; laborers in charge draw from $96 to $214, and laborers are paid from $180 to $250 per year. The average salary is $540 per year, there being nineteen who receive $552 and upward.

The ones who draw the smallest salaries for the care of lights are persons living near the lights who have other means of support. Many of these tend the post lights that mark the channels in the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, which are tended nightly by "laborers" in skiffs and rowboats. Many of these are women, who have charge of the hundreds of little lights that dot the waters of the Mississippi river and its tributaries, and the various rivers of the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. Their pay averages about $8 a month.

One of the woman keepers has served since 1867; another has cared for her light nightly since 1872. Two have occupied the posts they hold since 1881; one since 1883; three since 1890; one since 1895; one since 1902; three since 1903; three since 1904; two since 1905; one since 1906; one since 1909.

These woman keepers are stationed in thirteen states, California having the largest number of any one state—five. The other states, with the number of woman lighthouse keepers stationed within their borders, are: Louisiana, four; New York, Maryland and Florida, three each; Connecticut and Michigan, two each; Maine, Vermont, New Jersey, Mississippi, Wisconsin and Oregon, one each.

In the entire list there are but three unmarried woman keepers of lights. These are Miss Anna T. Garraty, who tends the Presque Island harbor range light, and draws $46 per month. Miss Josephine Freeman is keeper of the Blakistone Island light station, in Maryland, at an annual salary of $500. Miss Laura J. P. Hecox has kept the light station at Santa Cruz, Cal., for twenty-eight years, her salary being $750 per year.

The other woman keepers of lights along the shore are stationed from the Gulf of Mexico to Puget sound, and from the rock-bound shores of Maine to California's semi-tropic waters.

Mrs. Marla Younghaus, keeper of the light station at Biloxi, Miss., was appointed to succeed her husband November 24, 1867. She earns $600 per annum. Mrs. Eliza MacCashin, in March, 1881, was appointed assistant keeper to her husband, who was the keeper of the Passaic and Elbow beacon lights in New Jersey. She was given $200 per annum in place of a male assistant keeper who received $400. She was promoted to keeper November 1, 1903. She now gets $600 a year.

### Succeeded Her Mother.

Mrs. Georgia S. Brumfield, the keeper of the Turkey point light station, Md., was appointed to succeed her mother prior to the date the keepers were taken into the civil service. She earns $560 per annum.

Mrs. Mary E. Bethel succeeded her husband as keeper of the Key West light station and Key West main ship channel lights in Florida, and has served more than twenty years. Her son is assistant keeper. She receives $720 per annum.

Mrs. Daniel Williams is the keeper of the light station at Little Traverse, Mich., and dates her appointment from 1872. Her annual pay is 560. Mrs. Flora McNeil receives $48 a month as keeper of Bridgeport breakwater light, Conn., to which she was appointed February 19, 1905, succeeding her husband. Mrs. Emma D. Tabberah receives $42.50 per month as keeper of the Cumberland Head light station, N. Y. Her appointment to succeed her husband in 1904 was made by executive order.

Mrs. Kate Walker succeeded her husband as keeper of the Robbins Reef light station, N. Y., and her son is assistant keeper. She is paid $52 a month. Mrs. Minnie E. Coteron was appointed under civil service rules May 31, 1900, in place of her mother, as keeper of Bayou St. Johns light station, La., at an annual salary of $600. Mrs. Caroline Riddle keeps the New Canal light station, in Louisiana. She was appointed prior to the civil service classification of lighthouse keepers, which occurred in 1905. Her pay is $600.

# UNDER THE BIG WHITE DOME

### A "Great" Editor.

John E. Wilkie, for years chief of the secret service, and now chief of the division of special agents of the Treasury Department, says that once there was an obscure subeditor of the Manchester Guardian, in England. It was a long time ago, and the Guardian was scarcely known outside of its own city.

The subeditor had a habit of drinking ale until he was so drowsy that he could not lift his head from his desk. On one occasion the composing room was yelling for "copy," as the editorial page was absolutely vacant.

The subeditor had been asleep on his desk for hours, and his pen had been idle. The foreman of the composing room finally succeeded in arousing the man, and yelled in his ear that something must be done for copy.

Whereupon the sleepy one grabbed a pair of shears and clipped one whole column from the editorial page of the London Times. At the top he wrote in crabbed hand:

"What does the London Times mean by the following?"

It was printed, column and all. That single quizzical introduction made the Manchester Guardian famous. People began to ask what the Times did mean by the editorial, which was on a rather revolutionary subject. The subeditor slept for several more hours, but John E. Wilkie says its greatness began from that moment.

### Not Verbatim.

Gen. Frank McIntyre, chief of the bureau of insular affairs, has recently returned from Santo Domingo, where he was sent to bring peace out of chaos, being chosen for the work because of his reputation as a pacifier. An incident that occurred in the bureau of which he is now chief when it was presided over by Gen. Clarence R. Edwards, with Gen. McIntyre, then major, as assistant, would indicate that the title of pacifier was deserved.

Gen. Edwards was one day in the midst of an interview when the telephone rang and was answered by Maj. McIntyre. That official placed his hand over the mouthpiece and reported that so-and-so was again asking about such-a-matter.

"Tell the blankety-blank idiot to go to blankety-blank!" roared Gen. Edwards.

"I have no time to spend on such driveling foolishness!"

Maj. McIntyre turned to the phone, and said in the most unruffled tones:

"Gen. Edwards says that he greatly regrets that circumstances prevent his taking up the matter just as present."

### Poor Singing, Perhaps.

Two days before Senator Joe Bailey of Texas delivered his farewell speech in the Senate chamber a young woman who tries her best to keep up with things was talking to a man in the Senate press gallery.

"Now do tell me," she asked, "what is the joke? I was downstairs a minute ago and Senator Lea of Tennessee told me that I must be on hand to hear Senator Bailey sing his swan song; and I said that I would surely be there because I perfectly loved music. Now won't you tell me why he laughed so hard? I don't see the joke!"

### Handing It Back.

Representative John Lamb of Virginia was a full-fledged captain in the army of the Confederacy, and served under the well loved Gen. Robert E. Lee. He is, of course, entirely reconstructed, but he always wears a tiny Confederate badge, and has all a southerner's innate love for "the lost cause."

He was sitting idly on one of the benches in the Capitol Park the other day when a pompous-looking little man bustled past, noted the little badge of the lost cause on Lamb's coat lapel and stopped.

"Johnny Rebel, eh?" he remarked.

"Yes," said Lamb.

"I helped lick you," said the other, boastfully. "See this?" And he pointed to the lapel of his own coat, where there reposed a tiny bronze cross of the Army of the Potomac.

"Ah, yes," said Lamb, gently. "Very interesting. Extremely interesting. I know all about the Army of the Potomac—and about the cross. Times have changed—yes, they've changed. Why, my old mother used to take down her big Bible and read to me about them hanging the thief on the cross—and now I see they hang the cross on the thief!"

### On the Job!

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, formerly the government's pure food expert, has other things to recommend him to fame besides his exploits in the land of benzoates and acids. He is one of the few living men who tackled a congressional committee for money and came away with every cent he asked for.

It happened when he was head of the bureau of chemistry, in the Agricultural Department. He wanted $100,000 more than his bureau had been getting, and so, armed with a bag full of evidence of his needs, he marched resolutely to the Capitol, where the agricultural committee was in session.

He was granted an audience and forthwith launched into a begging speech that is still spoken of as a masterpiece. He about the work outside your bureau?" he chemistry, but before he finished he had broadened out and was discussing the needs of the entire department.

Representative John Lamb of Virginia interrupted him.

"Pardon me, but what do you know about the work outside your bureau," he asked. "You're a chemist, aren't you. You're not a farmer—at least, I never heard of you as such."

"I am not exactly a farmer," replied Wiley, "but I am a scientific agriculturist."

"And what, if I may ask, is that?" inquired Lamb. "A farmer can raise crops. What can a 'scientific agriculturist' raise?"

Dr. Wiley grinned.

"Well," said he, "a scientific agriculturist can make two dollars grow on an appropriation bush where only one grew before."

The retort broke up the hearing—and Wiley got his money!

### "Et Tu, Brute?"

Two days after the last election, when the republican party had swallowed the fact that Utah and Vermont were the only states which President Taft carried, Uncle Joe Cannon called at the White House to see the President. In the anteroom sat Senator Reed Smoot, with a batch of papers. As Uncle Joe went into the President's office he remarked:

"I just saw that great Mormon senator from Utah out there with half your electoral vote in his pocket."

### What Could He Do!

Representative Philip Campbell of Kansas, he who had such a merry verbal set-to with Col. Roosevelt during the recent campaign, is a young giant in stature, standing well over six feet two inches, and boasting the shoulders of a varsity fullback. His head is large, and of the type called leonine. His face is strong, but the girls would never call it handsome. And this pleases Campbell. He is proud of the fact fact that he is "not pretty"—as he puts it.

But for all that, his vanity was recently handed a considerable jolt—and at the hands of a bootblack.

It so happened that Campbell was standing in front of the House office building one day, waiting for a car, when a bootblack, aged about ten, approached him and asked to be allowed to get busy with a shine. Now Campbell has a dry sense of humor which frequently leads him into all sorts of funny situations. On this particular occasion it pleased him to pretend he was deaf and dumb. He made motions to the boy accordingly.

The boy was not feazed. Promptly he came back with some motions of his own which, while entirely original, showed plainly that he desired to shine Campbell's shoes, and that he would charge 5 cents for the job. Solemnly the two motioned back and forth, until finally Campbell nodded his head, and the boy got busy.

Another bootblack, tiny and black as charcoal, had eyed the whole procedure from a point a few feet distant. Now he approached, looked on silently for a moment, and then spoke.

"He's deef an' dumb, ain't he?" he asked.

"Yep," said the other.

The first speaker looked Campbell over thoroughly, the inspection going from head to feet. Then he spoke again.

"Well," said he, "he certainly is a great, big, ugly lookin' devil, ain't he?"

### Starting Early.

Representative Fitzgerald of New York, chairman of the great appropriations committee of the House, and one of the most powerful men in the national government, can control many things. But he cannot control his young son's inordinate passion for having himself photographed. Itinerant photographers in Washington know this and make a tidy sum on Jester Fitzgerald, who looks so bright in a photograph that his father cannot resist digging into his pocket for a half a dollar for the photograph. One of the latest portraits gained in this way now is sitting on Representative Fitzgerald's desk in the same silver frame which originally held a fine picture of Mayor Gaynor of New York.

Charles D. Hilles, secretary to President Taft, is an expert in the industrial training of young boys.

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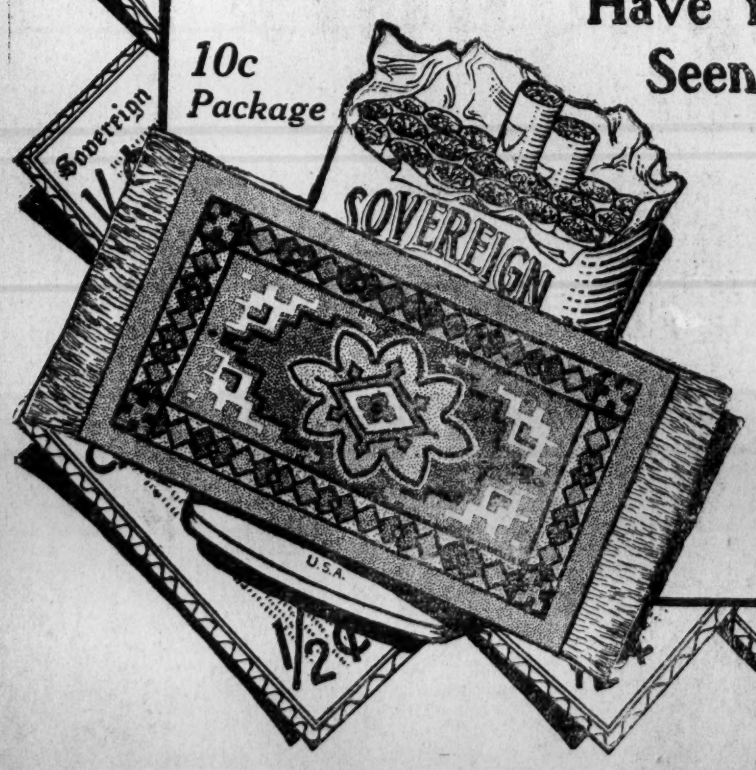


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